# Tallfellow Lexicon

updated 4-24-2019

<html>

</head>
<body>Enrique Gamez</body>
</html>

## **Table of Contents**

Dictionary: Tallfellow (Mambehoblind) to English

#### Grammar

**Basics** 

Verbs and Particles

The Locative Case

The Ablative and Allative Cases

The Genitive Case

Multi-Verb Sentences

Relative Clauses

Numerals

Odds and Ends

Metaphors

### **Dictionary: Tallfellow** (Mambehoblind) to **English**

#### এ WORDS:

いう Ø 与 M から - Noun/Adjective - /mwa:flrf/ - Animate -

Roman: mwáflif

Synonym(s): reindeer, caribou, elk

いろうかつか - Noun/Adjective - /mwi:wi』/ - Inanimate -

Roman: mwíwir

Synonym(s): lifetime, period of one's life, experience

ふつが/ - Verb - /mwi:』/ -

Roman: mwír

Synonym(s): live, be alive, experience, live through, face, run into, happen upon

以 フ 新 る フ か / - Noun/Adjective - /mwi:thwi』/ - Inanimate -

Roman: mwitwir

Synonym(s): fortification, reinforcement, fort (structure)

めつがるでク - Verb - /mwi:thoux/ -

Roman: mwitor

Synonym(s): strengthen, fatten (transitive), fortify, reinforce, thicken

めつログロ 「 - Adverb - /mwembega:/ -

Roman: mwembegú

Synonym(s): at least, or more, at minumum

ഴØ - Verb - /ma:/ -

Roman: *má* 

Synonym(s): say, tell

め Ø ら か ら - Noun/Adjective - /ma:mɪŋg/ - Animate -

Roman: máming

Synonym(s): sparrow

めの・Noun/Adjective - /ma:mb/ - Inanimate -

Roman: mámb

Synonym(s): lip, language

ふのかかで - Verb - /ma:mblou/ -

Roman: *mámblo* 

Synonym(s): smile, grin, smirk

এ@ ০ · - Verb - /ma:wʌ/ -

Roman: máwu

Synonym(s): eat, spend (time), use up (time)

いめつ・と - Noun/Adjective - /ma:wand/ - Animate -

Roman: máwund Synonym(s): livestock

いめつ・さつで - Noun/Adjective - /ma:wʌdwou/ - Inanimate -

Roman: máwudwo

Synonym(s): edible, comestible, bit of food

いめつ・さつでかで - Noun/Adjective - /ma:wndwougou/ -

Inanimate -

Roman: máwudwogo

Synonym(s): inedible, ridiculous, absurd, unreasonable, outrageous, egregious

এ $\mathcal{O}$ ও $\mathcal{O}$ ত $\mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ma:naphwi $\mathcal{A}$  - Inanimate -

Roman: mánapwir

Synonym(s): discussion, communication, dialogue, workshop (in the educational sense)

い**Ø**せ**O v** O **v** - Verb - /ma:nap<sup>h</sup>aɪ/ -

Roman: mánapar

Synonym(s): communicate, discuss, deliberate

Inanimate -

Roman: mánaparim

Refers to the overall concept of communication, not to a specific

communication between two or more parties. Synonym(s): communication, communicative

 $\mathcal{SO}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ma:1/ - Inanimate -

Roman: már

Refers only to the metal or to being made of the metal (as an

adjective).

Synonym(s): gold (mineral)

 $\mathcal{S}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ma: $\mathbf{f}$  - Inanimate -

Roman: márf

Synonym(s): grass, light green

いめ / こでい - Noun/Adjective - /ma:xdoum/ - Inanimate -

Roman: *márdom* 

Synonym(s): treasury, treasure trove, treasure hoard

Roman: mángo

Synonym(s): reeds, reedy, rice plant, rice

ഗമ്ന - Noun/Adjective - /ma: 1/ - Inanimate -

Roman: mál

Synonym(s): sight, picture, portrait, image

い**Ø**Mフカノ - Verb - /ma:lwiz/ -

Roman: *málwir* 

Synonym(s): depict, display, show, paint

 $(M \cap M \cap M)$  - Noun/Adjective - /ma:l\(\text{lnanimate}\) - Inanimate -

Roman: máluwir

Synonym(s): observation, view, sight, image

აØM· / - Verb - /mg:laɪ/ -

Roman: málur

Synonym(s): view, watch, observe

以のか・/ から - Noun/Adjective - /ma:lʌɹɪm/ - Inanimate -

Roman: málurim

Synonym(s): observation, surveillance

めのちんで - Noun/Adjective - /ma:fxou/ - Inanimate -

Roman: máfro

Synonym(s): field, plains, meadow, grassland

いめらかしせ - Noun/Adjective - /ma:flen/ - Inanimate -

Roman: máflen Synonym(s): law, rule

い*Ø*⊌って - Verb - /ma:swou/ -

Roman: máswo

Synonym(s): enjoy, celebrate, throw a party, savor

いØヒハロM - Verb - /ma:szeł/ -

Roman: másrel

Synonym(s): warn, reprimand

いめらMで - Verb - /ma:slou/ -

Roman: máslo

Synonym(s): inform, alert, tell, make aware of, warn, get the attention of

いめへ つ い か ー Noun/Adjective - /ma:hɛmɪ¬q/ - Animate -

Roman: *máheming* Synonym(s): wren, songbird

 $\mathcal{O}$  ්  $\mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ma:dwei/ - Inanimate -

Roman: mádwer

Tallfellow lacks a specific word for "to rebel" or "to revolt"; use

"wiri madwer".

Synonym(s): revolution, rebellion, revolt, revolutionary, rebellious

めのこか・/ - Noun/Adjective - /ma:dlʌɪ/ - Animate -

Roman: mádlur

Synonym(s): reasonable, rational, sensible

のØſうか - Verb - /ma:gwi/ -

Roman: mágwi

Synonym(s): insult, criticize, denounce, berate

い $\emptyset$  $\mathcal{O}$  う  $\mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ma:gwi.i/ -

Roman: mágwir

Synonym(s): insult, denunciation, criticism

এ $\mathcal{O}$ ট্ট  $\supset$   $\mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ma:thwiz/ - Inanimate -

Roman: mátwir

Synonym(s): declaration, announcement, statement

いのさんで - Verb - /ma:thjou/ -

Roman: mátro

Synonym(s): declare, announce, state

ഴമ് മെ M - Verb - /ma:tʰɛɫ/ -

Roman: mátel

Synonym(s): agree, admit, confess

いめる ロMM か - Noun/Adjective - /ma:thelix/ - Inanimate -

Roman: mátellir

Synonym(s): agreement, admission, confession, arrangement (between bargaining parties), settlement (in court)

 ${\it Shock} {\it OPP}$   ${\it Shock} {\it OPP}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ma $^{\rm m}$ b.100:ma/ - Animate -

Roman: mambróma

Synonym(s): contacted, reached, in communication with us, on the

以ののダフロMUMOC - Proper Noun - /mambe:welblend/ -

Roman: mambéwelblend Synonym(s): Mandelenian language

 ${\it SOMD} {\it OMD} {\it OMD$ 

Roman: mambéwumblund

Can informally be used to refer to the English language in a real life setting. However, the "official" word for the English language is Mambérenglis.

Synonym(s): Azalian language

 $\mathcal{AOPDPOM}$  - Noun/Adjective - /mambe::adsx.1/ -

Inanimate -

Roman: mambéralsur

Synonym(s): Low Elven language

 ${\it SOMD} / {\it CM} ) = - Proper Noun - /mambe:.jouhis/ -$ 

Roman: mambérolis

Synonym(s): Orisian language

いののダク)から・/ - Noun/Adjective - /mambe:.ɪifsʌɪ/ -

Inanimate -

Roman: mambérilsur

Synonym(s): Elven language

いののダクロよかかと - Proper Noun - /mambe:xenglis/ -

Roman: mambérenglis

Not used in the fantasy setting, but useful in real life.

Synonym(s): English language

SOMDPOSS - Proper Noun - /mambe:: 1-loug/-

Roman: mambérellog Synonym(s): Orcish language

SOMDPOMC - Proper Noun - /mambe:.12 dlou/ -

Roman: mambéreldlo Synonym(s): Sylvan language

めののかのののと - Proper Noun - /mambe:letand/ -

Roman: mambéleland Synonym(s): Qaelian language

 $^{\circ}\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O} \stackrel{<}{\supset} ^{\circ}\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O} \stackrel{>}{\supset} ^{\circ}\mathcal{O} \stackrel{>}{\supset} ^{\circ}\mathcal{O} - \text{Noun/Adjective - /ma}^{\text{mbe:flembim/ -}}$ 

Roman: mambéflembim

The "flembim" comes from flembim randlur, "beyond the hills" (or "over the hills", you might say); this came from Overhill-speaking halflings who explained to their distant cousins in the south with their limited vocabulary that they were from "far away, over the

Synonym(s): Overhill language

以ののグラカルのM - Proper Noun - /mambe:frmblat/ -

Roman: mambéfimblal Synonym(s): Fyvalian language

めのの Ø シ / O M J - Proper Noun - /mambe:saalng/-

Roman: mambésralng Synonym(s): Draconic language

以のググビMOビ》 - Proper Noun - /mambe:slesi/ -

Roman: mambéslesi Synonym(s): Celestial language

Roman: mambésindarnd

No longer refers to the Low Elven language, which I've detached from Tolkien's work.

Synonym(s): Sindarin language

Roman: mambéselembil

Synonym(s): Ancient Zelev language, Zelevzin language

 ${\it Show} \ \, \text{Ool} \ \, \mathcal{O} \cap {\it Chain} \cap {\it Chai$ 

Roman: mambéhormrund Synonym(s): Dwarven language

Roman: mambéhoblind Synonym(s): Tallfellow language

めのゆめしのへMでと - Proper Noun - /mambe:baxlound/ -

Roman: mambébarlond Synonym(s): Darkfoot language

Roman: mambédehas Synonym(s): Dhekhazh language

 $\cup_1 O \circ \emptyset \circ \cup O \circ \cup O - \text{Proper Noun - /ma} \text{ be:gwen.id/ -}$ 

Roman: mambégwenra

No longer refers to the Elven language, which I've detached from

Tolkien's work.

Synonym(s): Quenya language

いO  $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal$ 

Roman: mambégorlindil

Synonym(s): Korlian language

いO  $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal$ 

Roman: mambégobluld Synonym(s): Kobold language

以のグダうできのと - Proper Noun - /mambe:goudas/ -

Roman: mambégodas Synonym(s): Ghudaz language

Roman: mambétirglis

Not used in the fantasy setting, but useful in real life. Synonym(s): Turkish language

いのと ログノナクロ - Proper Noun - /mandela:ng.ra/-

Roman: mandelúngra

Synonym(s): Mandelenia (country), northern Mandelenian

めOU/Ø - Verb - /mabse:/-

Roman: mabré

Synonym(s): give birth to, produce, birth, spawn

めのノクダめ - Noun/Adjective - /mabse:m/ -

Roman: *mabrém* 

Synonym(s): original, default, basic, first, initial

いのU/ØMOU》 - Noun/Adjective - /mabse:leni/ -

Roman: mabréleni Synonym(s): generation

 $\mathcal{A}OU \cap \mathcal{D} \mathcal{O}O \cap - Adverb - /mable: p^hal/ -$ 

Roman: *mabrépar* 

Synonym(s): originally, at first, in the beginning, for the first time, initially

いのる Ø / - Verb - /mathe:.1/ -

Roman: matér

Synonym(s): promise, pledge, swear (an oath)

ふどらのか - Verb - /mov:mał/ -

Roman: *mómal* Synonym(s): appear, seem

SK SOMO/ - Adverb - /mov:małaz/ -

Roman: mómalar

Synonym(s): apparently, seemingly

いんらのかか)/ - Noun/Adjective - /mov:maliz/ -

Roman: mómallir

Synonym(s): appearance, image

以ばらでM - Noun/Adjective - /mov:movł/ - Inanimate -

Roman: mómol

Describes the period of time from approximately 12:40 - 2:00 pm. The name comes from "outside meal", and lunch is traditionally eaten outside under the midday sun.

Synonym(s): lunch, noon, midday, daytime

以ばらでから外しへでい - Noun/Adjective - /mov:movi

mi:bɹou<sup>m</sup>b/ -

Roman: mómol míbromb

Timekeepers would sometimes have a momol mibromb, midnight lunch, during the mibromb period.

Synonym(s): midnight lunch

ふんらかん - Noun/Adjective - /mov:min/ -

Roman: mómin

Synonym(s): product, content, features, options

以ばら口 - Noun/Adjective - /mov:me/ -

Roman: móme

Synonym(s): meal, period of time

以ばらりつから - Noun/Adjective - /mov:mewelm/ -

Roman: mómewelm

A meal typically eaten only by elders, magicians, watchhobbits, or others who get up at the crack of dawn, before the traditional hobind day begins. Very sparse and essentially composed of trail rations, with the intent to tide one over until a proper meal later

Synonym(s): dawn meal, pre-breakfast snack

 $\mathcal{S}$   $\mathcal{S}$   $\mathcal{S}$   $\mathcal{S}$   $\mathcal{S}$  - Noun/Adjective - /mov:mbwa/ -

Roman: mómbwa

Synonym(s): hour, time of day

以ばいか - Noun/Adjective - /mov:mbi/ -

Roman: mómbi

Synonym(s): milk

以外のかつ - Noun/Adjective - /mov:mbrwa/ -

Roman: mómbiwa

Synonym(s): alphabet, writing system, Tallfellow alphabet, Tallfellow writing system

ふんかかと - Noun/Adjective - /mov:mbrnd/ -

Roman: *mómbind* Synonym(s): cow, bull

いんうつらか~ - Noun/Adjective - /mov:wami』/ -

Roman: mówamir

Synonym(s): benefit, result, boon, perk

ふだうから - Noun/Adjective - /mou:wim/ -

Roman: *mówim* Synonym(s): love, affection

ふどうかと - Verb - /mou:win/ -

Roman: mówin

Synonym(s): love, hold, cuddle

 $(\mathcal{S},\mathcal{S})$  ී ා - Noun/Adjective - /mou:wi $^{n}$ di/ -

Roman: mówindi

Synonym(s): helpful, useful, effective, positive

みだうかとかかで - Noun/Adjective - /mou:wi<sup>n</sup>digou/ -

Roman: mówindigo

Synonym(s): unhelpful, not useful, ineffective, negative

ഴുമ് ⊃ 🖸 - Verb - /mou:wɛ/ -

Roman: *mówe* Synonym(s): stroke, pet

いなうログ - Noun/Adjective - /mou:wei/ -

Roman: mówer

Synonym(s): adorable, cuddly, cute

いんし - Verb - /mou:n/ -

Roman: món

Synonym(s): feel, be touched

 $\mathcal{S} \mathcal{L} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{S}$  - Noun/Adjective - /mov:nam/ -

Roman: mónam

Synonym(s): sensation, physical feeling

いんしい - Verb - /mou:noun/ -

Roman: mónon

Synonym(s): touch

ふんしか - Noun/Adjective - /mou:ni/ - Inanimate -

Roman: móni

Synonym(s): fertile, lush, rich, covered in foliage

ふんしから - Noun/Adjective - /mov:nim/ -

Roman: mónim

Synonym(s): sensation, tactile, touch (sense), touching, in contact,

adjacent

以ばせかめ/ロせか - Noun/Adjective - /mou:nm.zeni/ -

Roman: *mónimreni* 

Synonym(s): adjacency, physical contact

೨೩% € - Noun/Adjective - /mou:nd/ -

Roman: mónd

You can use bráwir to describe brushing your teeth: Pin de brawir mond "I'm brushing my teeth". Note that mond is in the singular

for this usage.

Synonym(s): tooth, teeth, jaw

いんと c m かい - Noun/Adjective - /mou:"dłɪm/ -

Roman: *móndlim* 

Synonym(s): religion, belief, ideology

いんと M・いて - Noun/Adjective - /mou:ndlambou/ -

Roman: móndlumbo

Synonym(s): sensitive (emotionally), sympathetic, caring

ふんっとerb - /mov:ndeł/ -

Roman: móndel

Not used to describe feeling physical sensations - for that, use món.

Synonym(s): think, believe, feel (emotions or social acceptance)

以がと ロMV》 - Verb - /mov:ndełni/ -

Roman: móndelni

Synonym(s): doubt, have a poor opinion of, look down on, disregard, sneer at

ふんっとか - Noun/Adjective - /mov:xndi/ -

Roman: mórndi

Synonym(s): fair, reasonable, just, balanced, egalitarian

いだ/ さかい - Noun/Adjective - /mou:xndim/ -

Roman: *mórndim* 

Synonym(s): medicine (field of study)

以ば / J M ロ ラ か / - Noun/Adjective - /mov:x<sup>n</sup>glewix/ -

Inanimate -

Roman: *mórnglewir* 

Synonym(s): product, supply, grant, award, stipend

以を/JMロ/ - Verb - /mou: x<sup>n</sup>glex/ -

Roman: mórngler

The person being provided something is the object of morngler, while the resource itself is marked with the genitive case. Synonym(s): provide, supply, grant, produce

以ばんか - Noun/Adjective - /mou:xi/ -

Roman: móri Synonym(s): diamond 以外 / J - Noun/Adjective - /mou:xg/ -

Roman: mórg Synonym(s): zombie

以ばんら Oピ - Verb - /mou:then/ -

Roman: mórten

Synonym(s): heal, cure, solve (an argument), make up (a quarrel)

ふんりロ - Verb - /mov:ŋgɛ/ -

Roman: mónge

As in English, this is an intransitive verb. To say that you are waiting "for" something, use the allative: Ar de monge renó "we are waiting for y'all". If you want to say you're waiting for something to happen, use imo: Ar de monge imo smalng wan tabi "we are waiting for the dragon to attack".

Synonym(s): wait, pass the time, stop (intransitive)

いんりつかいうO - Noun/Adjective - /mou: gełbwa/ -

Roman: *móngelbwa* 

Synonym(s): line (of people), queue, backlog, waiting list

ଓ ୬ $^{\prime\prime}$ ମ $^{\prime\prime}$ ଠିଏ - Noun/Adjective - /mov: $1^{m}$ ban/ -

Roman: mólmban

Use the genitive to say what it is like or resembles, i.e. "Emb umbur molmban frumblund" = "You are like a bird". Synonym(s): like, similar, resembling

いんかのしょか - Noun/Adjective - /mov:leni/ -

Roman: móleni

Synonym(s): consumption (of food), eating, time spent, time consumed, person-hours (not rigorously), productivity

いんとうログ - Noun/Adjective - /mou:swei/ - Inanimate -

Roman: móswer

Synonym(s): idea, thought, guess

いんとのら - Noun/Adjective - /mov:saf/ -

Roman: mósaf

To say you are excited or invigorated, you can say "Pin mondel mosaf".

Synonym(s): spicy, exciting, breathtaking, invigorating

ふんしょう - Noun/Adjective - /mov:snim/ -

Roman: mósnim

Unrelated to mósne, but as a folk etymology, some ehobind think it means that really thinking about something inevitably results in you wanting to do the right thing. (If only this were true!) Synonym(s): altruism, charity

ふんとして - Verb - /mov:snɛ/ -

Roman: mósne

Synonym(s): remember, think about

ふんしゅついつか - Verb - /mov:snemał/ -

Roman: mósnemal

Takes a noun in the genitive as an object. Synonym(s): imagine, conceive, pretend

めん - Noun/Adjective - /mou:hou/ - Inanimate -

Roman: *móho* 

Synonym(s): dessert, end, finale, goal, destination, target, fate, condition (for being able to do something), prerequisite

以外 (ノラ)) さ - Noun/Adjective - /mov:bwi<sup>n</sup>d/ -

Roman: móbwind

Describes a life-long relationship in physical proximity, usually

Synonym(s): husband, wife, spouse, life partner

いんさつで - Noun/Adjective - /mou:dwou/ -

Roman: módwo

Synonym(s): recipient, pawn, subordinate, servant, object (of a

ふんうか - Noun/Adjective - /mou:dił/ -

Roman: módil

Synonym(s): user, player, actor, character, agent, operative, subject (of a sentence)

めばりつ ロ / い - Noun/Adjective - /mov:gwe.im/ -

Roman: mógwerm Synonym(s): ghoul, ghast

Roman: mógab

Synonym(s): oppress, persecute, discriminate

いんしか - Noun/Adjective - /mou:phi/ -

Roman: mópi

Synonym(s): sleepy, tired, full (stomach), satisfied, satiated

Roman: mópileni

Synonym(s): weariness, exhaustion, satiation

ふんしか - Adverb - /mou:phihai/ -

Roman: mópihar

Synonym(s): sleepily, drowsily, while full, while satiated

ふんらい - Noun/Adjective - /mou:thou/ -

Roman: móto

Can be used with mon to indicate an unpleasant but not painful sensation, or with mondel to indicate feeling ill at ease in a social situation. Not generally used for nonphysical, nonsocial forms of discomfort (i.e. you wouldn't use moto to say that your own mortality is uncomfortable to contemplate, for instance; that would be sildo).

Synonym(s): unpleasant feeling, uncomfortable

ঙা - Conjunction - /mou/ -

Roman: mo

Exclusive OR (XOR). The answer to a mo question is "wur" not only if neither option is true, but also if BOTH answers are true, similar to formal logic. Sometimes used conversationally to mean "On the other hand..."

Synonym(s): or else

めでめつがるでク - Noun/Adjective - /moumwi:thou』/ -

Roman: momwitor Synonym(s): fortified, reinforced

以で以 $\emptyset$  ${\mathfrak J}$   ${\mathfrak J}$   ${\mathfrak J}$  . Noun/Adjective - /mouma:gwi/ -

Roman: momágwi

Synonym(s): insulted, criticized, denounced, berated

いていめを/で - Noun/Adjective - /mouma:thiou/ -

Roman: momátro

Synonym(s): declared, stated, announced

以で以*か*ださかし - Expression - /moum.iou:<sup>n</sup>dlɛ/ -

Roman: momróndle

Synonym(s): congratulations, well done, good job

以でふがるで - Verb - /moumi:thou/ -

Roman: momíto

Synonym(s): gather (intransitive), congregate, flock

ශලශා ් ෙ Noun/Adjective - /moumi: $t^h$ ou/ - Inanimate -

Roman: momíto

Synonym(s): gathered, accumulated, collected

以でめ Ø め O - Noun/Adjective - /moume:ma/ - Inanimate -

Roman: moméma

Synonym(s): recipe, plan, script, strategy, system, agenda, goal, strategic, scripted, premeditated

以で以 Ø / で ) O / Ø / で - Expression - /moume:100

- \uoi:sisw

Roman: moméro weréro

Lit. "after many meals".

Synonym(s): after a long time, some day, eventually, one day

以でのダかノログ - Noun/Adjective - /moume:łbeɪ/ -

Roman: momélber

Specifically, describes someone's strategy for interacting with other people (the Hobbitzin it is derived from literally meant "person-

Synonym(s): attitude, first impression

以で め ロ ら フ Ø ク 化 ) - Noun/Adjective - /moumemwa:.mi/ -

Roman: momemwárni Synonym(s): etymology, word origin めで必*の*さでい - Noun/Adjective - /mov<sup>m</sup>ba:<sup>n</sup>doum/ -

Roman: mombándom

Synonym(s): defeated, vanguished, conquered, failed

めでルクダ - Noun/Adjective - /mou<sup>m</sup>b.iou:/ -

Roman: mombró

Synonym(s): reached, discovered, charted, located, found, known

めでグクダ <sup>さ</sup> □ - Noun/Adjective - /mou<sup>m</sup>b.iou:<sup>n</sup>dɛ/ -

Roman: mombrónde

Synonym(s): recruited, hired, employed, recruit, hire, employee

以 $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$  - Noun/Adjective - /mov $^{\mathrm{m}}$ b1ou:gov/ -

Roman: mombrógo

Synonym(s): unreached, undiscovered, uncharted, unknown

以での外のO、- Noun/Adjective - /mov<sup>m</sup>br:łam/ -

Roman: mombilam

Synonym(s): captured, claimed, captive, plundered

以で必然的OJC - Noun/Adjective - /mov<sup>m</sup>br:ła<sup>ŋ</sup>gou/ -

Roman: mombilango

Synonym(s): unclaimed, unconquered, undefeated

以での新M化 - Verb - /moumbr:ln/ -

Roman: mombiln

To describe what something becomes or transforms into, use the allative; this is an intransitive verb.

Synonym(s): become, transform (intransitive), change (intransitive)

めで少がMJでク - Noun/Adjective - /mou<sup>m</sup>br:łbouɪ/ -

Roman: mombilbor

Synonym(s): stolen, robbed, burgled, captured (in war), occupied (in war)

めで Ø さ C - Noun/Adjective - /mov<sup>m</sup>be:ndov/ -

Roman: mombéndo

Synonym(s): finished, completed, done

以で必めかせうか/ - Noun/Adjective - /mou<sup>m</sup>be:łnwii/ -

Roman: mombélnwir

Refers to a specific instance of starvation, not to the concept in

general.

Synonym(s): starvation, starving, malnourishment

以での がんか - Noun/Adjective - /mou<sup>m</sup>be:łni/ -

Roman: mombélni

Synonym(s): starve (intransitive), weaken, get thinner, shrivel up, fail, fall flat, fall short, fail to meet expectations

いでし - Particle - /moun/ -

Roman: mon

This particle marks the passive voice. It always immediately precedes the verb, following even tense markers.

Synonym(s): (passive voice particle)

めでせつ Ø / せ ロ せ J - Noun/Adjective - /mounwa:.meng/ -

Roman: monwárneng

Synonym(s): full, filled, packed, complete

めでせっぱめO - Noun/Adjective - /mounwou:ma/ -

Roman: monwóma

Synonym(s): started, in progress, begun, founded, established, served (of food)

以でせつが/か - Noun/Adjective - /mounwi:.ii/ -

Roman: monwíri

Synonym(s): extant, existing, occurred, happened

以で 4 つ M M / ・ f - Noun/Adjective - /mounwi:łɪʌ¹g/ -

Roman: monwilrung

Synonym(s): owned, possessed, assigned, property (of someone)

以でせつガレクで - Noun/Adjective - /mounwi:bzou/ -

Roman: monwíbro

Synonym(s): affected, altered, changed, modified

めでせってせかっ Øグ・- Noun/Adjective - /mounwengwa: mbn/

Roman: monwengwámbu

Synonym(s): unearthed, uncovered, dug up, subterranean, underground

以で  $\mathbb{Q}$   $\mathbb{J}$   $\mathbb{J}$   $\mathbb{J}$   $\mathbb{J}$   $\mathbb{J}$  - Noun/Adjective - /mouna:  $^n$ g. $\mathbf{J}$   $\mathbf{J}$   $\mathbf{J}$  - Noun/Adjective - /mouna:  $^n$   $\mathbf{J}$   $\mathbf{J}$ 

Roman: monángrom

Synonym(s): stationed, assigned, garrisoned, placed, established, garrison, post (for a job)

以でせるから Ø グク かい - Noun/Adjective - /mounalfe: mb.nm/

- Inanimate -

Roman: monalfémbrim

Synonym(s): imported, localized

いでせつ0cダ - Noun/Adjective - /moun.xandou:/ -

Roman: monrandó

Synonym(s): returned, recovered, regained

いでせんだせか ? - Noun/Adjective - /moun.iou:ni./ -

Roman: monrónir

 $\operatorname{Synonym}(s)$ : established, set in place, set down, stable, placed, landed

以でせんならMでしんで - Noun/Adjective -

/mouniou:ndloubiou/ -

Roman: monróndlobro

Synonym(s): extracted, extricated, removed (from a container),

unearthed, uncovered, recovered

以でせてう Ø グ - Noun/Adjective - /mounouwa: mb/ -

Roman: monowámb

Synonym(s): awake, up for the day, active

以で必然 / グロ f ロ - Noun/Adjective - /mouni:x<sup>m</sup>be<sup>n</sup>ge/ -

Inanimate -

Roman: monírmbenge

Synonym(s): enhanced, improved, increased

めで必*新し*O - Noun/Adjective - /mouni:ba/ -

Roman: moníba

Synonym(s): converted (to a religion), faithful (to a religion),

worshipful, reverent, religious

 $\mathcal{S}$ ে এ  $\mathcal{O}$  ে  $\mathcal{O}$  ে  $\mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /moune: "begla/ -

Roman: monémbegla

Synonym(s): promoted (to a higher position), appointed, high-

ranking

めで 4 が f m ロ / - Noun/Adjective - /moune: gles/ -

Roman: monéngler

Synonym(s): attained, gained, earned, achieved

めで ( Ø とう ) - Noun/Adjective - /moune:swi/ -

Roman: monéswi

Synonym(s): revealed, exposed, uncovered, unlocked (gaming)

Roman: mondópa

Synonym(s): built, constructed, made, artificial

めでとば & O - Noun/Adjective - /mov<sup>n</sup>dov:p<sup>h</sup>a/ -

Roman: mondópa

Synonym(s): created, built, artificial

以でよるハロリー Noun/Adjective - /mou<sup>n</sup>gou:m.an/ -

Roman: mongómran

Synonym(s): invited, enticed, attracted, welcome

Roman: mongesórs

Synonym(s): researched, well-known, elementary

Roman: mofándar

Synonym(s): trained, experienced, taught, educated, expert

以で与*Ø*さ*O* / - Noun/Adjective - /moufa:nda1/ -

Roman: mofándar

Synonym(s): taught, instructed, recommended, suggested

以で与/新い・ $\mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /mouf : $m \Lambda^m b \epsilon / - M$ 

Roman: mofrímumbe

Synonym(s): erased, deleted, cleared, wiped out, eliminated

Roman: *moswáflen* Synonym(s): policy, ruling strategy Roman: *moswingombe* 

Synonym(s): influenced, convinced, swayed, persuaded

৬ ি ভ  $\wedge$  Ø  $\wedge$   $\bigcirc$   $\,$   $\,$   $\,$   $\,$  Noun/Adjective -  $\,$  /mousia:. $\,$ ien/ -

Roman: mosráren

Synonym(s): destroyed, smashed, broken, razed

以でせばしか・- Noun/Adjective - /mousou:bla/ -

Roman: mosóblu

Synonym(s): chosen, specific, particular

ふが / いし・ - Noun/Adjective - /mi:』mba/ -

Roman: mírmbu

Synonym(s): swamp, forested bog, mangrove forest

以外 / OM O と - Proper Noun - /mi:sales/ -

Roman: *mírales* 

Synonym(s): Midwinter (Azalian month), January

以外のグログラフロ - Numeral - /mi:lmbelswe/ -

Roman: *milmbelswe* Synonym(s): nine million

ഴുമ്പ് ∙ O - Numeral - /mɪ:ɫ¹gɹɑ/ -

Roman: *milngra* Synonym(s): ninety

ふがからへのようの - Numeral - /mɪːʔŋɹaŋgɹa/ -

Roman: *milngrangra* Synonym(s): nine hundred

ふがかりかせ - Numeral - /mː:łgɪn/ -

Roman: *mílgin* Synonym(s): nine

ዓ $\mathcal{M}$ ጠ $\mathcal{M}$   $\mathcal{M}$   $\mathcal{M}$   $\mathcal{M}$   $\mathcal{M}$  - Adverb - /mi: $\frac{1}{2}$ git  $\mathcal{M}$  -  $\frac{1}{2}$ git  $\mathcal{M}$ 

Roman: *mílgitar* Synonym(s): nine times

いがしつでの - Noun/Adjective - /mi:b.100<sup>m</sup>b/ -

D - - - - - - - - - - - - 1

Roman: *míbromb* 

Describes the period from approximately 11:20 pm - 12:40 am. Synonym(s): midnight

ශන් උ - Noun/Adjective - /mi:d/ -

Roman: míd

More sophisticated and fancy word for "eye' than gel.

Synonym(s): eye

ふがう/でせ - Noun/Adjective - /mi:g.100n/ -

Roman: mígron

Refers only to Azalian native species. For Qaelian species such as lions, leopards, panthers, etc., use mér. Synonym(s): mountain lion, cougar, puma

ふがくうか/ - Noun/Adjective - /mi:thwi』/ -

Roman: mítwir

Synonym(s): collection, gathering, group, assortment

いかくうかか - Noun/Adjective - /mi:thwil/ -

Roman: mítwil Synonym(s): collector

いからで - Verb - /mi:thou/ -

Roman: míto

Synonym(s): gather (transitive), collect, accumulate

いか/ - Noun/Adjective - /mix/ -

Roman: mir

Synonym(s): center, middle

以かんがい。Noun/Adjective - /mix::mi/ -

Roman: mirémi

Synonym(s): medium-sized, moderate, typical

以かかかり - Numeral - /mɪłɛ:ɹmi/ -

Roman: millérmi Synonym(s): nine thousand

め**Ø** い - Noun/Adjective - /mɛ:m/ -

Roman: mém

Synonym(s): conversation, discussion

ふ Ø / ^ - Noun/Adjective - /mɛ:ɹ/ -

Roman: mér

Refers to Qaelian species of big cat. For Azalian natives such as mountain lions, use mígron instead. Synonym(s): lion, tiger, panther, leopard

め Ø / う) - Noun/Adjective - /mɛ:ɹi/ -

Roman: méri

Synonym(s): friend, ally, brother, sister, cousin

以グク)M O y ) - Noun/Adjective - /me:.uleni/ -

Roman: mérileni

Synonym(s): friendship, health, well-being

めがかでせ - Noun/Adjective - /me:łɪoun/ - Inanimate -

Roman: *mélron* 

Synonym(s): grave, tomb, sepulcher, funereal, sepulchral, necrotic

 $\mathcal{S} \supset \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /me:fa/ -

Roman: méfa

Synonym(s): play, act, scenario, scene

 $\mathcal{S} \bigcirc \mathcal{O} \mathcal{U}$  - Noun/Adjective - /mɛ:han/ - Inanimate -

Roman: méhan Synonym(s): bay, cove

め Ø e/ C - Noun/Adjective - /ms:phou/ -

Roman: mépo

Synonym(s): close friend, best friend, non-romantic life partner

め Ø & / O - Noun/Adjective - /mɛ:thxe/ -

Roman: métre

Refers only to the undead creature.

Synonym(s): mummy

以口へ外へ - Noun/Adjective - /mɛɹi:ɹ/ - Animate -

Roman: merír

Synonym(s): glorious, resplendent

以口/ガクでと - Noun/Adjective - /mɛɹi:ɹous/ -

Roman: meríros

Synonym(s): heaven, afterlife

ふロハがよでと - Noun/Adjective - /mɛɹi:¬gous/ -

Roman: meríngos

Synonym(s): aesthetics, graphic design

外/とか - Noun/Adjective - /ma:ndi/ -

Roman: múndi Synonym(s): pants

ഴു്റ് ∪ - Noun/Adjective - /mʌ:¬gɛ/ -

Roman: múnge

Synonym(s): crunchy, hard (of food), difficult, unfavorable, unworkable

ふ/ f o m o y ) - Noun/Adjective - /ma: geleni/ -

Roman: múngeleni

Synonym(s): difficulty, hardness, crunchiness

ふ/ プロへ O / - Adverb - /mʌ:ŋgɛhɑɪ/ -

Roman: múngehar

Synonym(s): with difficulty, with loud crunching, have a hard time

 $\mathcal{S} \cdot \mathcal{S} \cdot \mathcal{M}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ma: $^{\eta}$ gał/ -

Roman: múngul

Synonym(s): piece, shard, bit, ingredient, component, part

S/M与・QこかM - Noun/Adjective - /ma:lfandil/ -

Roman: múlfundil

Synonym(s): television, crystal ball, scrying bowl, scrying device,

camera (gaming)

ふ/から・J - Verb - /ma:lfang/ -

Roman: múlfung

Synonym(s): scry, tune in (on a television), change the channel, adjust, calibrate

い/与フから - Verb - /mʌ:fwɪm/ -

Roman: múfwim

Synonym(s): tickle, poke, pester, poke, tease, bother, annoy

以 与 つ か - Noun/Adjective - /ma:fwim/ -

Roman: múfwim

Synonym(s): writing, literature, literary

いんちつかんさかM - Noun/Adjective - /ma:fwmdrl/ -

Roman: múfwindil

Synonym(s): prankster, miscreant, annoyance

め/与うか/- Noun/Adjective - /ma:fwi』/-

Roman: múfwir

Synonym(s): letter, symbol, glyph, written work, piece of writing,

いんらで - Verb - /ma:fou/ -

Roman: múfo Synonym(s): write

以上与できかM - Noun/Adjective - /ma:foudil/ -

Roman: múfodil Synonym(s): writer

以上与から - Noun/Adjective - /mʌ:fɪm/ -

Roman: múfim

Synonym(s): sentence, phrase

め/ピラカ - Noun/Adjective - /mʌ:swi/ -

Roman: múswi

To say that something matches or fits, you can use this adjective, using the genitive to describe what is fitted or matched: i.e. gurer umbur muswi baglin wur, "this doesn't fit in the house" (lit. this is not fitting of the house). Tallfellow does not have a verb that means "fit" or "match".

Synonym(s): fitting, working properly, operational, matching, suitable

め/ビ・M - Noun/Adjective - /ma:sał/ -

Roman: músul

Synonym(s): quill, pen, writing implement

 $\mathbb{A}/\mathbb{B}\cdot\mathbb{M}/\mathbb{D}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ma:salie<sup>m</sup>b/ -

Roman: músulremb

Synonym(s): printing press, printing, ink stamp, printed

いノノOの - Verb - /mʌ:bam/ -

Roman: múbam Synonym(s): wash, rinse Roman: múbandil

Synonym(s): washer

ふ/ / C - Noun/Adjective - /mʌ:boʊ/ -

Roman: múbo

Synonym(s): visible, understood, studied, analyzed, known, famous, notable, noteworthy, historic

ふ/ しか / - Noun/Adjective - /mʌ:biɹ/ -

Roman: múbir

Synonym(s): clean, pure, fresh (of water)

ふ/さの - Noun/Adjective - /mʌ:dɑ/ -

Roman: múda

Synonym(s): region, area, plot of land

いノケノで - Verb - /mʌ:gɹoʊ/ -

Roman: múgro

Synonym(s): lie down, lie on the ground

いんくう) - Noun/Adjective - /m $\Lambda$ :thi/ -

Roman: múti

Synonym(s): dull, broken, chipped

め・と Ø めか - Noun/Adjective - /mande:mi/ -

Roman: mundémi Synonym(s): underpants, panties

#### WORDS:

> Ø ゆうか / - Noun/Adjective - /wa: mbwi』/ - Animate -

Roman: wámbwir

Doesn't refer to a literal fall; in fact, derived from wámbu "rise", which has a negative connotation in Tallfellow.

Synonym(s): mistake, downfall, error

ンググク与Mログ - Proper Noun - /wa: "bafles/ -

Roman: wámbafler

Synonym(s): Sunclimb (Azalian month), June

ンググで \( - \text{Noun/Adjective - /wa:mboun/ -}

Roman: wámbon

Military term, generally only used in war. Synonym(s): captain, leader, commander

 $\supset OOOO \subset C$  - Proper Noun - /wa: "błahɛ"d/ -

Roman: wámblahend

Synonym(s): Elderwake (Azalian month), March

 $\supset \emptyset \circ \cdot \cdot \cdot \text{Verb} \cdot / \text{wg:}^{\text{mb}} \wedge / \cdot$ 

Roman: wámbu

Synonym(s): ascend, climb, stand up, err, miscalculate

> Ø う か e - Noun/Adjective - /wa:wind/ - Inanimate -

Roman: wáwind

Halflings traditionally believe that one thinks with the stomach, rather than the head.

Synonym(s): stomach, belly, mind, mentality, mental, thought

 $\supset \emptyset \supset \emptyset \supset \emptyset \subset \emptyset \supset \emptyset$  - Noun/Adjective - /wa:withxi/ -

Roman: wáwitri

Synonym(s): personality trait, characteristic, typical behavior, weather pattern

୨ $\emptyset$ ୨ · ଓ - Noun/Adjective - /wa:wam/ -

Roman: wáwum

Also refers to the period when second breakfast is traditionally eaten, from approximately 8:40 - 10:00 am.

Synonym(s): second breakfast

ンØemロfロ - Verb - /wa:ndlenge/ -

Roman: wándlenge

The disease-related meaning is the most literal one, but metaphorically it can refer to dividing up a social group with negative emotions, anger, discord, etc.

Synonym(s): quarantine, divide (socially), break up (a group)

ング/ 少でふか/ - Noun/Adjective - /wa:x<sup>m</sup>boomix/ -

Roman: wármbomir

Synonym(s): score, point tally, total points

>Ø/\U) - Noun/Adjective - /wa:.mi/ -

Roman: wárni

Synonym(s): word, speech, talking

 $\supset \emptyset / \psi \cup f$  - Verb - /wa: $ne^{\eta}q$ / -

Roman: wárneng

Synonym(s): fill, supply, pour into

 $\supset \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{U} \cup \mathcal{I} \supset \mathcal{I} \cap \mathcal{I}$ 

Roman: wárnengwir

Synonym(s): supply, resource, reservoir

 $\supset \emptyset / \Psi \cdot / - \text{Noun/Adjective - /wa:}$ InAI/ -

Roman: wárnur Synonym(s): verb

 $\mathcal{OOP}$  - Noun/Adjective - /wa: $x^{\eta}gou/$  -

Roman: wárngo

Synonym(s): turn, helping of food, serving

>Ø/□M - Noun/Adjective - /wa:xeł/ -

Roman: wárel Synonym(s): name, noun

>Ø/? € © \ - Noun/Adjective - /wa: \doun/ -

Roman: wárdon

Synonym(s): progress, achievement, accomplishment, deeds

 $\supset \emptyset \hookrightarrow \cdot \int O$  - Noun/Adjective - /wa:faga/ -

Roman: wáfuga

Synonym(s): ancestor, progenitor

 $\supset \emptyset \bowtie$  - Noun/Adjective - /wa:s/ - Animate -

Roman: wás Synonym(s): cloud

 $\supset \emptyset \bowtie O \lor$  - Noun/Adjective - /wa:san/ - Inanimate -

Roman: wásan

Synonym(s): spring, hot spring

 $\mathcal{I}$ ાં આ - Noun/Adjective - /wa:pʰʌm/ - Inanimate -

Roman: wápum Synonym(s): apple

Roman: wambán Synonym(s): sugar

⊃O4 - Particle - /wan/ -

Roman: wan

Synonym(s): will, going to

○ O へ U か M C U - Noun/Adjective - /wa.milou:m/ -

Roman: warnilóm

Synonym(s): articulate, verbalise, express in spoken words, say out

ング い O - Verb - /wov:ma/ -

Roman: wóma

Synonym(s): begin, start, found, establish, serve food

ング いか / - Noun/Adjective - /wov:mi.i/ -

Roman: wómir

Synonym(s): beginning, start, origin

フグリク - Noun/Adjective - /wou:ndewis/ -

Roman: wóndewir

Synonym(s): gratitude, thanks, reward, compensation, prize

フグ e - Noun/Adjective - /wou:nd/ -

Roman: wónd Synonym(s): egg

ンダ e □ - Noun/Adjective - /wov:nde/ -

Roman: wónde Synonym(s): heart, soul

ンダ e ロ ∩ O / - Adverb - /wou:ndeha./ -

Roman: wóndehar

To describe thanking someone or expressing gratitude, one uses another word like nár or má and adds wóndehar: Pin wan ma saló wondehar. "I will thank her." Eldro rum nar pin wondehar. "The elf thanked me."

Synonym(s): gratefully, thankfully

フグクタ - Noun/Adjective - /wou:.m/ -

Roman: wórm Synonym(s): guts, innards

フグへ ) - Noun/Adjective - /wou:hi/ -

Roman: wóhi

Synonym(s): safe, secure, protected

フダヘカナで - Noun/Adjective - /wou:higou/ -

Roman: wóhigo

Synonym(s): unsafe, not secure, unprotected

フダヘロノ - Noun/Adjective - /wou:hei/ -

Roman: wóher Synonym(s): free (libre)

つで 4/m - Noun/Adjective - /wounx:1/-

Roman: wonúl Synonym(s): nothing

>でと Ø/で - Expression - /wou<sup>n</sup>de:.rou/ -

Roman: wondéro

Synonym(s): you're welcome, no problem, of course, I understand,

I get what you mean

つでと Ø M 4 ) - Noun/Adjective - /wov<sup>n</sup>de:łni/ -

Roman: wondélni

A strong pejorative term; literally "thinheart". Synonym(s): asshole, bastard, jerk, cruel person

つつさログダ - Expression - /wou<sup>n</sup>de.jou:/-

Roman: wonderó

Typically means "sorry" in the sense of apologizing for something you did wrong, although it can also express sympathy. However, if you want to make it clear that you are not claiming to have been at fault, use sildóhar instead.

Synonym(s): thank you, sorry, you have my sympathy, I really mean it, seriously

⊃C/Ø - Adverb - /wous:/ -

Roman: woré Synonym(s): never

 $\supset C M Ø \cap O / - Noun/Adjective - /woule:hai/ -$ 

Roman: woléhar

Synonym(s): impossible, undoable, impossibility, incapable, unable

つでへが - Noun/Adjective - /wouhou:/ -

Roman: wohó Synonym(s): magic, spell

Roman: wohobólngem Synonym(s): spellbook

Roman: wobár Synonym(s): cleric

つでさ新 - Noun/Adjective - /woudi:/ -

Roman: wodí

Synonym(s): savannah, Qaelian grassland

> C ≥ Ø M - Noun/Adjective - /woode: ł/ -

Roman: wodél

Synonym(s): tasteless, bland, uneventful

つでさんが - Noun/Adjective - /wouthi:/-

Roman: wotrí Synonym(s): wizard

ングのつで - Noun/Adjective - /wi:mwou/ -

Roman: wímwo

Synonym(s): party, celebration, event, feast

ングルロ - Verb - /wi:mbe/ -

Roman: wimbe

Synonym(s): rub, fiddle with, fidget, twiddle, masturbate (slang)

つ M / い - Noun/Adjective - /wi:.rm/ -

Roman: wirm

Synonym(s): wild beast, monster

ン**が** / らう 》 / - Noun/Adjective - /wi:zmwiz/ -

Roman: wírmwir

Synonym(s): preparation, cooked dish, meal

つ M / い ) - Noun/Adjective - /wi:.ɪmi/ -

Roman: wírmi

Synonym(s): ready, active, prepared, cooked

ンガクンロめ - Verb - /wi:wem/ -

Roman: wirwem

Synonym(s): cook, prepare, get ready for the day, produce art, load

ンガ / つ 口 ら か ら - Noun/Adjective - /wi:.rwem.rm/ -

Roman: wirwemim

Synonym(s): cooking, daily routine, loading (a file)

 ${\it Index} \ \, {\it I$ 

Roman: wirndin

Synonym(s): bridge, walkway, overpass

⊃**X**()) - Verb - /wi:ri/ -

Roman: wíri

You can use wiri to describe a distribution of properties found in the subject of wiri, using the ablative and/or allative as follows: ehobind wiri bómbo furdó "people range from wise to foolish". For the "exist" sense, one usually needs the continuous particle de. Synonym(s): happen, make happen, occur, have (an experience), hold (an event), enact, bring about, effect, appear (somewhere), turn up (somewhere), show up, exist, equals (mathematics)

つ M / ) い - Noun/Adjective - /wi:ɹɪm/ -

Roman: wírim

Synonym(s): event, occasion, effect, occurrence, existance, presence, staging, happening, happenstance

ン**X**/からか - Noun/Adjective - /wi:ɹɪsi/ -

Roman: wírisi

Use the genitive to describe what it is that something is susceptible or prone to.

Synonym(s): prone to, in danger of, susceptible

つがへかとO/ - Adverb - /wi:xiphax/ -

Roman: wiripar

Synonym(s): in effect, essentially, basically, effectively

フガクラ - Verb - /wi:.ɪf/ -

Roman: wirf

Synonym(s): grow (transitive), raise, nurture, nourish

ンガクらロリ - Verb - /wi:.feb/ -

Roman: wirfeb

Synonym(s): spread, expand, distribute

ンメハらロリンか - Noun/Adjective - /wi:』febwi』/ -

Inanimate -

Roman: wírfebwir

Synonym(s): distribution, area of effect, affected area, affected

ンメノシで - Noun/Adjective - /wi:』sou/ - Inanimate -

Roman: wirso

To speak of "surprising someone", you can say wiri wirso salumb "make a surprise happen with them". For instance, Smalngum rum wiri wirso pinumb! "That dragon surprised me!"

Synonym(s): surprising, shocking, unexpected, surprise, shock

つ**X**/ <sup>2</sup> - Noun/Adjective - /wi:.ɪd/ -

Roman: wird

Synonym(s): carpet, cloth covering, tablecloth

 $\supset \mathcal{N} \cap \mathcal{C} \cdot \cap - \text{Verb} - /\text{wi:} \text{IdAI} / -$ 

Roman: wirdur

Synonym(s): fold, shape, bend, twist

 $\mathcal{I}$   $\mathcal{I}$ 

Roman: wirgind Synonym(s): badger

ンガ / ・ y さ か m - Noun/Adjective - /wi:ɹʌndɪł/ - Animate -

Roman: wirundil Synonym(s): settler, homemaker

つが / ・ と O & - Noun/Adjective - /wi:エʌndan/ - Inanimate -

Roman: wírundan

Synonym(s): channel, canal, waterway

ンダン・ナロ - Verb - /wi:дл¹ge/ -

Roman: wirunge

Synonym(s): settle, make a home, move in (to a house)

ンメノックラ - Noun/Adjective - /wi:xphouf/ - Inanimate -

Roman: wírpof Synonym(s): kitchen

ンガクなつかい - Noun/Adjective - /wi:』thwm/ -

Roman: wírtwim

Synonym(s): sadness, unhappiness, crying, tears, sad, unhappy

ンメノらで - Verb - /wi:.thou/ -

Roman: wírto Synonym(s): cry, weep

つがmyO - Verb - /wi:lma/ -

Roman: wílma

Synonym(s): boil, persevere, press on, push forward, hang in there

つがからの。Noun/Adjective - /wi:lmam/ -

Roman: wilmam

Synonym(s): boiling, steady state, equilibrium, balance, stable, in equilibrium, balanced

つがmus Oつか - Noun/Adjective - /wr:łmawi./ - Inanimate -

Roman: wílmawir

Synonym(s): burst of progress, accomplishment, boost, achievement

つがmus・fo - Verb - /wɪ:łmʌºgɛ/ -

Roman: wilmunge

Synonym(s): scatter, disperse, driven away, forced into retreat

フ新M / ・ せ さ か M - Noun/Adjective - /wi:łɪʌndɪł/ -

Roman: wîlrundil

Synonym(s): owner, possessor

つがm・fロ - Verb - /wi:lange/ -

Roman: wilunge

Synonym(s): own, possess, have

つからMC - Verb - /wi:flou/ -

Roman: wiflo

Synonym(s): perform, act (in a play)

つがらMC/U - Noun/Adjective - /wi:floum/ -

Roman: wiflorn

Synonym(s): monument, ancient structure

 $\supset \mathcal{N} \cup \supset \mathcal{O} \cup$  - Noun/Adjective - /wi:swan/ - Inanimate -

Roman: wiswan

Synonym(s): ford, shallow water, river crossing

つがへで - Verb - /wi:hou/ -

Roman: wího

Synonym(s): float, drift, coast, glide, soar

ンガノ/で - Verb - /wi:bzou/ -

Roman: wíbro

Synonym(s): change (transitive), alter, affect, modify, transform

ングレクでフか / - Noun/Adjective - /wi:b.100wi1/ - Inanimate -

Roman: wibrowir

Synonym(s): change, swap, modification, alteration, tweak

ンガノ/でせ0/9 - Noun/Adjective - /wi:b.100na.m/ -

Inanimate -

Roman: wibronarm

Synonym(s): change, modification, alteration, mod

ンガレクロ - Verb - /wi:bze/ -

Roman: wibre

Synonym(s): grace, garnish, be decorative, be aesthetically appealing, go nicely with, suit (as in a garment suiting someone), complement

つがくで与うかめ - Noun/Adjective - /wi:doufwm/ -

Roman: widofwim Synonym(s): trust, faith

つかくでちで - Verb - /wi:doufou/ -

Roman: wídofo

Synonym(s): trust, believe in, rely on, follow (not physically)

つがくで 与 で さ か M - Noun/Adjective - /wi:doufoudrl/ - Animate

Roman: wídofodil

Synonym(s): believer, follower (of a doctrine)

ン**が** こ か い つ か ハ - Noun/Adjective - /wi:dɪgwi』/ -

Roman: wídigwir

Synonym(s): attempt, effort, focus, goal, target

つがこかいで - Verb - /wi:digou/ -

Roman: wídigo

Synonym(s): aim at, direct at, focus on, target

 $\label{eq:continuity} \ensuremath{\mathsf{Noun}} / \ensuremath{\mathsf{Adjective}} - / \ensuremath{\mathsf{wi:}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{ga}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{m}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{bwi}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{i}} / - \ensuremath{\mathsf{Noun}} / \ensuremath{\mathsf{Adjective}} - / \ensuremath{\mathsf{wi:}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{ga}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{m}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{bwi}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{i}} / - \ensuremath{\mathsf{Noun}} / \ensuremath{\mathsf{Adjective}} - / \ensuremath{\mathsf{wi:}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{ga}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{m}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{bwi}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{i}} / - \ensuremath{\mathsf{adjective}} - / \ensuremath{\mathsf{wi:}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{ga}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{adjective}} - / \ensuremath{\mathsf{m}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{i}} / - \ensuremath{\mathsf{adjective}} - / \ensuremath{\mathsf{adj$ 

Roman: wígarmbwir

Synonym(s): threat, danger, encroachment, adversary

Roman: wígarmbe

Synonym(s): oppose, threaten, encroach

つがいた。Verb - /wi:gjou/ -

Roman: wígro

Synonym(s): put in, insert, deposit, season, garnish, stir in

ンガ いって と Ø らで ダ ク ロ い - Noun/Adjective - /wi:grou

sa:mou ou:mbeg/ -

Roman: wígro sámo ómbeg

Literally "put in too much salt".

Synonym(s): cause trouble, act unreasonable, be irritating, cause problems, wreak havoc, meddle, make a mess, behave badly

ンダンMC/CUの - Noun/Adjective - /wi:glouzounem/ -

Roman: wígloronem

Synonym(s): terracotta, earthenware

つがいMで/と - Verb - /wi:glous/ -

Roman: wíglors

Synonym(s): burn, scorch, ignite

ング¢ フゕノ - Noun/Adjective - /wi:thwi』/ -

Roman: witwir

Synonym(s): swell, swelling, overgrowth, foliage, yeast

つがらで / - Verb - /wi:thou/ -

Roman: witor

Synonym(s): swell, expand, ripen, grow (of fruit or vegetables), rise

ጋ  $\mathbb{N}$  / ሁለ  $\mathbb{M}$   $\mathbb{M}$   $\mathbb{M}$   $\mathbb{M}$  - Proper Noun - /wixmge: $^{\eta}$ gi/ -

Roman: wirmgéngi Synonym(s): Wirmgengi (region)

 $\supset \mathcal{N} \mathcal{J} \mathcal{D} \mathcal{J} \mathcal{N}$  - Noun/Adjective - /wɪºgɛ: 'gi/ -

Roman: wingéngi Synonym(s): prairie

Roman: wémof

Synonym(s): pepper, spice, detail, nitty-gritty, background (features), ambient (sounds)

フグ い・い - Noun/Adjective - /we:mam/ -

Roman: wémum

Synonym(s): food

ン Ø さ で - Noun/Adjective - /we:"dou/ -

Roman: wéndo

To say you are stressed out, you can use "Pin mondel wendo".

Synonym(s): stress, stressful, allergy, allergenic

Roman: wéndogo

To say what one has the advantage or privilege over, use the allative; to say what one is not allergic to or not affected by, use

Synonym(s): advantage, advantageous, privilege, privileged, not

allergic to, not affected by

⊃ Ø Ĉ ໓ - Verb - /wε:<sup>n</sup>di/ -

Roman: wéndi

Synonym(s): brew, mix

フグ <sup>Ĉ</sup> ロ - Noun/Adjective - /we:<sup>n</sup>de/ -

Roman: wénde

Can be used to describe an argument that is able to defuse or deescalate an unpleasant social situation, or defend someone from

hostile speech.

Synonym(s): potion, medicine, defense (in an argument), de-

escalation

ング/ みからうか - Numeral - /we:.ɪmɪtʰwɪł/ -

Roman: wérmitwil Synonym(s): one thousand

 $\supset \emptyset \cap O \cap -$  Noun/Adjective - /we:.1ał/ -

Roman: wéral

Synonym(s): copse, thicket, foliage

 $\supset \mathcal{D} \cap \mathcal{G}$  - Noun/Adjective - /we:1<sup>n</sup>g/ -

Roman: wérng Synonym(s): chaotic

ング / f つ e O M - Noun/Adjective - /we:x<sup>n</sup>ge<sup>n</sup>dał/ -

Roman: wérngendal Synonym(s): mountain range

⊃ Ø / O - Noun/Adjective - /wɛ:ɹɛ/ - Inanimate -

Roman: wére Synonym(s): many, a lot of

⊃ Ø / ² - Noun/Adjective - /we:.ɪd/ -

Roman: wérd

Especially used to refer to Fyvalian clans.

Synonym(s): clan, tribe

 $\supset \emptyset$   $\circlearrowleft \supset \emptyset$  - Noun/Adjective - /we: $^n$ gwi $_{\text{I}}$  -

Roman: wéngwir

Synonym(s): dig site, mine, excavation

Roman: wénge

Synonym(s): dig, burrow, tunnel

 $\supset \mathcal{D} \cap \mathcal{D} \cup \mathcal{A}$  - Noun/Adjective - /we:"gem/ -

Roman: wéngem

Synonym(s): mining, digging, burrowing

⊃ Ø M - Noun/Adjective - /wɛ:ł/ -

Roman: wél Synonym(s): day

⊃ Ø લાહ્યું - Noun/Adjective - /wε:lm/ -

Roman: wélm

Describes approximately the period from 4:40 - 6:00 am, but can also be a more general word for "morning".

Synonym(s): morning, dawn

Inanimate -

Roman: wélmombre

Synonym(s): birthday

> ØMC 4 - Noun/Adjective - /we:loun/ -

Roman: wélon Synonym(s): testicles

 $\supset \cancel{Ø} \cap \cancel{U} \cup \cancel{U}$  - Noun/Adjective - /we:lben/ -

Roman: wélben

This is one of only a few times in the hobind day not associated with a meal. Traditionally this was the time that an ordinary hobind would get ready for bed, approximately 6:00 pm - 7:20 pm.

Synonym(s): west, sunset, evening, twilight

 $\label{eq:convergence} \begin{picture}(100,0) \put(0,0){\line(0,0){100}} \put(0,0){\line(0,0){100}$ 

Roman: wélbend

Synonym(s): Mandelenian person

フグかしてるでせ - Proper Noun - /we:łbethoun/ -

Roman: wélbeton

Synonym(s): Mandelenia (continent)

ングビンから - Noun/Adjective - /we:swim/ -

Roman: wéswim

Synonym(s): audition, auditions

ングビル - Verb - /wɛ:si/ -

Roman: wési

Synonym(s): hear

⊃Ø⊌· c - Noun/Adjective - /we:sand/ -

Roman: wésund

Bedtime, approximately 7:20 - 8:40 pm. Traditionally, a hobind would go to bed around this time, taking some sweets or berries for a bedtime snack.

Synonym(s): bedtime, bedtime snack

フグノか e - Noun/Adjective - /we:bm/ -

Roman: wébin

Synonym(s): chest

 $\supset \emptyset \subset O \cap -\text{Noun/Adjective} - \text{we:del/} -$ 

Roman: wédel

Synonym(s): togetherness, solidarity, brotherhood, sisterhood, humanity, unity, union (of workers)

>Ø ≥ OMO & - Noun/Adjective - /we:delan/ - Inanimate -

Roman: wédelan

Synonym(s): confluence, joining of two rivers

⊃ □ - Noun/Adjective - /wε/ -

Roman: we

Synonym(s): front

DQØM - Noun/Adjective - /wene: ł/ -

Roman: wenél Synonym(s): monkey, ape ⊃ D \ \ Ø - Numeral - \ weig: \ -

Roman: werá

Synonym(s): two, second

⊃ □ / Ø - Adverb - /we.ra:/ -

Roman: werá

Synonym(s): both

⊃ D / f · f - Adverb - /wει¹ga¹g/ -

Roman: werngung

Takes a noun or verbal phrase, as with ingung, to indicate what

the event is after.

Synonym(s): after, afterwards

Roman: wengwámbu

Synonym(s): dig out, dig up, excavate, uncover, unearth

フロビMがら - Verb - /weslov:m/ -

Roman: weslóm

Synonym(s): hide (intransitive), vanish, conceal one's self.

disappear

Roman: wúmbo

Synonym(s): big, large, tall, great

ン/のでせ - Noun/Adjective - /wʌ:™boun/ -

Roman: wúmbon

Synonym(s): important, significant, impressive, major

ン/ 少で f で - Noun/Adjective - /wa:mboungou/ -

Roman: wúmbongo

Synonym(s): unimportant, insignificant, unimpressive, minor

ン/のでへの/ - Adverb - /wa: mbouhai/ -

Roman: wúmbohar

Synonym(s): greatly, a lot, well, very

୦/୯୩୦୯୬ - Noun/Adjective - /wʌ:™blɛni/ -

Roman: wúmbleni

Synonym(s): greatness

ン/ グロめで Ų - Noun/Adjective - /wʌ:™bɛmoun/ -

Roman: wúmbemon

Synonym(s): magnificent, splendid, glorious

ン/ ゆ・ さ - Noun/Adjective - /wʌ:mbʌnd/ -

Roman: wúmbund

Literally "big folk", this is also used by halflings to refer to anyone who is not from their culture, human or otherwise - sometimes in a derisive sense.

Synonym(s): human

>/∪OM - Noun/Adjective - /wa:bał/ - Inanimate -

Roman: wúbal

Synonym(s): hiding place, secret location, rendezvous point, hidden, obscured, unseen

ン/ U M· - Verb - /wʌ:blʌ/ -

Roman: wúblu Synonym(s): swim

ン/ U M・ ら - Noun/Adjective - /wʌ:blʌm/ -

Roman: wúblum

Synonym(s): swimming (activity), aquatic, amphibious, marine

→ - Expression - /wʌɹ/ -

Roman: wur Synonym(s): no

○·/ - Adverb - /wʌɹ/ -

Roman: wur Synonym(s): not

○·/mø - Adverb - /walle:/ -

Roman: wurlé
Synonym(s): cannot

### Ø WORDS:

Øめかから - Noun/Adjective - /a:mi.m/ -

Roman: *ámirm* Synonym(s): spy, infiltrator

 $\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /a: $^{m}b\epsilon^{n}d$ / -

Roman: ámbend

Synonym(s): bone, interruption, intrusive, annoying

 $\emptyset \supset \mathcal{O}$  - Adverb -  $/a:w\epsilon/$  -

Roman: *áwe*Synonym(s): together

 $\mathcal{O}$  $\Psi$  - Noun/Adjective - / $\alpha$ :n/ - Inanimate -

Roman: án

Synonym(s): large city, metropolis, capital

 $\emptyset \mathcal{L} \subseteq \mathcal{C}O$  - Noun/Adjective - /a:ns.a/ - Inanimate -

Roman: ánsra

Synonym(s): lodge, treehouse, elven home

Ø e M カ - Verb - /a:<sup>n</sup>dli/ -

Roman: ándli

Used only for the verb "to snow", not for the snow itself. Use ándem for the noun. Unlike déli, but similar to héndo, does not take an object and takes gur or wás/éwas as the subject. Synonym(s): snow

Ø දී වා ℓ - Verb - /a:ndɪn/ -

Roman: ándin Synonym(s): forge

 $\mathcal{O}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$  Noun/Adjective - /a: $^{n}$ dem/ -

Roman: *ándem* Synonym(s): snow

 $\emptyset$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$  - Noun/Adjective - /a: $^{n}$ dɛɪi/ -

Roman: ánderi

Synonym(s): grand, grandiose, aristocratic, classy

 $\mathcal{O} \cap$  - Pronoun - /a:1/-

Roman: *ár* Synonym(s): we

 $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective -  $\mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective -  $\mathcal{O}$ 

Roman: ángas

Synonym(s): civic, metropolitan, urban

Øf/でめ - Verb - /a:ng.roum/ -

Roman: ángrom

Use either the genitive or the locative to say where the subject is assigned to or stationed at. The genitive is considered more formal.

Synonym(s): be stationed, be assigned, be garrisoned, be placed, be established

Øfで - Verb - /a:ŋgou/ -

Roman: ángo

Takes the genitive case for the one being protected or saved. Synonym(s): protect from, ward off, save from

Øf ೀ - Verb - /a:ngoum/ -

Roman: ángom

Synonym(s): arrest, accost, kick out, banish

 $\emptyset \mathcal{G} \cdot \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective -  $/\alpha$ : $^{\eta}g_{\Lambda I}/$  -

Roman: ángur Synonym(s): wall, obstacle

 $\emptyset$ M  $\hookrightarrow$   $\mathbb{N}$   $\wedge$  - Noun/Adjective - /a:lfix/ -

Roman: álfir

Synonym(s): reason, answer, explanation, cause

ØM⊌り□⊌ - Noun/Adjective - /a:lswes/ -

Roman: álswes Synonym(s): music

Roman: *álswesind* Synonym(s): musician

OMe O - Conjunction - /a: $1p^{h}ax$  -

Roman: álpar Synonym(s): because

 $\emptyset$  S MC  $\Leftrightarrow$  7 Noun/Adjective - /a:flouswis/ -

Roman: áfloswis

Describes a Fyvalian art form that has some similarities to rock music, especially in the counter-culture sense and the driving rhythms. Actual Fyvalian "rock" (called firesong by the Fyvalians) of course does not involve electric guitars, etc., but is similar enough that it can describe the real-world musical genre as well. Synonym(s): rock n' roll, Fyvalian rock music, firesong

Ø⊌ŲOM - Verb - /a:snał/ -

Roman: ásnal

Synonym(s): interfere, disrupt, meddle, disable, deactivate,

sabotage

 $\mathscr{O}$   $\mathrel{\subseteq}$   $\mathrel{\cap}$   $\mathrel{\cap}$   $\mathrel{\cap}$   $\mathrel{\circ}$   $\mathrel{\circ}$   $\mathrel{\circ}$  Noun/Adjective -  $\mathrel{/}$ a:sl $\epsilon$ ndi/ -

Roman: áslendi

Synonym(s): bank, counting house

Ø∩CU - Verb - /a:houn/ -

Roman: áhon

Synonym(s): shout, scream, yell

Roman: ábi

Synonym(s): bend, swivel, curve, sweep, swing

 $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$  )  $\stackrel{>}{\sim}$  - Noun/Adjective - /a:bidwou/ -

Roman: ábidwo

Synonym(s): corner, bent object, bend, turn

Øſ/Cc - Verb - /a:groud/ -

Roman: ágrod

Synonym(s): prosper, flourish

 $\emptyset \mathcal{I} / \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /a:gie/ -

Roman: *ágre* Synonym(s): professor

#### WORDS:

 $O \cap \emptyset \cap$  - Expression - /a.e.../ -

Roman: arér Synonym(s): as for us

OMUSSMOU - Verb - /alma:flen/ -

Roman: almáflen

Synonym(s): enforce, carry out a law, put into practice, pass (a

law), litigate

OMみだって - Verb - /almou:hou/ -

Roman: almóho

Synonym(s): finalize, confirm, set in place, put finishing touches on

OMG/J·M - Verb - /alma: gal/ -

Roman: almúngul

Synonym(s): dismantle, take apart, take to pieces, disassemble

OMM/ノカク - Verb - /ałmʌ:biɹ/ -

Roman: almúbir

Synonym(s): purify, filter, sift, weed out

OMS OØ - Verb - /alfwa:/-

Roman: alfwá

Synonym(s): copy, reproduce, imitate

OM 与う Ø ク かい - Noun/Adjective - /alfwe:.xim/ -

Roman: alfwérim

Synonym(s): multiplication (mathematics), reproduction,

repopulation

OM 5 7 Ø / O - Noun/Adjective - /alfwe:18/-

Roman: alfwére

Synonym(s): multiply, increase in number, reproduce, repopulate

OM 5 ) Ø / O 2 ) M - Noun/Adjective - /alfwe:xedil/ -

Roman: alfwéredil Synonym(s): multiplier, factor

OMらこ/ので - Verb - /alfwa:mbou/ -

Roman: alfwúmbo

Synonym(s): expand (transitive), enlarge, make bigger

OMS >/UOM - Verb - /alfwn:bal/ -

Roman: alfwúbal

Synonym(s): hide (transitive), conceal, disguise, obscure

OM与ØJ》 - Verb - /alfa: ai/ -

Roman: alfángi

Synonym(s): send away, displace, dismiss, send out, expel

OM = OO - Verb - /alfa:hi/ -

Roman: alfáhi

Synonym(s): increase in price, inflate prices, go up (prices),

OM = OO Soun/Adjective - /alfa:him/ -

Roman: alfáhim

Synonym(s): inflation (monetary), overpricing

OM 与 / Ø / )) - Verb - /alfxa:xi/ -

Roman: alfrári

Synonym(s): anger, incite, provoke, taunt, enrage

OMらんでMロ - Verb - /alfiou:le/ -

Roman: alfróle

Synonym(s): enable, make available, make obtainable, put up for auction, put on the market

OM与でつめの - Verb - /alfouwa:mb/ -

Roman: alfowámb

Synonym(s): wake (transitive), rouse (transitive), awaken

(transitive), cause to wake up

OM与M/Mかりついつと - Verb - /alfla:tibwemend/ -

Roman: alflúlibwemend Synonym(s): maximize, fill to capacity

OMらめいか - Verb - /alfe:mi/ -

Roman: alfémi

Synonym(s): reduce in size, shrink, shorten

 $OM = \emptyset O \cap M - Verb - /alfe:$  "b.im/-

Roman: alfémbrim

Synonym(s): import, bring in (a product), localize

OM S Ø PU - Verb - /alfe:.rb/ -

Roman: alférb

Synonym(s): extend across, cover the surface of, coat, be smeared

across, cover (a surface by a substance)

OM 与 Ø ハレフ カハ - Noun/Adjective - /alfɛ:』bwi』/ -

Inanimate -

Roman: alférbwir

Synonym(s): extent, coating, smear, covering (for a surface),

tablecloth

OM 5 ØM4 > D/ - Noun/Adjective - /alfe:lnwi./ -

Roman: alfélnwir

Synonym(s): decrease, penalty, affliction, disability, handicap

OM 5 ØM (1) - Verb - /alfe:lni/ -

Roman: alfélni

Synonym(s): weaken, debilitate, decrease, penalize, cause to

shrivel, starve (transitive)

OMらめmと/でるでと - Verb - /alfe:ld.touthoun/ -

Roman: alféldroton

Synonym(s): shift into the Fey Realm, get lost in the Fey Realm, vanish completely, never be seen again

OM 5 O O OM C - Verb - /alfembe:lou/ -

Roman: alfembélo

Synonym(s): randomize, randomly generate, determine randomly, roll dice

OMS//2 - Verb - /alfn:xd/ -

Roman: alfúrd

Synonym(s): trick, deceive, fool, outwit, exploit

OMS/J-Verb-/alfa: g/-

Roman: alfúng

Synonym(s): get further away from, move away from, get a look at from a distance, put in context, get the lay of the land, orient oneself, zoom out, decrease size of an image

OMU / ダンカ - Verb - /ałb.jou:wi/ -

Roman: albrówi

Synonym(s): repair, fix, refurbish, remake

OMUダらMロムノカ - Verb - /ałbou:flembi/ -

Roman: albóflembi

Synonym(s): smooth out, file down, erode, take the average, average over

avolage over

 $\label{eq:continuity} O \text{MUKSMOW} \cdot \text{Moun/Adjective - /albou:flembal/ -}$ 

Roman: albóflembul

Synonym(s): average

OMJMOO - Verb - /algla: b/ -

Roman: alglámb

Synonym(s): get closer to, approach, move toward, get a closer look at, peer more closely at, examine, magnify, zoom in on

 $O = \emptyset \cap O$  - Proper Noun - /asa:a/ -

Roman: asálla

Synonym(s): the goddess Azalla

 $O = \emptyset \cap \cap O$  c - Noun/Adjective - /asa: $e^n d$ / -

Roman: asállend Synonym(s): cleric of Azalla

 $O \cup \emptyset \cap \cap \cap O$  - Proper Noun - /asa:li.ia/ -

Roman: asálira Synonym(s): Azalia (country)

\_\_\_\_

OUOMMORO CU - Proper Noun - /asała:thoun/ -

Roman: asalláton Synonym(s): Azalia (continent) O = O m M O m & o - Verb - /asałalou:m/-

Roman: asallalóm

Synonym(s): worship Azalla, be a member of Azalla's church, pray to Azalla

O U O M M O M M & Noun/Adjective - /asałalou:mm/ -

Roman: asallalómim

Synonym(s): Azalla's church, worship of Azalla, Azalian religion

 $OUN^c$  - Noun/Adjective - /abi: $^nd/$  -

Roman: abínd

To specify elbow versus knee, you can use abind und "leg joint" and abind bilnd "arm joint".

Synonym(s): elbow, knee, joint

OUDMmC  $\leq$  - Noun/Adjective - /abe:lous/ -

Roman: abéllos

Synonym(s): magic portal, gate spell

#### પ WORDS:

 $\Psi \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \Psi$  - Noun/Adjective - /na: "ban/ -

Roman: námban

Use the genitive case to indicate what something is the same as, i.e. namban lem "the same as you", namban wodli "the same as a wizard".

Synonym(s): equal, alike, same

 $\Psi \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{C} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O}$  - Adverb - /na: mbathax/ -

Roman: námbatar

Follows a clause that describes an action that is claimed to occur in the same way as the action in the main clause, i.e. Emb mowin pin nambatar, pin mowin emb. "I love you the same way you love me." Often the clause is begun by ri (especially if it is long), but this is not required. Can also be used with nouns, which then follow nambatar in the genitive case just as they would for namban: e.g. the Tallfellow proverb: Tabidil mawu nambatar robli. "A soldier eats as much as a chef."

 $\operatorname{Synonym}(s)$ : just as, the same way as, as much as, the same amount as

 $\mathcal{LOO}$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /na: \*\*boon/ -

Roman: námbon

Synonym(s): heavy, bulky, awkward, clumsy

UØ⊃ C - Noun/Adjective - /na:wou/ - Inanimate -

Roman: náwo

Most commonly used in Sylvan-influenced regions near Eldric as an alternative to résen.

Synonym(s): sea, ocean

(40) Noun/Adjective - /na:wii/ -

Roman: náwir

Synonym(s): action, deed, accomplishment

UØ⊃□/) - Noun/Adjective - /na:wɛɹi/ -

Roman: náweri

Synonym(s): restricted, limited

 $\mathcal{Q}$  - Verb - /ng:1/-

Roman: nár

Synonym(s): do, work, chat with, meet, behave, act (manner)

ଏ $\mathcal{O}$ ୍ରା $\mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /na: $\mathbf{m}$  $\mathbf{m}$  $\mathbf{m}$  - Animate -

Roman: nármriba

Synonym(s): specialised, specialist, expert, authority (on a subject)

(Ø/) → Verb - /na:.wi/ -

Roman: nárwi

Synonym(s): collaborate with, cooperate with, work together with

 $\mathbb{Q}(\mathcal{O})$   $\mathbb{S}$  - Noun/Adjective - /na: $\mathbb{Z}$ Im/ -

Roman: nárim

 $Synonym(s): work, \ labor, \ discussion, \ meeting, \ job, \ occupation, \ profession$ 

**4***Ø*かりつで - Verb - /na:łpʰwou/ -

Roman: nálowo

Synonym(s): accept, allow, concede

**U**MUつで - Noun/Adjective - /na:łphwouz/ -

Roman: nálpwor

Synonym(s): allowed, legal, acceptable

UDMUJCJC / - Noun/Adjective - /na:łphwougou/ -

Roman: nálpwogor

Synonym(s): forbidden, illegal, unacceptable

 $\mathcal{L}$   $\mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O}$  - Verb - /ng:bal/ -

Roman: nábur

Synonym(s): open, push aside, enter, turn on, start

Ψ / · - Conjunction - /nja/ -

Roman: nru

Synonym(s): of which, for which, with which

収ේのから - Noun/Adjective - /nou:mis/ -

Roman: *nómis* Synonym(s): gnome

 $\mathcal{Q}$   $\mathcal{I}$   $\mathcal{I}$  - Noun/Adjective - /nou:wax $^n$ d/ -

Roman: nówurnd

Synonym(s): pigeon meat, dove meat

収めさい - Noun/Adjective - /nov:ndov/ -

Roman: *nóndo* Synonym(s): mouse, rodent

 $VK ^{c} O / - Noun/Adjective - /nou:^dei/ -$ 

Roman: *nónder* Synonym(s): clitoris

 $\mathbb{Q}(\mathcal{N})$  - Noun/Adjective - /nou: $\mathfrak{x}^m$ bi/ -

Roman: *nórmbi* Synonym(s): shield

 $\mathbb{Q}^{6}/\mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /nou:1 $\alpha$ / -

Roman: nóra

More sophisticated and uppity language than léto. Synonym(s): powerful, mighty

 $\mathbb{Q}(A, O) = \mathbb{Q}(A, O)$  - Noun/Adjective - /nov:1asm/ -

Roman: *nórasin* 

Synonym(s): power, strength, might

収ේ/ c - Noun/Adjective - /nou:x<sup>n</sup>d/ - Inanimate -

Roman: nórnd

Synonym(s): armor, coat, protective gear, armored, protected (against attack)

**似だ**/ さん・の - Noun/Adjective - /nou:』<sup>n</sup>d』和 / -

Roman: nórndrum

Synonym(s): tampon, feminine pad

(型がつ) - Noun/Adjective - /nou:.ii/ -

Roman: nóri Synonym(s): blue

(グク)) とうから か - Noun/Adjective - /nou:.iswifi/ -

Roman: nóriswifi Synonym(s): light blue

 $\mathbb{Q}^m / \mathbb{C} \supset \cdot \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /nou: $\mathbb{Z}^m b / - \mathbb{C}$ 

Roman: nórdwumb Synonym(s): purple

収が プクで & - Noun/Adjective - /nov: g.100n/ -

Roman: nóngron Synonym(s): dire rat, giant rat

収ේかかと - Noun/Adjective - /nov:¬gɪs/ -

Roman: nóngis

Generally describes a wild, feral rat that is likely quite aggressive. For rats in general, lab rats or pet rats, tírof is often more appropriate. Synonym(s): rat

UM J O さ OM - Noun/Adjective - /nov:ngendal/ -

Roman: nóngendal

Synonym(s): goat

UMMフカノ - Noun/Adjective - /nou:lwi1/-

Roman: nólwir

Synonym(s): gift, present, contribution, donation, tax, tax income

UMC - Verb - /nov:lou/ -

Roman: nólo

The person being given a gift is the object of nolo, while the gift itself is marked with the genitive case. Synonym(s): give to, offer, add to

 $\mathscr{L}$   $\mathscr{O}$   $\mathscr{O}$   $\mathscr{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /nou:bwax $^{\eta}$ gou/ -

Roman: nóbwarngo

Synonym(s): lobster, crawfish, crustacean

収める/) - Noun/Adjective - /nou:dxi/ -

Roman: nódri Synonym(s): Korlian wine 収がさか》 - Noun/Adjective - /nou:dli/ -

Roman: nódli

"Comfort food" or "just like mom used to make" are good English analogies for the sort of taste this describes.

Also refers to periods of time or experiences that are comforting or relaxing by analogy with the sort of pleasant taste this describes in food. In this use, it differs from dlúmbe in that it implies familiarity, perhaps as a chief reason for the comfort; it should not

be used to describe out-of-the-ordinary comfort, such as a lavish vacation, etc.

Synonym(s): good-tasting in a relaxing/familiar way, comforting, relaxing, familiar, nostalgic, comfort food

収集 さかかへの - Adverb - /nou:dłihai/ -

Roman: nódlihar

Synonym(s): comfortably, enjoyably, relaxingly, pleasantly (in a familiar way), deliciously (in a familiar way), nostalgically

収めるMOU》 - Noun/Adjective - /nov:dleni/ -

Roman: nódleni

Synonym(s): comfort (physical), convenience, homey atmosphere, luxury, amenity

**U**が **U** O - Verb - /nov:pha/ -

Roman: nópa Synonym(s): like, enjoy

 $\mathbb{Q}^{k}$   $\mathbb{Q}^{n}$   $\mathbb{Q}^{n}$  - Noun/Adjective - /nou:phm/ -

Roman: nópim

Synonym(s): happiness, joy, pleasure

Ψ° )/Ψ - Noun/Adjective - /nouwλ:n/ - Animate -

Roman: nowún

Synonym(s): ox, beast of burden

せでmakemでつか/- Noun/Adjective - /noułmou:slewi』/-

Inanimate -

Roman: nolmóslewir Synonym(s): inspiration, suggestion

せてMのグンMログ - Verb - /novłmov:sleɪ/ -

Roman: nolmósler

Synonym(s): inspire, suggest, give the idea

UNGO - Noun/Adjective - /ni:ma/ -

Roman: níma Synonym(s): naked, nude

リガクで - Noun/Adjective - /ni:100/ - Inanimate -

Roman: níro Synonym(s): lava, magma

**必**が *O* - Verb - /ni:ba/ -

Roman: níba

Synonym(s): preach, proselytize, convert

以外りつつでと - Noun/Adjective - /ni:phewous/ -

Roman: nípewos

Not in general hobind use.

Synonym(s): stock (of a company), share (in a company)

(外なう)) い - Noun/Adjective - /ni:thwim/ -

Roman: *nítwim* Synonym(s): sexuality

リガるで - Verb - /ni:thou/ -

Roman: níto

Synonym(s): have sex, be intimate

 $(4) \cap \emptyset \cap$  - Noun/Adjective - /ni.a:li/ -

Roman: *niráli* Synonym(s): sin, sinfulness

**ピ**カノØ与 - Verb - /nixa:f/ -

Roman: *niráf* Synonym(s): sin

収 》 / ダ つ 》 - Noun/Adjective - /ni.rou:wi/ - Inanimate -

Roman: nirówi

Synonym(s): eruption, erupting (volcano), smoldering, smoking

リングかか - Proper Noun - /nixou:li/ - Animate -

Roman: niróli

Synonym(s): hell, Inferno (plane)

Un/ØmcO⊌-Noun/Adjective-/nixe:ldas/-

Roman: *niréldas*Synonym(s): university, college

 $\Psi$   $\mathcal{D}$   $\mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /nɛ:ɹmɛ/ -

Roman: nérme

Synonym(s): clothes, item of clothing

ΨØ/) - Verb - /nε:.xi/ -

Roman: néri

Synonym(s): cover, block, obscure, hide (transitive)

ΨΟΓΛØ - Numeral - /nε<sup>η</sup>g.ια:/ -

Roman: nengrá

Synonym(s): ten

 $\Psi \cap \mathcal{I} \cap \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \cap - Adverb - /ne^ngaa:haa/ -$ 

Roman: nengráhar

Above ten, adverbial numerals like this are just written out as the numeral plus a -har ending, though they may be pronounced differently. For instance, grálimbhar "eleven times" is pronounced more like grálipar, but it isn't spelled that way.

Synonym(s): ten times

Q/O/O = Noun/Adjective - /na: \*\*b.raf/ -

Roman: *númbraf* Synonym(s): sheep

U//C - Conjunction - /na:100/ -

Roman: núro

Synonym(s): from which, away from which

4/M - Noun/Adjective - /n∧:1/ -

Roman: núl

Synonym(s): object, thing, item

 $\text{VIMUD}^{c}$  - Noun/Adjective - /na: $\text{lbe}^{n}d$ / -

Roman: núlbend

Especially used to refer to a dinner table, but can refer to any surface suitable for eating on. Not usually used to describe work surfaces; for that, see rónarm.

Synonym(s): table

Roman: núsogrib

Synonym(s): challenge, dare, taunt, test

リンピープラ - Verb - /nʌ:sougi/ -

Roman: núsogi

Synonym(s): challenge, test, dare, incite

U / ⊌ · - Noun/Adjective - /n∧:s∧/ -

Roman: núsu

Typically used to describe attempts to protect natural features from being destroyed or blemished. Often associated with the Fey Realm

Synonym(s): refuge, preserve, shelter, park

Ψ/ヒ・ヘでクダめ - Noun/Adjective - /nʌ:sʌ hoʊɹoʊ:m/ -

Roman: núsu horóm

Synonym(s): nature preserve, national park, wilderness preserve

√ · - Conjunction - /nʌ/ -

Roman: nu

Synonym(s): who, whom, which, that

 $\mathcal{Q} \cdot \mathcal{D} \mathcal{D}$  - Noun/Adjective - /nawe: \*\*b/ -

Roman: *nuwémb* Synonym(s): steel

**せ・**/ ダ - Conjunction - /najou:/ -

Roman: nuró

Synonym(s): to which, toward which

Ψ· f - Conjunction - /nΛηg/ -

Roman: nung

Synonym(s): when, where, at which, in which



 $\nearrow \emptyset$  - Expression - /1 $\alpha$ :/ -

Roman: rá

Expression used to get someone's attention. Not explicitly a word. Synonym(s): hey, yo, whoa

 $\mathcal{N}$  - Noun/Adjective - /1a:m/ -

Roman: rám

Synonym(s): hilltop, uphill, mound

/ Ø s · f O - Verb - /ɹa:mʌʰqɛ/ -

Roman: rámunge Synonym(s): consume, devour

/ Ø の ) - Verb - /ɹa:mbi/ -

Roman: *rámbi* Synonym(s): bite

/Ø⊃0 ≥ - Verb - /1a:was/ -

Roman: ráwas

May be either transitive or intransitive. Synonym(s): move, shift, quiver, shake, shiver

/Ø⊃ ∪ \(\mathcal{Q}\) - Noun/Adjective - /1a:wεn/ -

Roman: *ráwen* Synonym(s): boar, pig

 $\mathcal{N}$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /1 $\alpha$ :"dɪn/ -

Roman: rándin

 $Synonym(s)\hbox{: symbol, insignia, coat of arms}\\$ 

 $/\mathcal{O}^{c} \cdot / - \text{Noun/Adjective} - / \text{Id}^{n} \text{dAI} / -$ 

Roman: *rándur* Synonym(s): hills, hilly region

 $\nearrow \emptyset \nearrow )$  - Noun/Adjective - /1a:1i/ -

Roman: rári

Synonym(s): angry, furious, mean, unfriendly

/ Ø f / O - Numeral - /ɹɑ:¹ɡɹɑ/ -

Roman: rángra Synonym(s): twenty

 $\nearrow \mathcal{O} \mathcal{F} \nearrow \mathcal{O} \mathcal{F} \nearrow \mathcal{O}$  - Numeral -  $/ \mathfrak{1} \mathfrak{a} : {}^{\eta} \mathfrak{g} \mathfrak{1} \mathfrak{a} / \mathfrak{a}$ 

Roman: rángrangra Synonym(s): two hundred

/ Øf C - Noun/Adjective - /ɹɑ:ŋgou/ -

Roman: rángo

Synonym(s): goose, waterfowl

 $\label{eq:localization} \begin{picture}(100,0) \put(0,0){\line(0,0){100}} \put(0,0){\line(0,0){100$ 

Roman: rángleromb

Also describes the period from approximately 12:40 - 2:00 am. Synonym(s): after-midnight tea

/ Ø f m o m u - Noun/Adjective - /ɹɑ:¬glɛłm/ -

Roman: ránglelm

Synonym(s): tea

/ Øfm ロ M ら O - Noun/Adjective - /ɹa:¬glɛłmwa/ -

Roman: ránglelmwa

Also describes the period of time when afternoon tea is typically taken, approximately 2:00 - 3:20 pm. Synonym(s): afternoon tea, afternoon

/ Ø f m c m ら / り v - Noun/Adjective - /ɪɑ:¹glɛłm.ɪrmb/ -

Roman: ránglelmrimb

Also refers to the time period when morning tea is taken, approximately 10:00 -11:20 am.

Synonym(s): midmorning, morning tea

/Ø∫ □ - Verb - /1a; ngε/ -

Roman: ránge

Synonym(s): swallow, put up with, deal with, get done, tolerate

 $\wedge \mathcal{O} \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\wp}}$  - Noun/Adjective - /1a:s/ -

Roman: *rás*Synonym(s): pearl

 $\mathcal{N} \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{C} \cup - \text{Noun/Adjective - /1a:snous/ -}$ 

Roman: rásnos

Especially used to describe a heightened state of being and thinking granted by Soltus.

Synonym(s): enlightenment, salvation

 $\nearrow \emptyset = \nearrow \emptyset$  - Noun/Adjective - /1a:s1a/ -

Roman: rásra

Synonym(s): storm, thunderstorm, tempest

/ Ø ⊌ C - Noun/Adjective - /ɹɑ:sou/ -

Roman: ráso

Synonym(s): rude, impolite

 $\nearrow \mathcal{O}$   $\hookrightarrow$   $\bigcirc \nearrow$  - Noun/Adjective -  $\bigcirc$ 1 $\alpha$ :si./ -

Roman: rásir

Synonym(s): pretty, attractive, appealing

 $\mathcal{N} \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /1a:sılɛni/ -

Roman: rásileni

Synonym(s): beauty, attractiveness, appeal, good looks

/ØJMO⊃O - Noun/Adjective - /ɹa:blewa/ -

Roman: ráblewa

Synonym(s): northeast, northeastern

/ Ø J かり v - Noun/Adjective - /ɹɑ:bɪ¬gm/ -

Roman: rábingin Synonym(s): horsefly

 $\wedge \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /1a:bɛ/ -

Roman: rábe Synonym(s): north

Roman: rábelswe Synonym(s): two million

 $\mathcal{NOU} \cup \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /1a:beg/ -

Roman: rábeg Synonym(s): seagull

 $\mathcal{N} = \mathcal{O} \mathcal{Q} - \text{Noun/Adjective} - \text{/}\text{Ja:dan/} - \mathcal{O} \mathcal{Q} = \mathcal{O} \mathcal{Q} - \mathcal{O} \mathcal{Q$ 

Roman: rádan Synonym(s): forest, woods

∕Ø∫℃ - Verb - /ɹɑ:gouɹ/ -

Roman: rágor

Synonym(s): guard, protect, defend, save

Roman: rágorim

Synonym(s): protection, defense, defending, protecting, protectorate, protective, defensive

 $\mathcal{NO}$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$ 

Roman: rágordil

Synonym(s): guard, protector, defender

 $\mathcal{NOS}$  - Noun/Adjective - /1a:gous/ -

Roman: rágos Synonym(s): court, trial

クのØ - Verb - /ɹama:/ -

Roman: ramá

Synonym(s): reply, respond, answer

/ OのØラ》/ - Noun/Adjective - /ɹama:wiɹ/ -

Roman: ramáwir

Synonym(s): reply, response, answer

クロダM・- Verb - /ɹambi:ln/-

Roman: rambílu

Synonym(s): restore, bring back, reset, return (to a previous configuration)

/OOO/ - Adverb - /1awa:1/ -

Roman: rawár Synonym(s): finally, at last ハロフダ - Noun/Adjective - /ユロwou:/ - Inanimate -

Roman: rawó Synonym(s): last, final

/ O フ Ø / い) - Numeral - /ɹawɛ:ɹmi/ -

Roman: rawérmi Synonym(s): two thousand

へのとうばめの - Verb - /ɹandwou:ma/ -

Roman: randwóma

Synonym(s): revisit, resume, restart

クのとうなめのめ - Noun/Adjective - /za<sup>n</sup>dwov:mam/ -

Roman: randwómam

Synonym(s): reformation, restarting, reimagining, reformed,

へのとうならしへの - Expression - /ɹandwou:ndeha./ -

Roman: randwóndehar

One typically uses the locative, not the ablative, to describe what someone is welcomed to: Randwondehar Babandelglibumb! "Welcome back to Babandelglib!" (lit. welcome back at

Babandelglib)

Synonym(s): welcome back, good to see you again

 $\nearrow O$   $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$   $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ 

Roman: randwéngler

Synonym(s): recover, regain, get back, salvage

Roman: randrónir

Synonym(s): put back, return (an item), bring back, reestablish, reform, revive, resurrect

へのさば - Verb - /ɪgndou:/ -

Roman: randó Synonym(s): return

へのとばのかかし - Verb - /zandov:mbiln/ -

Roman: randómbiln

Used especially when discussing transmutation spells and magic. Synonym(s): revert, change back, reform

へのとばそかか - Noun/Adjective - /ユandou:dɪł/ -

Roman: randódil

A shorter variant of holumrandódil.

Synonym(s): adventurer

/OU) Ø M U D L - Noun/Adjective - / Jabwe: iben/ -

Roman: rabwélben

Synonym(s): northwest, northwestern

Tallfellow (Mambehoblind)

// O る Ø さつか / - Noun/Adjective - /ɹatha:dwi』/ - Inanimate -

Roman: ratádwir

Describes a specific instance of vengeance, not vengeance in general.

 $\bar{S}ynonym(s)$ : revenge, vengeance, retribution, retributive strike, act of vengeance, act of revenge

 $\nearrow O \triangleleft \emptyset \triangleleft \cdot - \text{Verb} - / \text{Jat}^h \text{a:d} \wedge / -$ 

Roman: ratádu

Synonym(s): fight back, strike back, take revenge on, retaliate

 $\begin{picture}(20,0)(0,0) \put(0,0){\line(0,0){100}} \put(0,0){\line(0,$ 

Roman: ratrérndlis Synonym(s): lighthouse

へのるが - Verb - /ɹathi:/ -

Roman: ratí

Synonym(s): lead, guide, direct, take (someone somewhere)

ハロマガノ - Noun/Adjective - /ɹɑthi:ɹ/ - Inanimate -

Roman: ratír

Synonym(s): classic, prototypical, groundbreaking, trailblazing

へのるがこかM - Noun/Adjective - /xathi:drl/ - Animate -

Roman: ratídil

Synonym(s): guide, navigator, wayfinder

/ たら - Noun/Adjective - /100:m/ -

Roman: róm

Synonym(s): good, fine, well, good-looking

/がめか - Noun/Adjective - /10u:mi/ -

Roman: rómi

A less extreme term than omagapi, which does not have as strong of a negative connotation.

 $Synonym(s): \ empty, \ bare, \ unadorned, \ humble, \ sparse, \ minimal$ 

 $PPO(1000) \sim PO(100) \sim PO$ 

Roman: rómbra

Synonym(s): beautiful, gorgeous

/グッツ - Noun/Adjective - /ɪou: biɪ/ -

Roman: rómbir Synonym(s): orgasm

/ばのか/ - Verb - /ɪou:mbiɪ/ -

Roman: rómbir Synonym(s): orgasm

/ \$ 0 □ - Verb - /10υ: mbε/ -

Roman: *rómbe* Synonym(s): suck

グダ 4 O 4 - Noun/Adjective - /100:nan/ - Inanimate -

Roman: rónan

Synonym(s): mud, muddy, mush, ooze (not the creature), muck

/ グ 4 O / ら - Noun/Adjective - /100:na.m/ -

Roman: rónarm

Used for surfaces where food is not intended to be eaten (for eating surfaces, see núlbend). Usually raised off the floor like a table, but not always; a workspace on the floor could also be rónarm.

Synonym(s): desk, work table, workshop

バダセでのひと - Noun/Adjective - /100:noomban/ - Inanimate -

Roman: rónomban

Synonym(s): crude oil, petroleum, gasoline, petrol

/ グ ( ) - Noun/Adjective - /100:ni/ -

Roman: róni

Synonym(s): ground, soil, dirt, earth

/ダ (4 )) う 》/ - Noun/Adjective - /ɹou:nɪwiɹ/ -

Roman: róniwir

Synonym(s): status, state, position, pose, arrangement

/グリア - Verb - /ɹou:niɹ/ -

Roman: rónir

Can be used idiomatically in a similar way to "rise" in English; you would say that a civilization "landed" rather than "rose", for instance.

Synonym(s): put down, set down, place, add, bring in, introduce, establish, land, arrive, enter, plus (mathematics)

アダセ ) で ク 新 と M ) - Noun/Adjective - /zou:ni ouzi:sli/ -

Roman: róni orísli

Synonym(s): volcanic soil, Orisian soil, fertilizer

/ グ 4 か M ロ と - Noun/Adjective - /100:niles/ -

Roman: róniles Synonym(s): island

アダリカのロピラO - Noun/Adjective - /100:nileswa/ -

Inanimate -

Roman: rónileswa

Synonym(s): island chain, archipelago

/ダセロめ - Noun/Adjective - /10u:nem/ -

Roman: rónem

Synonym(s): pottery, ceramics

/ が e M c - Verb - /100: ndlou/ -

Roman: *róndlo* Synonym(s): pull, tug

/ グ と M C ノ / C - Verb - /10u:ndloub10u/ -

Roman: róndlobro

Synonym(s): pull up, pull out, take out, remove (from a container), extract, extricate

Roman: róndle

Synonym(s): tasty, delicious, fun, enjoyable

へばらMロへの/ - Adverb - /zou:ndlehaz/ -

Roman: róndlehar

Synonym(s): enjoyably, deliciously, pleasantly, as one desires, the way one wants to

/グ/こ/でせ - Noun/Adjective - /100:1d100n/ -

Roman: rórdron

Synonym(s): donkey, ass, mule, burro

/ピリル - Noun/Adjective - /100:"gm/ -

Roman: *róngin* Synonym(s): floor

/グM - Noun/Adjective - /ɹou:ł/ -

Roman: ról

Often used in place names, i.e. Rolbrel "Flower Point". Synonym(s): landmark, natural feature, point (in a wilderness area), stop (as place name)

/グM □ - Noun/Adjective - /10u:le/ -

Roman: róle

To say for whom the thing is available or obtainable, use the genitive.

Synonym(s): available, for sale, obtainable

/ M つ M つ Q 》 - Noun/Adjective - /ɪou:lɛlɛni/ -

Roman: róleleni

Going back to the actual Hobbitzin this shouldn't be the form (because the R in róle comes from the same classifier as the I in leni), but róleleni was coined by analogy with other -leni nouns after the original source of role was long forgotten.

Synonym(s): availability, accessibility

/ Moun/Adjective - /zou:legou/ -

Roman: rólego

Synonym(s): unavailable, not for sale, unobtainable

/ パラM・ヘカル - Noun/Adjective - /10u:flahin/ -

Roman: rófluhin

Synonym(s): bomb, explosive device

Roman: rófluturpun

Synonym(s): apocalypse, armageddon, end of the world

ハダらか - Noun/Adjective - /ɹou:fi/ -

Roman: rófi

Synonym(s): happy, glad, smiling, healthy

/グ⊌ - Noun/Adjective - /Jou:s/ -

Roman: rós

Synonym(s): girl, young woman, maiden, daughter, niece, young (of women and girls)

 $\nearrow$ ଜ୍ୟ  $\bigcirc$  ୍ଦ - Noun/Adjective - /ɹou:smɛnd/ -

Roman: rósmend

Synonym(s): motion, movement

/ グとうか/ - Noun/Adjective - /100:swi1/ -

Roman: róswir

Synonym(s): behavior, operation, activity, mechanics, routine, modus operandi

/グシハロつでい- Noun/Adjective - /100:s1awou<sup>m</sup>b/ -

Roman: rósrawomb

Not in general hobind use.

Synonym(s): nuclear fusion, fusion fire, secretfire, thermonuclear

/ グとり ( - Noun/Adjective - /100:sm/ - Inanimate -

Roman: rósin

Synonym(s): wheel, wheeled vehicle, cart

 $/\% \leq \mathbb{N} \vee \mathbb{C} - \text{Noun/Adjective - /iou:sinwa/ - Inanimate -}$ 

Roman: rósinwa

Not in general hobind use. Synonym(s): bicycle, motorbike

/グリン )) / - Noun/Adjective - /100:bwi1/ -

Roman: róbwir

Synonym(s): question, request, concern

 $PS \cup OO$  - Noun/Adjective - /100:bamb/ -

Roman: róbamb

Synonym(s): beach, seaside, coast, riverside, shore, riverbank

ハダ ノ / C - Verb - /100:b100/ -

Roman: róbro

Synonym(s): ask, inquire, wonder, ponder, consider

/グリから - Verb - /100:blis/ -

Roman: *róblis* Synonym(s): want, wish

/グリ - Noun/Adjective - /100:bi/ -

Roman: *róbi* 

Synonym(s): chef, artist, visionary

へんらいの - Verb - /100:dlou/ -

Roman: ródlo

Synonym(s): follow, track, trail, sneak up on

/ ぱさから - Noun/Adjective - /ɹou:dɪs/ -

Roman: ródis

Not in use by ehobind speakers. Synonym(s): file (computer)

/  $\bigcirc O$  - Noun/Adjective - /100:pha/-

Roman: rópa

Synonym(s): black, dark, low (in pitch)

/ Lou:b<sub>p</sub>ar/ -

Roman: rópar

Synonym(s): well, nicely, happily, beautifully

 $\proper \proper \pro$ 

Roman: *rópagromb* Synonym(s): Underdark

/C  $^{\circ}$ C  $^{\circ}$ M  $^{\circ}$ O - Noun/Adjective - /100 $^{\circ}$ da: $^{\dagger}$ a/ -

Roman: rondála

Synonym(s): god, goddess, deity

/でピグいか - Noun/Adjective - /100se:mi/ -

Roman: *rosémi* Synonym(s): granddaughter

へがい - Noun/Adjective - /ɹi:mb/ -

Roman: *rímb*Synonym(s): pie, cake

ハガゆうでと - Noun/Adjective - /ɹi:mbwound/ -

Roman: rímbwond Synonym(s): omelette

へがひひ。Noun/Adjective - /ɪi:"bam/ -

Roman: rímbam

Synonym(s): ranged, projectile

へがからかO - Noun/Adjective - /エ:lsla/ -

Roman: rílsla

Synonym(s): zoo, menagerie, animal shelter

Roman: ri

Synonym(s): while, as, although, despite

 $\begin{picture}(150,0) \put(0,0){\line(1,0){100}} \put(0,0){\line(1,0){10$ 

Roman: rimbwér Synonym(s): menu, list

/ かのう Ø / 口 M 口 M - Noun/Adjective - / II mbwe: IEleł/ -

Roman: rimbwérelel

Synonym(s): calendar

 $\begin{picture}(60,0) \put(0,0){\line(1,0){100}} \put(0,0){\line(1,0){100$ 

Roman: rimbúm

Synonym(s): straight, direct, precise, well-aimed, on target

Roman: ripá

The object is the weapon being fired, not the target. For instance "Pin ripa grefaher morgó", "I shoot (my) crossbow at the zombie." Synonym(s): fire, shoot, launch, propel

 $\begin{picture}(10,0) \put(0,0){\line(1,0){100}} \put(0,0){\line(1,0){100$ 

Roman: ripádwo

Synonym(s): catapult, ballista, siege weapon, projectile weapon, gun, rifle

クØめでℓ - Verb - /ュɛ:moun/ -

Roman: *rémon*Synonym(s): catch, outrun

/ Ø い) - Noun/Adjective - /ユɛ:mi/ -

Roman: *rémi* Synonym(s): nipple

/ Ø ら つ と う 》 / - Noun/Adjective - /ze:mendwiz/ -

Roman: rémendwir

Synonym(s): meeting (esp. by chance), encounter, sighting

/ Ø ら 口 さ ) - Verb - /ュɛ:mɛʰdi/ -

Roman: rémendi

Synonym(s): meet, see one another

/ Ø い つ と か い で - Noun/Adjective - /ɹɛ:mɛndɪgou/ -

Roman: rémendigo

Synonym(s): strange (person), stranger, foreigner, unmet, unknown

ſØ o - Noun/Adjective - /ıε:<sup>m</sup>b/ -

Roman: rémb

Synonym(s): flat, thin, narrow, short, soft (of sounds), bland (of food), not intense, not nutritious, not dense, sparse

/ Øう》 - Noun/Adjective - /ユɛ:wi/ - Animate -

Roman: réwi

Synonym(s): grim, malevolent, fell, satanic, wicked

/ Ø つ つ / ) & - Noun/Adjective - /ユɛ:wɛɹɪn/ -

Roman: *réwerin*Synonym(s): negative energy

∕ØΨ - Pronoun - /ɹɛ:n/ -

Roman: *rén*Synonym(s): you (plural)

/ Ø M - Verb - /1ε:1/ -

Roman: rél

Synonym(s): close, shut, stop (transitive), prevent, turn off, cancel

 $\nearrow \emptyset \cap \bigcirc O$  - Noun/Adjective - /18:4wa/ -

Roman: rélwa Synonym(s): previous

/ ØMO ≥ C ∫ M O U ) - Noun/Adjective - /1ε:ładougleni/ -

Roman: réladogleni

Synonym(s): dictatorship, fascism, authoritarianism

/ Ø M D - Verb - /18:li/ -

Roman: réli

Synonym(s): vanish, fade

/ Ømかと/ロせか - Noun/Adjective - /ユɛ:łɪdɹɛni/ -

Roman: rélidreni

Would have been "relidrani", but speakers believed that the -rani ending was an incorrect version of the -reni ending (variant of leni) and "corrected" it.

Synonym(s): democracy, republic, democratic, republican

/ がかさつで - Noun/Adjective - /ユɛ:łdwou/ - Inanimate -

Roman: réldwo

Synonym(s): box, container, carton, crate

クダ⊌めか - Noun/Adjective - /ユɛ:smi/ -

Roman: résmi Synonym(s): lake

Roman: résnal

Synonym(s): license, royal decree

/ Ø = 40mm) - Verb - /IE:snati/ -

Roman: résnalli

Synonym(s): license, decree

Roman: résnel

Synonym(s): blue-green, aquamarine in color

ſØ⊌∪Ų - Noun/Adjective - /ıε:sεn/ -

Roman: résen

Synonym(s): sea, ocean

/ Ø と D 4 / ダ 4 か M D と - Noun/Adjective - / JE:SEN

Roman: résen róniles

Synonym(s): inland sea, great lake

 $\nearrow \not \square \cap \mathbb{N} \cup \mathbb{N}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ıɛ:hɪm/ - Animate -

Roman: réhim

Synonym(s): running (as a sport or adjective), galloping

/ Øへ) / - Noun/Adjective - /ユɛ:hiɹ/ - Inanimate -

Roman: réhir Synonym(s): run, race

Roman: réhe

Synonym(s): run. gallop, sprint

 $\nearrow \not D \cap \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /1ε:ga<sup>n</sup>g/ -

Roman: *régang* Synonym(s): robin, thrush

/ Ø ∫ ) - Noun/Adjective - /ıɛ:gi/ -

Roman: régi

Synonym(s): disgusting, smelly, stinky

 $\nearrow \emptyset \ \lozenge O$  - Noun/Adjective - /1 $\epsilon$ : $t^h \alpha /$  -

Roman: réta Synonym(s): castle

/ Ø & / で ⊌ - Noun/Adjective - /ユɛ:tʰɹous/ -

Roman: rétros

Not in common hobind use. Synonym(s): computer keyboard

クロタロさがさ - Noun/Adjective - /ユεmendi:nd/ -

Roman: remendínd

Synonym(s): envoy, emissary, diplomat

\( \times \mathbb{Q} \ \times \) - Expression - /\( \times \times \) \( \t

Roman: renér Synonym(s): as for y'all

Roman: resnélmba

Synonym(s): frontier, uncharted land, border

クロビリロMグガへO - Noun/Adjective - /zesnełmbi:ha/-

Roman: resnelmbíha

Synonym(s): pit fiend, archdevil, demon lord

Roman: reselmbéha

Synonym(s): pit lord, archdevil, Satan

ハノ い つ ° - Noun/Adjective - /ɹʌ:mεʰd/ -

Roman: rúmend Synonym(s): shape, form, body // Noun/Adjective - /ɪʌ:mb/ -

Roman: rúmb Synonym(s): blood, bile

// O/ - Noun/Adjective - /JA: bal/ -

Roman: rúmbar

Synonym(s): blood from one's period

Roman: rúmbin

Synonym(s): have one's period

/ プリロ e - Noun/Adjective - /ɪʌ:¹ɡεʰd/ - Inanimate -

Roman: rúngend

Synonym(s): housing, living space, infrastructure, support system

//シ》M - Verb - /ɪʌ:sɪł/ -

Roman: rúsil Synonym(s): regret

//シ)mm))/ - Noun/Adjective - /ɪʌ:sɪłiɪ/ -

Roman: rúsillir

Synonym(s): regret, regretted, regrettable, unfortunate

// / う か & - Noun/Adjective - /ɹʌ:gwɪn/ -

Roman: rúgwin

Synonym(s): pot, saucepan, mixing bowl

// ∫ / O M - Noun/Adjective - /ıʌ:gɪɛł/ -

Roman: rúgrel Synonym(s): brick

// C/ - Verb - /IA:goui/ -

Roman: rúgor

Synonym(s): keep, store, preserve, pickle, maintain

// 「C/)。 - Noun/Adjective - /ɪʌ:gouɹɪm/ -

Roman: rúgorim

Synonym(s): maintenaince, preservation, pickling, upkeep

// C / D & - Noun/Adjective - /」A:gouJin/ -

Roman: rúgorin

Synonym(s): container, pen (for animals), cell, pantry, cellar, larder

//∫C/ロ - Verb - /ɪʌ:gouɹɛ/ -

Roman: rúgore

Synonym(s): survive, recover (from injury or illness)

//∫CMO - Noun/Adjective - /ɹʌ:gouła/ - Animate -

Roman: rúgola

Synonym(s): collaboration, community, partnership

// S >> - Noun/Adjective - /ɪʌ:gi/ -

Roman: rúgi Synonym(s): slow

Roman: rúgingo

Synonym(s): boathouse, port, harbor

//  $) \land O/$  - Adverb - /1 $\Lambda$ :gihaı/ -

Roman: rúgihar Synonym(s): slowly

// ∫ ∪ ം - Noun/Adjective - /ɪʌ:gɛm/ -

Roman: rúgem

Synonym(s): studio, workshop, art center

// U/O/ - Adverb - /JA:phaJ/ -

Roman: rúpar

Intensive/expletive adjective (it literally means "bloody"), used to describe one's deep disgust with a situation similar to English

expletives like "fucking". Synonym(s): fucking, bloody, god damn

Roman: ru

Variant of nru appearing after b, d, g, m, or n. Synonym(s): of which, for which, with which

/・・・・ - Particle - /ɹʌm/ -

Roman: rum Synonym(s): was, did



Roman: óma

Synonym(s): represent, symbolize, imply

ダめつかせ - Noun/Adjective - /ou:mahin/ -

Roman: ómahin

Synonym(s): granary, food storehouse

ばいのへ ロ い - Noun/Adjective - /ou:mahem/ -

Roman: ómahem

Synonym(s): feast, wonderful experience, period of prosperity, golden age, fantastic, wonderful, plentiful, prosperous

% の の の の の っ Noun/Adjective - /ov:magap hi / -

Roman: *ómagapi* 

Synonym(s): starving, famished, empty, deserted, bleak, devoid of food, bare, lifeless, worthless, invalid, lacking substance, bankrupt,

bankruptcy

ダククリ - Verb - /ov:mian/ -

Roman: ómran

Synonym(s): lead, guide, preside, rule, govern

ばらくOU)の - Noun/Adjective - /ou:m.tanım/ -

Roman: *ómranim* 

Synonym(s): leadership, rule, governing

ダタクひょこかか - Noun/Adjective - /ou:m.randil/ -

Roman: *ómrandil* 

Synonym(s): mayor, leader, governor

グル noun/Adjective - /ou:mbi/ - Animate -

Roman: ómbi

For the physical sensation one uses "mon ombi", but "mondel

ombi" for the more metaphorical uses.

Synonym(s): hungry, enthusiastic, eager, excited, motivated

グクロMピラロ - Numeral - /ou: mbelswe/ -

Roman: ómbelswe

Synonym(s): four million

Roman: ómbeg

Synonym(s): too much, overly, unnecessarily

グラロビ - Noun/Adjective - /ou:wɛs/ -

Roman: ówes

Synonym(s): ear

グピロピロ - Noun/Adjective - /ou:ndese/ -

Roman: óndese

Synonym(s): distortion, mutation

√ - Verb - /ou:1/ -

Roman: ór

Synonym(s): stand in place, stay still, hold position

グクラロ - Noun/Adjective - /ou:xwɛ/ -

Roman: órwe Synonym(s): telescope

グクラ - Noun/Adjective - /ou:ɹɑf/ - Animate -

Roman: *óraf* Synonym(s): citizen, member, landowner, city dweller

グクで⊌ - Noun/Adjective - /ou:.1ous/ -

Roman: óros

Synonym(s): research

Roman: órngwir

Synonym(s): attachment, binding, knot, tie, restraint

ダクチで - Verb - /ou:ɹºgou/ -

Roman: órngo

Synonym(s): tie, knot, attach, bind

グクテロー Verb - /ou:x<sup>n</sup>gou<sup>m</sup>be/ -

Roman: órngombe

Synonym(s): lock, secure, seal off

 $\slash$   $\$ 

Roman: órngeng

Synonym(s): mortar

ばかかめ - Noun/Adjective - /ou:.ɪɪm/ -

Roman: órim

Synonym(s): still, stationary, static, motionless, stillness, state, stagnant, halted, stopped, idle, not working

ばかかか - Noun/Adjective - /ou:xi<sup>n</sup>g/ - Animate -

Roman: *óring* Synonym(s): lawful, peaceful, orderly, organized

ばつかけで - Verb - /ou:ɪɪ¹gou/ -

Roman: óringo

Synonym(s): behave lawfully, follow the rules, not rock the boat, cooperate, conform

 $\mathcal{L}^{\bullet}$  ) M  $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{U}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ou:. $\mathcal{U}$  - Animate -

Roman: órilan

Especially used to describe non-hobind governments, but may be used to describe any type of government.

Synonym(s): government, ruling elite

ダナクO - Numeral - /ov:ŋqɪɑ/ -

Roman: óngra Synonym(s): forty

グナクケクク - Numeral - /ou:ŋgɹɑŋgɹɑ/ -

Roman: *óngrangra* Synonym(s): four hundred

Roman: ónge

Synonym(s): dislike, hate, infect, contaminate, spread (a disease)

Roman: óngembumi

Synonym(s): annoying, irritating, frustrating, obnoxious

 $\text{Noun/Adjective - /ou:} ^{n}gest/-$ 

Roman: ónger

Synonym(s): dirty, filthy, unclean

グかと/か - Verb - /ou:lnd.ii/ -

Roman: *ólndri* 

Synonym(s): vomit, throw up

 $\protect\ M$  )  $\protect\ M$  - Noun/Adjective - /ou: $\protect\ Ar^mb/$  -

Roman: ólimb

Synonym(s): room, section, partition

グかかいでかせ - Noun/Adjective - /ou:hmboutn/ -

Roman: ólimboln

Synonym(s): chapter (of a book)

グMらロノ - Verb - /ou:lfex/ -

Roman: ólfer

Synonym(s): dress, put on

ばかし・ 4 - Noun/Adjective - /ou:łbʌn/ -

Roman: ólbun

Synonym(s): skin, coating

グ⊌ - Noun/Adjective - /ou:s/ - Inanimate -

Roman: ós

Synonym(s): record, document

グビリカリロ M - Noun/Adjective - /ou:snmel/ -

Roman: ósninel

Synonym(s): civilization, society

ばらMO - Noun/Adjective - /ou:sła/ -

Roman: ósla

Synonym(s): mortal, mundane

 $\mathscr{L}$   $\stackrel{}{\smile}$   $\mathbb{D}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ou:sisɛ/ -

Roman: ósise

Synonym(s): debate, discussion, oratory, rhetoric

 $\mathscr{L}$  シ  $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathcal{L}$   $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathcal{L}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ou:sibwiz/ - Inanimate -

Roman: ósibwir

 ${\tt Synonym}(s)$ : experiment, measurement, observation, experimental result, experimental data

グピカノカノ - Verb - /ou:sibiz/ -

Roman: ósibir

Synonym(s): do experiments, experiment

グピカノカノカハ Noun/Adjective - /ou:sibixim/ -

Roman: ósibirim

Synonym(s): experimentation, experimental design, experimental

Roman: ósibe

Synonym(s): experiment, apparatus

パープ - Noun/Adjective - /ou:hi/ - Inanimate -

Roman: óhi

Synonym(s): lens, Qaelian glass, spyglass

Roman: *óbas*Synonym(s): penguin

(500) = 0 - Noun/Adjective - /ou:bisa/ - Inanimate -

Roman: óbisa

Synonym(s): mountaintop, peak

 $\mathscr{L} \subset \mathscr{D} \subseteq -\text{Noun/Adjective - /ou:dias/ -}$ 

Roman: *ódras* Synonym(s): library

Roman: ódosnomb

Synonym(s): campus, student housing

ダ ⊂ 口 M - Noun/Adjective - /ou:dɛł/ -

Roman: ódel

Synonym(s): flavor, value, worth

Roman: *ópan* Synonym(s): spoon, ladle

Roman: óvin

Synonym(s): larder, pantry, major (academic), department, division (of an organization)

 $\mathscr{L} \cup \mathcal{D} \cup \mathcal{A}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ou:p $^{h}\varepsilon^{m}b$ / - Inanimate -

Roman: *ópemb*Synonym(s): oak tree, acorn

 $\nearrow \cup \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$  - Noun/Adjective - /ou:p<sup>h</sup>eg/ -

Roman: ópeg

Synonym(s): seaport, harbor

#### ে WORDS:

୯୬ $O \cap \emptyset /$  - Noun/Adjective - /oumaha:1/ -

Roman: omahár

Not plural in Tallfellow by default; pluralizing it implies several sets of remains. Also used idiomatically, i.e. de wirwem omahar "cooking the leftovers" is about equivalent to "rising from the ashes" in English.

Synonym(s): leftovers, remains

でいくしょこかかつ/ので - Noun/Adjective -

/oum.andilwa:mbou/ -

Roman: omrandilwúmbo

Synonym(s): Great-Mayor

でう Ø ・ Verb - /ouwa: mb/ -

Roman: owámb

Synonym(s): wake up, get out of bed

でう Ø の M O - Noun/Adjective - /ouwa: mbła/ -

Roman: owámbla

Synonym(s): Skywake (Azalian month), September

 $\begin{picture}(6.5) \put(0.5){\ooding} \put(0.5$ 

Roman: owambwóndehar

Synonym(s): good morning

でラダクみ》 - Numeral - /oowe:.ɪmi/ -

Roman: *owérmi* Synonym(s): four thousand

ල්ල් Ø - Numeral - /ov¹da:/ -

Roman: *ondá* Synonym(s): four

 $\ \ \, {}^{\ } {} {}^{\ } {}^{\ } {}^{\ } {}^{\ } {}^{\ } {}^{\ } {}^{\ } {}^{\ }$ 

Roman: ondárul

Synonym(s): square, tetrahedron

で さ Ø ∩ O / - Adverb - /ou<sup>n</sup>da:ha』/ -

Roman: ondáhar Synonym(s): four times

 $(^{\circ}/^{\circ}) \not \bigcirc (^{\circ})$  - Noun/Adjective - /ourwe:mi/ -

Roman: *orwémi* Synonym(s): magnifying glass

C / U - Verb - /ou.nou:/ -

Roman: ornó

Synonym(s): help, comfort, soothe

C / しばら - Noun/Adjective - /oumou:m/ -

Roman: ornóm

Synonym(s): help, aid, support, comfort

でクガビカ - Proper Noun - /ou』i:si/ -

Roman: orísi

Synonym(s): Orision (country)

C / Ø - Adverb - /ouiε:/ -

Roman: oré

Synonym(s): always, forever

C / Ø / - Noun/Adjective - /oux:.1/ -

Roman: orér

Synonym(s): constant, unending, nonstop, continuous, permanent

CM - Noun/Adjective - /oul/ -

Roman: *ol* Synonym(s): outside

 $\texttt{CMC} = \texttt{VOM} - \texttt{Noun/Adjective - /oulousna:} \text{/} - \texttt{Noun/Adjec$ 

Roman: olosnál Synonym(s): copyright

でとら外/クロ - Verb - /ousmi:xmbe/ -

Roman: osmírmbe

Synonym(s): ignore, disregard, avoid, shun, block out, paint over, blot out, eliminate a taste by adding spice

でビリログダクカ - Noun/Adjective - /ousnesou:xi/ - Inanimate -

Roman: osneróri

Synonym(s): volcano, portal to the Inferno, portal to hell

Roman: osogádos

Synonym(s): encyclopedia, reference book

Roman: osígise Synonym(s): hypothesis

でとかがめ - Noun/Adjective - /ousigou:m/ -

Roman: osigóm

Synonym(s): evocation (school of magic), physics

 $\begin{picture}(20,0) \put(0,0){\line(0,0){15}} \put(0,$ 

Roman: osigómotre Synonym(s): physicist, evoker

Roman: obángin

Synonym(s): commerce, trade, business

 $\begin{picture}(0,0) \put(0,0){\line(0,0){19}} \put(0,0$ 

Roman: opegírpwag Synonym(s): spaceport

#### m WORDS:

 $M\emptyset$   $\rightarrow$  · · Adverb - /la:wa/ -

Roman: *láwu* Synonym(s): also, too

MOPOOO OO OO OO OO OO - Noun/Adjective - /la: $x^mbegi$  -

Roman: lármbegi

Synonym(s): curious, suspicious, intrigued

MØ/でめらしら - Noun/Adjective - /la:zoumses/ -

Roman: láromses

Synonym(s): new friend, new partner, new special person

MOPMOU) - Noun/Adjective - /ła:xleni/ -

Roman: lárleni

Halflings view the climate of a given region as the sky's "personality", larleni la (usually shortened to just larleni). Synonym(s): personality, behavior (in general), personality type, climate (in a region or the world in general)

 $\cap \mathcal{O} \cap \cdot \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\wp}}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ła:.ɪʌs/ -

Roman: lárus

Gender-neutral term to refer to progeny of any gender. Also serves as a gender-neutral word for "young" when pibin and rós are inappropriate.

Synonym(s): child, son, daughter, niece, nephew, young

 $\bigcirc$  - Noun/Adjective - /ła/ -

Roman: *la*Synonym(s): our, ours

MO//とめか - Noun/Adjective - /łaɪʌ:smi/ -

Roman: larúsmi

Synonym(s): grandchild, grandson, granddaughter

MVOOOM - Noun/Adjective - /lou: \*\*belai/ -

Roman: lómberal

Synonym(s): outcast, deported criminal

Mダと - Noun/Adjective - /lou:nd/ -

Roman: *lónd*Synonym(s): bag, sack

M  $\stackrel{\mbox{\tiny C}}{\sim} O$  - Noun/Adjective - /lov: $^{\rm n}$ da/ -

Roman: lónda

Synonym(s): blissful, wonderful, ecstatic

 $\text{MMCOJCS} - \text{Noun/Adjective - /lou:} ^n \text{d} a^n \text{gous/-}$ 

Roman: *lóndangos* Synonym(s): monk, martial artist

Mダ さ O f で と M ロ 4 カ - Noun/Adjective - /lou:ndangousleni/ -

Roman: lóndangosleni

Synonym(s): monasticism, practice of maintaining monasteries

MK = 200 - Noun/Adjective - /lou:fwi1/ -

Roman: lófwir

Synonym(s): amount, number, count, quantity

MØ 与 ⊃ □ - Verb - /lou:fwe/ -

Roman: *lófwe* Synonym(s): count

M& 与 ⊃ □ \ - Noun/Adjective - /lou:fwem/ -

Roman: *lófwem* Synonym(s): number

Mグ与フロフで - Noun/Adjective - /lou:fwewou/ -

Roman: lófwewo

Also describes the period from approximately 10:00 - 11:20 pm. Synonym(s): timekeeper's second breakfast

 $\text{MV} \stackrel{\text{\tiny S}}{\sim} \text{DM} \text{Noun/Adjective - /lou:fwehr}^mb/ -$ 

Roman: lófwelimb

Timekeeper's breakfast, named for timekeepers in tiny villages who would get up when everyone else was going to sleep. Also describes the period from approximately 8:40 - 10:00 pm. Synonym(s): timekeeper's breakfast, late evening

M& S > O n O y ? - Noun/Adjective - /lou:fwehand/ -

Animate -

Roman: lófwehand

Refers to a type of hobind elder in traditional culture who was assigned to watch the sky and the village all through the night. Elofwehand varied in when they got up and went to bed; some were awake during the entire night while others took shifts and staggered their waking hours relative to one another (generally in villages with many elofwehand).

Synonym(s): timekeeper, astrologer, skywatcher

 $\mathsf{MM} \overset{\mathsf{S}}{\to} \mathsf{D} \cap \mathsf{O} / \mathsf{U} - \mathsf{Noun/Adjective} - /\mathsf{lou:fweham/-}$ 

Roman: lófweharn

Synonym(s): observatory, timekeeper's chamber

Mグビリカリ - Noun/Adjective - /lou:snin/ - Inanimate -

Roman: lósnin

Synonym(s): project, task, goal, mission

Roman: lósnemb

Not in general hobind use. Synonym(s): truck, tractor

Mグビリロク - Verb - /lou:snei/ -

Roman: lósner

Synonym(s): pray to, worship, revere

Mグビロリでと - Noun/Adjective - /lou:senous/ -

Roman: lósenos

Synonym(s): plural (grammatical)

 $MZ^6 \cap O \cap - Adverb - /lou:hai/ -$ 

Roman: lóhar

Synonym(s): again, twice, two times

Mばってせ - Noun/Adjective - /lou:houn/ -

Roman: lóhon

Synonym(s): horrible, awful, terrible, dreadful

 $MK \cap C \in O \cap - Adverb - /lou:hout^hai/ -$ 

Roman: lóhotar

Synonym(s): even, incredibly, impressively, remarkably

Mダ U - Noun/Adjective - /lov:b/ -

Roman: *lób*Synonym(s): garnet

MKUOU - Noun/Adjective - /lou:ban/ -

Roman: lóban

Synonym(s): career criminal, mafia don, professional thief

MダンCと - Noun/Adjective - /lou:bous/ -

Roman: lóbos

For "commit a crime", one can say wiri lobos. Synonym(s): crime, offense, grievance, sin

Mメノグで / L - Noun/Adjective - /li:xmbouxn/ -

Roman: *lírmborn* Synonym(s): lapis lazuli

MM/Cさかつか - Noun/Adjective - /li:』dɪwi/ -

Roman: lírdiwi

Synonym(s): mysterious, mystical, ineffable, mystery

Mがひつのゆか - Noun/Adjective - /li:bwambi/ -

Roman: líbwambi

Synonym(s): occasional, intermittent

MNJOOJO - Adverb - /li:bwapha1/-

Roman: líbwapar

Synonym(s): sometimes, occasionally, now and then

Mがしつ ロ 、 Noun/Adjective - /li:bwem/ -

Roman: líbwem

If it is necessary to distinguish between the two meanings of this word, one can say mome libwem "breakfast" or ing libwem "tomorrow" and be unambiguous. Libwemer is "today's breakfast". Can also refer to the period of time during which breakfast is traditionally eaten, approximately 7:20 - 8:40 am.

Synonym(s): breakfast, tomorrow

MNUO - Numeral - /li:ba/ -

Roman: *liba*Synonym(s): one, first

୩୬୬ / O ଓ  ${\it C}$  - Noun/Adjective - /li:bamɛnd/ - Inanimate -

Roman: líbamend

Synonym(s): priority, ranked position, seed (in a competition), handicap (in a competition), vital, crucial, instrumental, core

MNOO - Adverb - /li:phai/ -

Roman: *lípar* 

Synonym(s): once, one time

 $\text{MNV} \cdot \text{V} \cdot \text{Noun/Adjective - /li:phan/ - Inanimate -}$ 

Roman: lípun

Synonym(s): any, given, some (sort of)

∩ ) - Conjunction - /li/ -

Roman: *li* Synonym(s): if

 $\text{Min} / \text{Out} \cdot \text{Ce-Expression - /lixa:sgou}^{n} d / - \text{Ce-Expression}^{n} d / - \text{C$ 

Roman: lirásgond

Used primarily in communities influenced by Darkfoot-speaking deep halflings.

 $Synonym(s)\hbox{: please}$ 

M かんばら OM - Noun/Adjective - /lize: "dał/ -

Roman: *liréndal* Synonym(s): brilliant, genius

M か しつ Ø / - Noun/Adjective - /hbwa:」/ - Inanimate -

Roman: libwár

Synonym(s): some, a few, several, multiple, decent amount of, fair

amount of

Roman: lémbund

Synonym(s): slave, servant, maid

MØ Ų N ⋈ - Noun/Adjective - /lɛ:nɪs/ -

Roman: lénis

Synonym(s): false, wrong, incorrect, invalid

MØ4) ≥0/ - Adverb - /le:nisqi/ -

Roman: lénisar

Synonym(s): falsely, untruthfully, wrongfully, incorrectly

MØUからか-Verb - /le:nisi/ -

Roman: *lénisi* Synonym(s): lie, misdirect

MØ f ロ らう か / - Noun/Adjective - /le: gemwix/ - Inanimate -

Roman: léngemwir

Synonym(s): saved file, saved game, note, memo, saved, recorded

MØf ロ み か / - Verb - /le:¬gemiı/ -

Roman: léngemir

Synonym(s): write down, record, save (a file)

M Ø M & ク か ひ フ ロ ク - Noun/Adjective - /le:łm.ribwez/ -

Roman: lélmribwer

Synonym(s): countless, endless, numberless

MØMMOUD - Noun/Adjective - /lɛ:łɛni/ -

Roman: *lélleni* Synonym(s): past

 $M \not D = /O M - Noun/Adjective - /le:sad/ -$ 

Roman: lésral

Synonym(s): possibility, potential

 $M \not D \cap O \cap -$  Noun/Adjective - /le:hai/ -

Roman: léhar

Synonym(s): possible, doable, possibility, chance, capable, able

MØ € C - Noun/Adjective - /lɛ:thou/ -

Roman: léto

Synonym(s): strong, powerful, challenging, formidable, bitter

M □ - Adverb - /lɛ/ -

Roman: le

Synonym(s): can, able to

M C & - Noun/Adjective - /lɛm/ - Inanimate -

Roman: lem

Synonym(s): your, yours (singular)

 $\text{Mod } \mathcal{O} \text{Poly} \text{ of } \mathcal{O} \text{ of } \mathcal{O} \text{Poly} \text{ of } \mathcal{O} \text$ 

Roman: *lembráprasin* Synonym(s): feminism, feminist

 $M \cup M$  - Noun/Adjective - /lewa:/ -

Roman: lewá

Describes the period from approximately 6:00 - 7:20 am, but can also be a more general word for "morning".

Synonym(s): east, sunrise, morning

M □ ⊃ Ø c - Noun/Adjective - /lewa:nd/ -

Roman: lewánd Synonym(s): Qaelian person

 $M \cup O \cap Adverb - /lewa: I / -$ 

Roman: lewár

 $Synonym(s)\hbox{: early, ahead of schedule}\\$ 

 $\text{Mod} \, \text{Mod} \, \text$ 

Roman: lewáton

Synonym(s): Qaelia (continent)

MOUD - Suffix - /leni/ -

Roman: leni

Generalizing or abstracting suffix that can turn adjectives into nouns. The L becomes R after an M or N. Synonym(s): -ness, -itude, -osity

M 口 さ グ - Verb - /lendi:/ -

Roman: lendí

Synonym(s): migrate, immigrate

M □ / - Noun/Adjective - /leɪ/ -

Roman: ler

Synonym(s): your, yours (plural)

MOJがとでゆかし - Expression - /legi:sou<sup>m</sup>bib/ -

Roman: legísombib

Azalianized variant of ho fangore, used in primarily Azalianspeaking areas, especially the Azalian kingdom. Synonym(s): farewell, goodbye, adiós

MOJがとでとロめ - Noun/Adjective - /legi:sousem/ -

Roman: legísosem Synonym(s): pantheon

M/eOf - Noun/Adjective - /l $\Lambda$ :"da"g/ -

Roman: lúndang Synonym(s): drum

M//でい - Noun/Adjective - /la:Joum/ - Inanimate -

Roman: lúrom

Synonym(s): source (of a river or otherwise), origin

 $\text{MINJOOM} \land \text{Noun/Adjective - /la:} \text{hibweme}^n d / - \text{Noun/$ 

Inanimate -

Roman: lúlibwemend

Synonym(s): capacity, volume, maximum amount

## X WORDS.

ガらOM - Verb - /I:mał/ -

Roman: *ímal* 

Synonym(s): draw, sketch, diagram

 $\mathcal{N}$   $\mathcal{N}$   $\mathcal{N}$   $\mathcal{N}$  - Noun/Adjective - /1:mali./ -

Roman: *imallir* 

Synonym(s): drawing, sketch, diagram, blueprint

ガめで⊌ - Noun/Adjective - /ī:mous/ -

Roman: imos Synonym(s): science

X $\mathcal{M}$  へ - Noun/Adjective - /i: $^{m}$ boo!/ -

Roman: ímbor

Synonym(s): self, oneself, automatic, independent

**X C C O** - Adverb - /i: mbougg/ -

Roman: *ímbora* 

Synonym(s): one's own way, idiosyncratically, personalize, customize, in a custom configuration

ガのCクMロリカ - Noun/Adjective - /i:™bouzleni/ -

Roman: ímborleni Synonym(s): independence

メルでへ〇/ - Adverb - /i: bouhai/ -

Roman: ímbohar

Synonym(s): automatically, independently

 $\mathcal{N} \mathcal{L} \subset \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{L}$  - Noun/Adjective - /r:nd ba:ban/ -

Roman: índ bában

Synonym(s): water-stair, Archimedes screw, Qaelian water-stair, screw pump

**新** <sup>c</sup> - Noun/Adjective - /i:<sup>n</sup>d/ -

Roman: ind

Synonym(s): stairs, stairway, staircase

グとクロビルで - Noun/Adjective - /i:ndxsnou/ -

Roman: *indresno* Synonym(s): rainforest, jungle

**%** こ Noun/Adjective - /i:<sup>n</sup>dlε/ -

Roman: indle

Synonym(s): beard, mustache

 $% \mathbb{R}^{n}$  からい  $\mathbb{R}^{n}$  の  $\mathbb{R}^{n}$  O - Noun/Adjective - /i: $^{n}$ dleba/ -

Roman: indleba Synonym(s): mustache

Roman: *indigo* 

Synonym(s): spearman, spear warrior

Roman: *írmbengwir* 

Synonym(s): bonus, improvement, increase, enhancement

Roman: *írmbenge* 

Synonym(s): increase, augment, improve, enhance, advance

 $\mathcal{N} \cap \cup \mathcal{O} \cup - \text{Noun/Adjective - /i:.ssamb/ -}$ 

Roman: *irsamb* Synonym(s): pine tree

 $\mathcal{M} \cap \mathbb{C} \subset \mathbb{C}$  - Noun/Adjective - /i: $\mathfrak{m}$ 

Roman: *írhide* 

Synonym(s): invention, breakthrough, new technology

**ガ**ア・ プロ・ Verb - /i:ɪʌŋqou/ -

Roman: *irungo* 

Synonym(s): punish, penalize

M / · M - Noun/Adjective - /i:エʌネ/ -

Roman: *irul* 

Synonym(s): line, straight line, linear, unbent, direct

 $\mathcal{N} \cap \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /i: $p^h$ ag/ -

Roman: *irprag* 

Not in general hobind use.

Synonym(s): rocket, spaceship, rocket ship

 **M / U / O** J M O U ) - Noun/Adjective - /i:.ɪpʰ.ɪaglɛni/ -

Roman: *irpragleni* 

Not in general hobind use.

Synonym(s): rocketry, rocket science

**が**ら - Noun/Adjective - /i:<sup>ŋ</sup>g/ -

Roman: ing

Synonym(s): time

Roman: *ingamban* 

 $Synonym(s): simultaneous, \ at \ the \ same \ time, \ contemporaneous, \ contemporary$ 

 $\mathcal{N}\mathcal{F} O = \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /i: $^{n}$ g asa: $^{1}$ a/ -

Roman: íng asálla

May be abbreviated IA.

Synonym(s): modern times, age of Azalla, Azalian times, CE, AD

**新f** で - Noun/Adjective - /i:<sup>ŋ</sup>gou/ -

Tallfellow (Mambehoblind)

Roman: ingo

Synonym(s): wet, moist

ガナでMロセカ - Noun/Adjective - /i:¹gouleni/ -

Roman: *ingoleni* 

Synonym(s): luck, fortune, chance, happenstance

 $\mathcal{N}\mathcal{F} = \mathcal{D} \cap \mathcal{D} \mathcal{P}$  - Noun/Adjective - /i: $^{\eta}g$  se: $le^{m}b/$  -

Roman: íng sélemb

May be abbreviated IS.

Synonym(s): Zelev times, time of the Zelev Empire, BC

 $\ensuremath{\mathcal{N}} \ensuremath{\mathcal{F}} \ensuremath{\mathcal{C}} \ensuremath{\mathcal{F}} \ensuremath{\text{-}} \ensurema$ 

Roman: ingeng

Synonym(s): glue, paste, material

 $\mathcal{N}\mathcal{J}\cdot\mathcal{J}$  - Conjunction - /i: $^{\eta}g\Lambda^{\eta}g/$  -

Roman: ingung

Synonym(s): when, at the time when...

Roman: *ilndwir* Synonym(s): combination

**が**⋒ピロ - Verb - /ɪ:łʰdε/ -

Roman: *îlnde* 

Synonym(s): combine, compile, assemble

MM) - Noun/Adjective - /ɪ:li/ -

Roman: *îli* 

Synonym(s): boss, chief, head, dean

MMりし - Noun/Adjective - /I:łɪb/ -

Roman: *îlib* 

Synonym(s): general (military rank)

 $\mathfrak{M} \cap \mathfrak{I} \cup \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /::11ba/ -

Roman: *íliba* 

Synonym(s): main, primary, chief, first

ガMノでめO - Noun/Adjective - /I:łbouma/ -

Roman: *ílboma* 

Traditionally used to describe the largest meal of the day; however, many modern-day hobbits, especially in urban areas, use bendwim to refer to this meal (the word that originally referred to supper, a smaller meal following dinner).

Synonym(s): dinner, feast

メかしてかでち - Noun/Adjective - /ɪ:łboulouf/ -

Roman: *ilbolof* 

The period of approximately 2:00 - 3:20 am at night. Synonym(s): very late at night, timekeeper's dinner

 $\mathfrak{M}\mathfrak{m}\mathfrak{s}O\mathfrak{m}$  - Noun/Adjective - /1: $\mathfrak{k}\mathfrak{g}\mathfrak{a}\mathfrak{k}/$  - Inanimate -

Roman: ilgal Synonym(s): cedar tree

MMJM□ - Noun/Adjective - /r:\delta\ell-

Roman: *îlgle* Synonym(s): eyebrow

矛m∫・- Noun/Adjective - /1:łgn/ -

Roman: ilgu

Synonym(s): body hair, fur, hairy

グヒリロ ° - Noun/Adjective - /i:smε<sup>n</sup>d/ -

Roman: ismend

Synonym(s): fear, terror, horror

 $\mathcal{M}$  と い  $\mathcal{O}$  は う  $\mathcal{D}$  - Noun/Adjective - /i:smɛthwi/ -

Roman: ismetwi

Synonym(s): fearful, baleful, awful, horrifying, pungent

ガビラカビ - Noun/Adjective - /i:swis/ -

Roman: iswis

Synonym(s): model (artistic role), statue

ガビ・JMCビ・セ - Noun/Adjective - /i:sʌglousʌn/ -

Roman: ísuglosun

Not in general hobind use. Synonym(s): electronic, digital

 $\mathcal{N} \cap \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \supset \mathcal{N} / - \text{Noun/Adjective} - /\text{i:h} \epsilon^{\text{m}} \text{bwi.i/} - \text{Inanimate} -$ 

Roman: *îhembwir* 

Synonym(s): measurement, record

 $\mathcal{N} \cap \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} O$  - Verb - /i:hemba/ -

Roman: *îhemba* 

Synonym(s): measure, record

 $\mathcal{M}$   $\cap$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$ 

Roman: *îhembadil* 

Synonym(s): measurer, recorder, record-keeper, bard, documenter,

scribe

**メ** さ *ハ* か *J* - Noun/Adjective - /i:d.ɪɪb/ -

Roman: *idrib* 

Synonym(s): slinger, slingshot warrior

**新**のつでと - Noun/Adjective - /i:gwou<sup>n</sup>d/ -

Roman: *ígwond* 

Synonym(s): chicken, rooster

 $\mathcal{N} \cap \mathcal{C} \subset \mathcal{D}$  - Noun/Adjective - /i:gout<sup>h</sup> $\mathcal{E}$ / -

Roman: ígote

Describes a scheduled pause in a work schedule.

Synonym(s): break, recess, vacation

 $\mathcal{N} \mathcal{J} \cdot \boldsymbol{\,} \subseteq -\text{Noun/Adjective - /i:gas/-}$ 

Roman: ígus

Not in common hobind usage. Synonym(s): semiconductor

Tallfellow (Mambehoblind)

## WORDS:

) - Noun/Adjective - /i/ -

Roman: i

Synonym(s): inside, interior, internal, inner

) ය - Particle - /ɪm/ -Roman: im

Particle that marks the infinitive. Precedes the verb, and follows all other particles except mon. Can also be used to represent the ing construction in sentences of the form: Pin nopa im wublu. "I like swimming".

Synonym(s): to, -ing

) いん・ Noun/Adjective - /ɪmou: mb/ -

Roman: imómb

Synonym(s): iron, metal pot, cauldron

カッグ & - Particle - /ɪmou:n/ -

Roman: imón

Puts a verb into the passive infinitive. For instance, "Pin nopa imon pwobi" means "I like to be kissed (on skin)". Synonym(s): to get..., to be...

りゅんらん - Noun/Adjective - /mov:this/-

Roman: imótre Synonym(s): scientist

වි - Particle - /ɪmou/ -

Roman: imo

Synonym(s): so as to, in order to, for, for the sake of

かん - Verb - /Imbou:/ -

Roman: imbó

Synonym(s): wander, explore

うんな e - Noun/Adjective - /rmbou:nd/ -

Roman: imbónd

Synonym(s): refugee, immigrant

 $\mathfrak{I}$  ውይ /  $\mathfrak{I}$  ው - Noun/Adjective - / $\mathfrak{I}^{m}$ bou: $\mathfrak{I}$ IIM/ -

Roman: imbórim

Synonym(s): exploration, discovery

Roman: imbódil

Synonym(s): wanderer, explorer, nomad

)) ⊃ Ø ⊌ - Noun/Adjective - /ɪwɛ:s/ -

Roman: iwés Synonym(s): shadow Roman: iwésleni Synonym(s): darkness

Roman: iwésbel Synonym(s): shade

カセロゲダ - Noun/Adjective - /mengou:m/ -

Roman: inengóm

Synonym(s): abjuration (school of magic)

Roman: indondó

Synonym(s): green (philosophy), environmentally conscious, sustainable, eco-friendly

) / - Conjunction - /iɪ/ -

Roman: ir Synonym(s): and

カクダMカクタ - Noun/Adjective - /i.iou:li.xm/ -

Roman: irólirm

Synonym(s): vulnerable, exposed

カクダ シ - Noun/Adjective - /i.ou:s/ - Inanimate -

Roman: irós

Catch-all term for any form of ground transport. Less formal term. Synonym(s): vehicle, bus, car, auto, train, transport

Roman: irósmes

Synonym(s): car, automobile, vehicle

Roman: irósugirn

Synonym(s): bus, public transport

)) / C - Conjunction - /i.iou/ -

Roman: iro

Synonym(s): because (of), by, thanks to

Roman: iréf

Abbreviation for "ir eng fangore". Used mainly in writing, but some particularly bookish halflings may say it outright. Synonym(s): et cetera, and so on, and so forth

カノ ロチ 与 O テ C ノロ - Expression - /iɪ ε¹q fa¹qouɪε/ -

Roman: ir eng fangore Synonym(s): and so on, et cetera )) // - Conjunction - /iɪʌ:ɹ/ -

Roman: irúr

Synonym(s): and not, either, nor, neither

) / / / - Adverb - /iɹʌ:ɹ/ -

Roman: irúr Synonym(s): also not

うかかしめと - Noun/Adjective - /iłɪba:nd/ -

Roman: ilibánd

Synonym(s): chief, chieftain, tribal leader

nmø/ - Noun/Adjective - /ılɛ:ɹ/ -

Roman: ilér Synonym(s): fog, mist

カMJ@MM・S - Noun/Adjective - /ɪłgɑ:łmʌf/ -

Roman: ilgálmuf

Synonym(s): fur (as a material), animal skins, hide

 $\Im \int / \mathcal{O} / - Noun/Adjective - / igia: i/ -$ 

Roman: igrár Synonym(s): blood hawk

 $\mathbb{N} \mathcal{I} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathbb{N}^{2}$  - Noun/Adjective - /igia:  $\mathbb{I} \operatorname{bin}^{n} d \mathcal{O}$  -

Roman: igrárbind Synonym(s): murderer, killer

5000005 - Noun/Adjective - /fwa:glif/ -

Roman: fwáglif

Synonym(s): raider, bandit, barbarian, highwayman

与うØるカ - Verb - /fwa:thi/ -

Roman: fwáti Synonym(s): cut, slice

50000 M - Noun/Adjective - /fwa:thth/-

Roman: fwátil Synonym(s): axe

与うØるかしでい - Verb - /fwa:thiboom/ -

Roman: fwátibom

Synonym(s): amputate, cut off (a body part), execute (a person), put to death, exile, excommunicate

50000 Noun/Adjective - /fwiphe:  $^{n}g/$  -

Roman: fwipéng Synonym(s): woodpecker

与 Ø め・ / - Noun/Adjective - /fa:mʌɹ/ -

Roman: fámur

Refers only to distance, not lengths of time. Use fáhi for time. Synonym(s): long (distance), wide, far away, distant (in space)

50000 - Noun/Adjective - /fa:"dwi.1/ -

Roman: fándwir

Synonym(s): teaching, lesson, instruction, advice, precept

50°0 / - Verb - /fa:"da.../ -

Roman: fándar

Synonym(s): teach, instruct, direct, train, advise, suggest,

récommend

5060 M - Noun/Adjective - /fa:"dx1 $^{1}$ /-

Roman: fándril

Synonym(s): tutor, teacher, instructor

50c n - Noun/Adjective - /fa: $^n$ dx $^1$ / -

Roman: fándrul

Synonym(s): course, lesson, class (academic)

与**Ø**クリクで ら - Noun/Adjective - /fa:zbzoom/ - Animate -

Roman: fárbrom

Abbreviated form of holbilfárbrom.

Synonym(s): trading post

5000 - Noun/Adjective - /fa: $^{\eta}$ gwi $_{1}$ / - Inanimate -

Roman: fángwir Synonym(s): travel, trip

与Øfで/ロ - Verb - /fa:ŋgouze/ -

Roman: fángore

Synonym(s): continue, go on

ら**Ø**より - Verb - /fa:ŋgi/ -

Roman: fángi

Synonym(s): go, travel

与ØJから - Noun/Adjective - /fa:¬gɪm/ - Inanimate -

Roman: fángim

Refers to travel in general, not a specific instance of travel. Synonym(s): travel, traveling

与のより J・/グ - Expression - /fa:ngi ga.100:/-

Roman: fángi guró

Synonym(s): leave, depart, go away, exit

50000 - Proper Noun - /fa:ad/ -

Roman: fállad

Synonym(s): Fallad (god)

50m√C - Proper Noun - /fa:lgou/ -

Roman: fálgo

Synonym(s): Falgo (god)

 $500 \cdot \int -\text{Noun/Adjective} - /\text{fa:lng/} -$ 

Roman: fálug

Synonym(s): hunter, ranger, trapper

らのら・い - Noun/Adjective - /fa:fam/ -

Roman: fáfum

Synonym(s): grain, wheat, seeds

SO(1) = O(1) - Noun/Adjective - fa:sand/-

Roman: fásand

Synonym(s): machine, mechanical device

与 Ø シ 4 ロ さ で 4 - Noun/Adjective - /fa:snedoun/ -

Roman: fásnedon

Synonym(s): holy relic, sacred artifact, possession of Queen Ovaznedoz of Azalia

500 - Noun/Adjective - /fa:hi/ -

Roman: fáhi

Refers only to time, not distance. Use fámur for distance. Synonym(s): long (time), expensive, pricey, costly, distant in time, long ago

-500 - Noun/Adjective - /fa:hɛ/ -

Roman: fáhe

Synonym(s): old, well-fed

SO(1) = SO(1) = SO(1) - Noun/Adjective - /fa:hɛnd/ -

Roman: fáhend

Synonym(s): elder, master, teacher

5000000 - Noun/Adjective - /fa:hendwa/ -

Roman: fáhendwa

Synonym(s): council, council of elders, inner circle

500000 - Noun/Adjective - /fa:hese/ -

Roman: fáhese

Synonym(s): timeline

50000 Noun/Adjective - /fa:belis/ - Inanimate -

Roman: fábelis

Generally only used to describe electricity of magical origin, i.e. Lightning Bolt spells. Not used for Zelev technology (ironic, as that's exactly what its Hobbitzin ancestor was used for!). Synonym(s): lightning, electricity

 $500 \cdot 100 \cdot 100$  - Noun/Adjective - /fa:galeni/ -

Roman: fáguleni Synonym(s): distance, range

与Ofラか/ - Noun/Adjective - /fangwis/ -

Roman: fangwir Synonym(s): trip, journey

らのチダクカ - Verb - /fa<sup>n</sup>ge:.xi/ -

Roman: fangéri

Synonym(s): interfere, intercept, interpose, move to block

50MN - Verb - /fali:/-

Roman: falí

Synonym(s): jump

50mxe - Noun/Adjective - /fali:nd/ -

Roman: falind

Synonym(s): deer

ちのさがいで - Noun/Adjective - /fadi:gou/ -

Roman: fadígo

Synonym(s): ftikwn beetle, Mandelenian beetle armor

ちんぱんら - Noun/Adjective - /fiou:nou/ -

Roman: fróno

Synonym(s): hero

与 / グ v O - Noun/Adjective - /f.100:pha/ -

Roman: frópa

Synonym(s): month

与 / N - Verb - /fxi:/ -

Roman: frí

Synonym(s): lose, leave behind, except, make an exception for, apart from, except for

与 / 》 - Noun/Adjective - /f.ii:m/ -

Roman: frím

Synonym(s): lost, forgotten

Roman: frímumbe

Synonym(s): erase, delete, remove, clear out, eliminate

与りがい・こかしせか - Noun/Adjective - /fii:madleni/ -

Roman: frimudleni

Synonym(s): comfort, consolation, solace

与 / 外 (y・ こ ) M - Verb - /f.ii:m.xdil/ -

Roman: frímudil

Synonym(s): comfort, console

与 / 外 つ か / - Noun/Adjective - /fxi:wix/ -

Roman: fríwir

Synonym(s): loss, downturn, deficit

与/ がとで - Noun/Adjective - /fɪi:ndou/ -

Roman: fríndo

Synonym(s): owl

与 / 外 U C / O - Adverb - /f.ii:bou.ia/ -

Roman: fríbora

Synonym(s): humbly, selflessly, unassumingly

Roman: fríbori

Synonym(s): humble, selfless, unassuming

与/ガレロMと - Verb - /fxi:bels/ -

Roman: fríbels

Synonym(s): falter, waver, give up, lose hope, fail, lose (a competition)

与 / が し の m と つ か / - Noun/Adjective - /f.ii:belswi.i/ -

Roman: fríbelswir

Synonym(s): defeat, setback, loss, unfortunate event

与 / が さ / で - Noun/Adjective - /fxi:dxov/ - Animate -

Roman: frídro

Synonym(s): source of magic, power source, energy well, enchantment on a magic item, sorcerous origin, motor, engine

与/外をでせ - Proper Noun - /fxi:thoun/ -

Roman: fríton

Synonym(s): Zhifura (continent)

与 / か と フ / 少 C - Noun/Adjective - /fxindwa:mbou/ -

Roman: frindwúmbo

Synonym(s): giant owl

与/からうØめ - Verb - /f.iiswa:m/ -

Roman: friswám

Synonym(s): forget

与 // / の ) か - Noun/Adjective - /fɪʌ: mbwiɪ/ - Inanimate -

Roman: frúmbwir

As with other nouns formed from verbs with -wir, this refers to an event that involves flying. It does not refer to the concept or act of flight in general, only in a specific event.

Synonym(s): flight

Roman: frúmbim

Synonym(s): flight, flying, aeronautics

ラクノのロ - Verb - /fix:mbe/ -

Roman: frúmbe

Synonym(s): fly

与 / / ひ・ と - Noun/Adjective - /fɪʌ: "bʌ nd/ -

Roman: frúmbund

Synonym(s): bird

与 / / と・ る ロ - Verb - /fin:sathe/ -

Roman: frúsute

Synonym(s): retire, resign

与 / / こ 》 - Noun/Adjective - /fɪʌ:di/ -

Roman: frúdi

Synonym(s): few, not many

らん・Noun/Adjective - /fou:mb/ -

Roman: fómb

Synonym(s): tail, bottom (of an animal), rear (of an animal)

与ダクリアロタ - Noun/Adjective - /fou:zbizem/ -

Roman: fórbirem

Synonym(s): formation (military), hierarchy, organization, station,

position, role

与グビ - Noun/Adjective - /fou:s/ -

Roman: fós

Gender neutral variant term. Used to refer to a parent generically or to refer to gender nonbinary parents.

Synonym(s): parent, mother, father, aunt, uncle

与グとフ・い - Noun/Adjective - /fou:swam/ -

Roman: fóswum

Synonym(s): grandparent, grandfather, grandmother

SMØ⊃□/- Noun/Adjective - /fla:wɛɪ/-

Roman: fláwer

Synonym(s): skunk

与MØJ/) - Noun/Adjective - /fla: g\_zi/ -

Roman: flángri

Synonym(s): incredible, unbelievable, astounding, amazing

SMØSC - Noun/Adjective - /fla:gou/ -

Roman: flágo

Synonym(s): festival, celebration

らMがのフかク - Noun/Adjective - /fli: bwi.z/ -

Roman: flímbwir

Synonym(s): zenith, epitome, pinnacle

与MXVC/-Verb-/fli:mboux/-

Roman: flímbor

A verb grammatically, but often used like English "more than": Pin umbur bomb flimbor emb "I am wiser than you". You can also use flimbor to say that something is too (adjective) to do something else, by following it with "im (verb)": Pin mondel sildo flimbor im hengi embumb "I am too sad to come with you". To say that as one thing increases, another also increases, use a "flimbor... ri... flimbor" structure as in: Hobind bomb flimbor ri sal fahe flimbor ("as a person gets older, they get wiser".

Synonym(s): exceed, surpass, more than

与Mがのでクから - Noun/Adjective - /fli:mbouxim/ - Inanimate -

Roman: flímborim

Synonym(s): majority, most, majority of

与かがさで - Noun/Adjective - /fli:ndou/ -

Roman: flíndo

Synonym(s): louse, bedbug, flea

ちかがハリ - Noun/Adjective - /fli:.zb/ -

Roman: flírb

Synonym(s): sand, made of sand, sandy

Roman: flírbres

Synonym(s): desert

5 MMJ - Noun/Adjective - /fli: $^{10}$ g/ -

Roman: fling

Synonym(s): wing

与かかのなかしつら - Noun/Adjective - /fhmbou:hnem/ -

Roman: flimbólnem

Synonym(s): butterfly, moth

与かかん/ナカ - Verb - /flrmba:ngi/ -

Roman: flimbúngi

Synonym(s): worsen, deteriorate, fester, become infected, spread (illness)

ちかめのか - Verb - /fle:mbi/ -

Roman: flémbi

Synonym(s): pass, go by, skip

 $\sim$  M Ø  $\sim$   $\sim$  Noun/Adjective -  $\sim$  fle: mbim/ -

Roman: flémbim

Can be used like other direction nouns, i.e. "Pin wan frumbe flembimó la", "I will fly (to the) beyond (of) the sky". Synonym(s): beyond, area past, what lies after

 $5\,\text{MoVM} - \text{Noun/Adjective - /flembi:1/-}$ 

Roman: flembír

Synonym(s): history, historical

5 m/s - Noun/Adjective - /fla:gi/ -

Roman: flúgi

Synonym(s): wacky, goofy, odd, weird

 $5MOM - Noun/Adjective - /fi:^mbal/ -$ 

Roman: fímbal

Synonym(s): Fyvalian, Fyval

ら メクで と - Noun/Adjective - /fi:100s/ - Inanimate -

Roman: fíros

Synonym(s): palm tree

与新M》 - Noun/Adjective - /fr:li/ - Animate -

Roman: fili

Synonym(s): angel, celestial

5MOM - Noun/Adjective - /fi:gal/ -

Roman: fígal

Synonym(s): shoe, boot, footwear

 $\text{SNJDMe} \text{O} \text{ - Numeral - /fi:p}^h \epsilon \text{-lsw} \epsilon \text{/ -}$ 

Roman: fípelswe

Synonym(s): seven million

与外をフロクのか - Numeral - /fi:thwe.umi/ -

Roman: fítwermi

Synonym(s): seven thousand

与がる / O - Numeral - /fi:thua/ -

Roman: fítra

Synonym(s): seventy

与Xる/O f /O - Numeral - /fi:thuangua/-

Roman: *fítrangra* 

Synonym(s): seven hundred

られる  $\mathfrak D$  - Numeral - /fi: $t^h$ i/ -

Roman: fíti

Synonym(s): seven

与外る $^{\circ}$ の $^{\circ}$  - Adverb -  $^{\circ}$  -  $^{\circ}$  it hat/-

Roman: fítihar

Synonym(s): seven times

5 n/Ø 4 c O - Noun/Adjective - /fix::nda/ -

Roman: firénda

Synonym(s): expense, cost, charge, fee, fine

50mC - Verb - /fe:lou/ -

Roman: félo

Synonym(s): undress, take off clothing

Roman: *fésfepre* Synonym(s): hourglass

Roman: *fépre* Synonym(s): clock

50 / - Noun/Adjective - /fex/ -

Roman: fer

Synonym(s): surface, side, exterior, covering

与/いかせ - Noun/Adjective - /fʌ:mɪn/ -

Roman: fúmin

Synonym(s): garden, farm

与/いかせ・ひ - Adverb - /fa:mina<sup>m</sup>b/ -

Roman: fúminumb

Expression used to describe something, often something dangerous or undesirable, as being very close by (lit. "in the garden"). Use the genitive to say what it is close to.

Synonym(s): at the door (figurative), on the doorstep (figurative), very close by, dangerously near, close to home

与/のかと - Noun/Adjective - /fa:mi<sup>n</sup>d/ -

Roman: fúmind

Synonym(s): gardener, farmer

 $5/\mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O} \cup \cdots$  - Noun/Adjective - /fa: \*\*bege/ -

Roman: fúmbege

Synonym(s): fresh, ripe, young (usually not of people), sprouting budding, nascent, sprout, sapling

5//c - Noun/Adjective - /fa:zd/ -

Roman: *fúrd* 

Synonym(s): stupid, foolish, asleep (body part), unresponsive, inactive, neutralized, deactivated

5/0600 - Adverb -  $f_{\Lambda}$ : $xt^hax/$  -

Roman: fúrtar

Synonym(s): foolishly

5//6 ) - Noun/Adjective - /fa: $xt^hi/$  -

Roman: fúrti

Synonym(s): idiot, asshole (vulgar)

らん - Adverb - /fa:ng/ -

Roman: fúng

Synonym(s): far, for a long time

与分で - Noun/Adjective - /fa:¬gou/ -

Roman: fúngo

Synonym(s): appetizer, side dish, snack, detour, side quest, errand

与/る □ - Noun/Adjective - /fa:the/-

Roman: *fúte*Synonym(s): coffee

ち・シガ - Noun/Adjective - /fʌpʰi:/ -

Roman: fupí
Synonym(s): slingshot

## ⊌ WORDS:

ട്രഗ്ഗ് - Noun/Adjective - /sma:1<sup>n</sup>g/ -

Roman: *smálng* Synonym(s): dragon

ಆ ಅ - Question Word - /smov:m/ -

Roman: smóm

Synonym(s): how?, by what means?

ఆ ఆ అ అ - Noun/Adjective - /smɛ:s/ -

Roman: smés

Abbreviated version of irósmes. Synonym(s): car, auto

⊌ > Ø / - Question Word - /swa:.ı/ -

Roman: swár Synonym(s): what?

 $\text{ By Constant} = \text{ Big Model} \text{ and } \text{ Big Model} \text$ 

li:bwemamb/ -

Roman: swár món líbwemumb

The long version of this idiom is "Swar (pin/emb/ar/etc.) wan mon libwemumb?" lit. "What will (I/you/we/etc.) feel (physically) at breakfast?" The intended metaphor is one of overeating and then waking up the next morning and feeling bloated and terrible. Synonym(s): at what cost?, is it worth it?

⊌ > ØMC = - Question Word - /swa:louf/ -

Roman: swálof

Synonym(s): how many?, how much?

ピングからか/ - Question Word - /swa:lfix/ -

Roman: swálfir Synonym(s): why?

 $\ensuremath{\bowtie}\ensuremath{\supset}\ensuremath{\mathcal{O}}\ensuremath{\circlearrowleft}\cdot\ensuremath{\curvearrowleft}$  - Pronoun - /swa:gai/ - Inanimate -

Roman: swágur

Synonym(s): anything, whatever

とうだか - Question Word - /swou: 1/-

Roman: *swól* Synonym(s): where at?

ピングMで - Question Word - /swou:lou/ -

Roman: *swólo* Synonym(s): where from?

とうだしかと - Noun/Adjective - /swou:br<sup>n</sup>d/ -

Roman: *swóbind* Synonym(s): nobody, no one

とうでMダ - Question Word - /swoulou:/ -

Roman: *swoló* Synonym(s): where to?

ピングルフ》/ - Noun/Adjective - /swi:™bwi』/ -

Roman: swímbwir

Synonym(s): description, example, demonstration

とうれのうか/ - Noun/Adjective - /swi: bwi』/ - Inanimate -

Roman: swímbwir

Synonym(s): explanation, rationale, summary, overview, breakdown, synthesis, key (to reading a set of symbols), legend (on a map or graph)

ピンガルロ - Verb - /swi:<sup>m</sup>bɛ/ -

Roman: swímbe

Synonym(s): describe, explain, show, answer (a question), model

ピンガリ - Noun/Adjective - /swi:n/ -

Roman: swin

Synonym(s): thick, sturdy, strong, firm, durable, intense, loud, dense, rich (in taste or nutrients), nutritious, abundant, plentiful

とつかと ロM - Noun/Adjective - /swi:ndeł/ -

Roman: swindel

Synonym(s): interesting, intriguing

 $\ensuremath{\subset}$  >  $\ensuremath{\subset}$  - Question Word -  $\ensuremath{\subset}$  -  $\en$ 

Roman: swing Synonym(s): when?

ピンダナでルロ - Verb - /swi:ŋgoumbɛ/ -

Roman: swingombe

This is an intransitive verb which takes an allative verb instead of a subject, i.e. "pin swingombe saló" = I convince him/her/them. Synonym(s): convince, influence, sway, persuade

とうがかしせか - Noun/Adjective - /swr:leni/ -

Roman: swíleni

Synonym(s): thickness, intensity, durability, strength (of a material), loudness, volume (of a sound), richness, nutritional value

ピングラの/ - Noun/Adjective - /swi:fax/ -

Roman: swifar Synonym(s): light, pale

ピングラカ - Noun/Adjective - /swi:fi/ -

Roman: swifi Synonym(s): white

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\omega$}}\xspace\xspa$ 

Roman: *swiblar*Synonym(s): thought, memory

ピンガレかさかせ - Noun/Adjective - /swi:bidin/ -

Roman: swibidin

Synonym(s): school, academy, training center

Roman: swémbla

Synonym(s): constellation, galaxy

ピラダグカ - Noun/Adjective - /swe:mbi/ -

Roman: swémbi

Synonym(s): dazzling, gleaming, shining

⊌ ⊃ Ø <sup>e</sup> - Ouestion Word - /swe:nd/ -

Roman: *swénd* Synonym(s): who?

 $\ensuremath{\bowtie}\xspace \ensuremath{\supset}\xspace \ensuremath{\varnothing}\xspace \ensuremath{\supset}\xspace \ensuremath{\varnothing}\xspace \ensuremath{\supset}\xspace \ensuremath{\varnothing}\xspace \ensuremath{\supset}\xspace \ensuremath{\boxtimes}\xspace \ensuremath{\supset}\xspace \ensuremath{\boxtimes}\xspace \ensuremath{\supset}\xspace \ensuremath{\boxtimes}\xspace \ensuremath{\supset}\xspace \ensuremath{\boxtimes}\xspace \ensuremath{\bigcirc}\xspace \ensuremath{\bigcirc}\xspac$ 

Roman: swébind

To describe turning on or off a light, use náburand rél: nábur swébund "turn on the light", rél swébund "turn off the light". Synonym(s): lamp, lantern, light source, room lighting

ピグペラカ - Verb - /sa:mwi/ -

Roman: sámwi

Synonym(s): live (in a place), dwell

ピグタフかかしつO - Noun/Adjective - /sa:mwiłbwa/ -

Roman: sámwilbwa

Synonym(s): population, inhabitants, denizens, people

u ଓ u େ Noun/Adjective - /sa:ma/ -

Roman: sáma

Synonym(s): dust, powder

ಆØ ಅ೯ - Noun/Adjective - /sa:mou/ -

Roman: sámo

Synonym(s): salt, salty, busy (day)

ಆØ ಅನಿನಿ ಅರ ೆ - Noun/Adjective - /sa:mimend/ -

Roman: sámimend

Synonym(s): respective, corresponding

⊌ØΦ □ M - Noun/Adjective - /sa: beł/ - Animate -

Roman: sámbel

Synonym(s): skilled, talented, experienced

 $\cup \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /sa: \*\*bɛłɛni/ - Inanimate

Roman: sámbelleni

Synonym(s): expertise, skill, talent

u  $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$  ·  $\mathcal{Q}$  - Noun/Adjective - /sa:  $^{m}$ b $_{n}$  -

Roman: sámbun Synonym(s): ice, frost ⊌Ø⊃□/ - Noun/Adjective - /sa:wɛɪ/ -

Roman: sáwer

The main social grouping unit used by traditional halflings, and still typically used today in the Patchwork. Isolated villages were generally extensions of the family (though larger villages could contain more than one sawer, which is often confusing to outsiders) and it was generally considered inappropriate to marry anyone from one's own village (which would often be inbreeding), necessitating travel for halflings who came of age so they could find a new sawer to belong to. This is part of the reason that even after the it-Huwp halflings settled in what is now the Patchwork and formed their own society in the wake of the Zelev fall, they continue to have the fundamentally conflicting reputations of being wanderers and explorers, and also homebodies and creatures of comfort.

Though sawers have names, halflings are allowed and even encouraged to leave their sawer to join another, whether by invitation or by forming their own bagwend there. As a result, they don't include the sawer name as part of their own name, going only by a surname.

Synonym(s): town, village, ramage

ಆØ ೧ ಅ - Noun/Adjective - /sa:ɹm/ - Inanimate -

Roman: *sárm* Synonym(s): stone, rock

arphiଡ଼ି ଓ ଓ ପ୍ର ପ୍ର ପ୍ର - Noun/Adjective - /sa:zmbɛn/ -

Roman: sármben Synonym(s): crystal, jewel

Roman: sármbe

Synonym(s): throw, hurl, throw a stone

 ${\it e}{\it O}$   ${\it P}$   ${\it D}$  - Noun/Adjective -  ${\it sa:}x^{\it n}gi/$  -

Roman: sárngi

Synonym(s): enemy, villain, foe

ಆØ್ರ್ - Noun/Adjective - /sa:ngou/ - Inanimate -

Roman: sángo Synonym(s): beach, coast

⊌ØM - Pronoun - /sa:1/ -

Roman: sál

Synonym(s): he, she, him, her, they (sg.), them (sg.)

ఆØగార్) - Noun/Adjective - /sa:lndi/ -

Roman: *sálndi* Synonym(s): squirrel

 $\cup \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \cup -\text{Noun/Adjective - /sa:len/ -}$ 

Roman: sálen

Not in common hobind use.

Synonym(s): computer programming language

ピグラクでの - Noun/Adjective - /sa:f1oum/ -

Roman: sáfrom Synonym(s): summer ピグラクカ - Noun/Adjective - /sa:fxi/ -

Roman: *sáfri* Synonym(s): hot, warm

 $\forall \emptyset$   $\Box \cap -$  Noun/Adjective - /sa:fɛɪ/ -

Roman: sáfer Synonym(s): sun

ଧର କ୍ରିଲ - Noun/Adjective - /sa:f $\Lambda$ m/ -

Roman: sáfum

Most commonly refers to cultivated plants, but may be used to describe any plant. Must be plural to indicate "yield" or "harvest" Synonym(s): plant, herb, crop, yield, harvest

 $\varnothing \mathcal{O} \subset \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /sa:dwas/ -

Roman: sádwas

Synonym(s): productive, industrious, hard-working

 $\forall \emptyset \in \land O = \text{Noun/Adjective - /sa:d.af/ -}$ 

Roman: sádraf

This is a gender-neutral term by default, unlike the Azalian term it comes from. If you want to specify whether it refers to a prince or a princess, one can use sádraf píbin/sádraf tóri for a prince and sádraf rós/sádraf bársun for a princess, depending on age. Synonym(s): princess, prince

 $\forall \emptyset \ \bigcirc \ \Box$  - Noun/Adjective - /sa:t<sup>h</sup> $\epsilon$ / -

Roman: sáte Synonym(s): yellow

⊌Ø¢ □ · · · · Noun/Adjective - /sa:thewnmb/ - Inanimate -

Roman: sátewumb

This doesn't apply to the fruit. Synonym(s): orange (color)

ピログクグラカ - Proper Noun - /samb.ou:wi/ -

Roman: sambrówi

Synonym(s): Newfrost (Azalian month), December

⊌Oへゅんない - Verb - /saxmxov:m/ -

Roman: sarmróm

Synonym(s): carve stone, work stone, sculpt, carve

⊌0/04% €0 - Proper Noun - /sajeni:da/ -

Roman: sarenída

Synonym(s): Sarenita (goddess)

 $\ensuremath{\bowtie}\xspace O \cap \ensuremath{\not}\xspace \mathcal{O} \ \cap \en$ 

Roman: salér

Synonym(s): as for him/her/them(sg.)

 $\forall O = \land f \lor O - \text{Noun/Adjective - /safxou:p}^h a / -$ 

Roman: *safrópa* Synonym(s): moon

ピリダクで - Verb - /sna:10U/ -

Roman: snáro

Synonym(s): care for, love in any way

ビレグクでめ - Noun/Adjective - /sna:zoum/ -

Roman: snárom

Synonym(s): relationship of any sort

ピリグクでのから - Noun/Adjective - /sna:zou<sup>m</sup>bi<sup>n</sup>d/ -

Roman: snárombind

Synonym(s): special person, partner in any kind of relationship, close friend, lover

Roman: snárosos

Synonym(s): loved one, family member

 $\forall \emptyset M \mathcal{N} / O \forall$  - Noun/Adjective - /sna:lixas/ -

Roman: *snáliras* Synonym(s): missionary

ピリダからで - Verb - /sna:tsou/ -

Roman: snálso

Not in general hobind use. Generally restricted to use with modern technology rather than with magical devices and the like Synonym(s): power, activate, charge up, run (a device)

ヒレグからできかか - Noun/Adjective - /sna:lsoudil/ -

Roman: snálsodil

Not in general use. Describes a device that charges electronic or magical devices so that they can continue to be used, i.e. a laptop charger, phone charger, etc., especially for sophisticated or modern devices.

Synonym(s): charger

ಆ೬೩ ೧೯ - Noun/Adjective - /snov:100/ - Inanimate -

Roman: snóro

Synonym(s): chapel, Orisian temple, combined shrine to Azalla and Soltus

ビレグシ / Noun/Adjective - /snov:sxi/ -

Roman: snósri

Synonym(s): territory, property (an area), jurisdiction

ビレダ J M C - Noun/Adjective - /snou:glou/ -

Roman: snóglo

Synonym(s): shrine, sanctuary, temple

とせてと ØとMロ与とかせ - Noun/Adjective -

/snounde:slefsin/ -

Roman: snondéslefsin

Synonym(s): patriarchy

ピリアグへO - Verb - /snov.ov:ha/ -

Roman: snoróha

Synonym(s): sabotage, blow up, detonate

ビルグラでと - Noun/Adjective - /sni:wous/ -

Roman: sníwos

Synonym(s): Orisian crystal, zihuos

ピルガクロ・- Verb - /sni:1a<sup>m</sup>ba/ -

Roman: snírambu

Synonym(s): crave, long for, desire

シリオクシでのから - Noun/Adjective - /sni:ɪsou<sup>m</sup>bɪs/ -

Roman: snírsombis

Synonym(s): museum, exhibition, art display

ピピダク・- Noun/Adjective - /sni:xa/ - Animate -

Roman: sníru

Synonym(s): dominant, head, alpha (of a pack), top dog, pack

loadoi

ピリグ - Noun/Adjective - /sni:d/ -

Roman: sníd

Most commonly found in Azalian-derived street names, or to describe routes and pathways that don't involve a physical road. However, it can also refer to a physical road. Synonym(s): road, way, path, route, course, street

ビルグこうO - Noun/Adjective - /sni:dwa/ - Inanimate -

Roman: snídwa

Coined by hobind speakers by analogy with the very carefully laidout and regular street plans they had seen in Azalian cities, thus the use of the borrowed term "snid".

Synonym(s): street plan, grating, mesh, grid

ピルグと/》 - Noun/Adjective - /sni:dxi/ -

Roman: *snídri* Synonym(s): sewer

ビルグ こ で し Ø f か L - Noun/Adjective - /sni:d ouba: ngm/ -

Roman: sníd obángin

Synonym(s): trade route

ヒリカググMさO - Proper Noun - /snrmba:lda/ -

Roman: snimbálda

From Azalian "Zhiumvalda", meaning "Fallad's Day". Synonym(s): Wednesday, Fallad's Day

Roman: snimbálgos

From Azalian Zhiumvalgosh, "Falgo's Day". Synonym(s): Thursday, Falgo's Day

ఆఆ ప్రద్యాగులు - /snrnda:łag/ -

Roman: snindállag

From the Azalian "Zhiunzallac", meaning "Azalla's Day". Synonym(s): Saturday, Azalla's Day

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\leq$}}$  ଏ  $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\rangle$}}$   $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\rangle$}}$  - Proper Noun -  $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\rangle$}}$  - Proper Noun -  $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\rangle$}}$  - Proper Noun -  $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\rangle$}}$ 

Roman: snindaréndag

From the Azalian Zhiunzarendac "Sarenita's Day". Considered unlucky because of its association with war and strife. Synonym(s): Tuesday, Sarenita's Day

ヒルカとでかとがヒカヒ - Proper Noun - /snindouldou:sis/ -

Roman: snindoldósis

From Azalian Zhiunzoldussis, "Soltus's Day". Synonym(s): Sunday, Soltus's Day

ビリカクØJO - Noun/Adjective - /snixa:ga/ -

Roman: *snirága* Synonym(s): warhammer

UNJOME 100 - Proper Noun - /snrngalou: 1ab/ -

Roman: sningalórab

From the Azalian Zhiungalorrab, "Chlora's Day". Synonym(s): Friday, Chlora's Day

ಆಳು ನಿಗ್ಗಳ - Noun/Adjective - /snr¹glou:/ -

Roman: sningló

Not commonly used by hobbits as they do not typically have access to computers, but used by those familiar with the Ancient Zelev technology.

Synonym(s): computer

હિં તે પ્રેમ્પ્રેમ્પ્રેસ્ટ મેં તે Proper Noun - /snɪ $^\eta$ gɪnɛ:sfi/ -

Roman: sninginésfi

From Zhiuneginezve, Azalian for "Equinyx's Day". Synonym(s): Monday, Equinyx's Day

とせかさ/ク与フか/- Noun/Adjective - /snɪdʌ:ɪfwiɪ/ -

Roman: *snidúrfwir* Synonym(s): escape route

ヒセダクかかび - Noun/Adjective - /snɛ:ɹɪłbou/ - Animate -

Roman: snérilbo

Synonym(s): behemoth, legendary beast, epic monster, titan, titanic, epic, invincible, unstoppable, unbeatable

 $\ensuremath{\,arphi\,}$ ଏ ମୁ M ଟ ୬)  $\ensuremath{\,arphi\,}$  - Noun/Adjective - /snɛ: $\ensuremath{\, ext{td}}$ is/ - Animate -

Roman: snéldis

Synonym(s): oracle, diviner, seer, priest of Soltus

ଧ୍ୟ Ø ଲ ଧ ୬ ଓ - Noun/Adjective - /sne:fsim/ -

Roman: snéfsim

Synonym(s): second (unit of time)

Seli:tha/-Noun/Adjective - /sneli:tha/-

Roman: snelíta

This is the title of the President of West Bellakor in the Tallfellow

tongue.

Synonym(s): president, prime minister

ヒリロMをダク - Verb - /snelthou:1/-

Roman: sneltór

Synonym(s): miss (someone), long for

ಆ೧Øಅ - Verb - /sɪɑ:m/ -

Roman: srám

Synonym(s): breathe, relax, rest

ピクØふうか/ - Noun/Adjective - /sɪɑ:mwi.ɪ/ -

Roman: srámwir

Synonym(s): breath, breather, rest, break, nap, inn, hotel, lodging

ヒクグタ) / でと - Noun/Adjective - /sɪɑ:miɹous/ - Inanimate -

Roman: srámiros

Not in general hobind use.

Synonym(s): gas station, fuel station, filling station

Roman: sráren

Synonym(s): destroy, smash, break, raze

⊌ ſ Ø ſ □ Ĉ Ŋ - Noun/Adjective - /sɹɑ:ɹε<sup>n</sup>di/ -

Roman: srárendi

Synonym(s): destruction, blast, explosion, bombardment

 $= \wedge \emptyset = 0 \wedge - \text{Adverb} - /\text{sig:sgi/} -$ 

Roman: srásar

This adverb is used to describe actions that didn't happen that could have happened but fortunately didn't, or that the speaker is glad didn't happen. It can also be used to indicate actions that could happen in the future or be happening, and to indicate that that would be a bad thing. Halflings frequently use this in situations where English speakers might say "I'm afraid that..." or "I

Synonym(s): hopefully won't, might, shouldn't, afraid that...

ピクダ - Verb - /sxi:/ -

Roman: srí

Synonym(s): glow, shine

ピクカラカセダクカ - Noun/Adjective - /sufing:xi/-

Roman: srifinári

Synonym(s): ice devil

 $\forall \land \not D \land O \land C \lor \neg V$  Noun/Adjective - /s. $\neg V \land O \land C \lor \neg V$  Noun/Adjective - /s. $\neg V \land O \land C \lor \neg V$ 

Roman: srélados

Synonym(s): dictator, tyrant, warlord, conqueror

Roman: sréb

Synonym(s): amethyst

 $\text{$\varnothing \land \Box \bowtie \psi \not \boxtimes \land \Box \bowtie \land} \text{$\bot$ Noun/Adjective - /s.iesne:$$^n dism/-}$ 

Roman: sresnéndisin Synonym(s): business, industry Roman: sómenam

Synonym(s): partisan, tribal, fractious, sectarian, divisive, sect,

シダ ワ <sup>で</sup> - Noun/Adjective - /sou:me<sup>n</sup>d/ - Animate -

Roman: sómend

Related to somb "foot", i.e. halflings believe that family descent can be measured most effectively through examination of one's

Synonym(s): descent, ancestry, family history, bloodline, heritage, legacy, family tree

ビダク - Noun/Adjective - /sou:mb/ -

Roman: sómb Synonym(s): foot

ピグクでせか - Noun/Adjective - /sou: bloomi/ -

Roman: sómbroni

Synonym(s): steady, secure, unfaltering

とがのでち - Noun/Adjective - /sou:mbouf/ -

Roman: sómbof

The Azalian week, a period of seven days (much like our weeks). Synonym(s): week

ピグクカ - Verb - /sou:mbi/ -

Roman: sómbi Synonym(s): walk

ピダグ)/ - Noun/Adjective - /sou: mbi. I/ -

Roman: sómbir Synonym(s): step, footprint

とない. M - Noun/Adjective - /sou: bał/ -

Roman: sómbul

Synonym(s): choice, decision, option

ピグラで / ピ - Noun/Adjective - /sou:wous/ -

Roman: sówors

Synonym(s): turkey, guineafowl

ビダセ・M - Noun/Adjective - /sou:nal/ -

Roman: sónul

Less positive than bérom, which implies the good end of sónul (much as móto implies the bad end).

Synonym(s): okay, so-so, acceptable, not good or bad, all right

⊌グとうで - Noun/Adjective - /sou:ndwou/ - Inanimate -

Roman: sóndwo

Synonym(s): path, trail, walkway

ピグクリク - Noun/Adjective - /sou:na/ -

Roman: sórna

Synonym(s): normal, ordinary, typical, standard

Roman: sórindomb

Used only to describe the residence of a king or queen from other civilizations (e.g. human, dwarven), not the residences of mayors or Great-Mayors (even if very opulent).

Synonym(s): palace

Roman: sórund

A sorund is in a sense a family member; as someone born in the same sawer, someone's sorund is forbidden to marry or otherwise mate with them, but two halflings who are not each other's esorund can mingle as they desire.

Synonym(s): townsfolk, peasant, commoner, villager, common member of a sawer

ビダケ/で - Noun/Adjective - /sou:¬g100/ -

Roman: sóngro

Synonym(s): careful, wary, cautious, meticulous

ピグノCへO/ - Adverb - /sou: glouhal/ -

Roman: sóngrohar

Synonym(s): carefully, cautiously, warily

ピグかさでと - Proper Noun - /sou:ldous/ -

Roman: sóldos Synonym(s): Soltus (god)

⊌グMCMC⊌ - Proper Noun - /sou:ldlous/ -

Roman: sóldlos

Synonym(s): Solstice (Azalian month), July

⊌ばへかめ - Noun/Adjective - /sou:him/ -

Roman: sóhim

Synonym(s): force (physics)

ピダンM・-Verb - /sou:bln/-

Roman: sóblu

Synonym(s): choose, decide

 ${\it eff-cou:blasa1^ng/-Inanimate}$ 

Roman: sóblusurng

Synonym(s): reserved, set aside, special, singular

ビダンM・ Ø S・J・M C Ø M P フ・M - Expression - /sou:bla

ε:mangał de:lmbwał/ -

Roman: sóblu émungul délmbwul

Synonym(s): choose one's own path, make one's own choices, go one's own way

ఆ $\mathcal{K}$ ్స్ స్ట్రి - Noun/Adjective - /sou:gixm/ -

Roman: sógirm

Synonym(s): minister, lord, official, member of a council of elders

ビグ シでか - Verb - /sou:phouł/ -

Roman: sópol

Synonym(s): arrange, configure, sort, set the table, set up, manage

ビダ して M - Noun/Adjective - /sou:phoułn Al/ -

Roman: sópolnul

Synonym(s): arrangement, configuration, setup

ビグ ら・ - Noun/Adjective - /sou:tha/ -

Roman: sótu Synonym(s): sapient

ఆ C - Ouestion Word - /sou/ -

Roman: so

Synonym(s): does?, did?, is?, whether

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{$arphi$}}$   $\ensuremath{\mbox{$arphi$}}$ 

Roman: sombréldro

Synonym(s): Feystep (Azalian month), April

とで つひせ でんせん - Expression - /sou wan oumou:/-

Roman: so wan ornó

Synonym(s): please

とでしかばらくOu - Verb - /soublou:m.gan/-

Roman: soblómran Synonym(s): elect, vote

 $\mathbb{C}$  ୁ ମହିତ୍ର ମ  $\mathbb{C}$  ୬ ଓ - Noun/Adjective - /soublou:m.anım/ -

Roman: soblómranim Synonym(s): election, voting

ピMダビ - Noun/Adjective - /slov:s/ -

Roman: slós

Synonym(s): honor, obedience, chivalry, knighthood, dwarven knight, honorable, obedient, chivalrous, knightly

⊌MØ <sup>c</sup> - Question Word - /sle:nd/ -

Roman: slénd Synonym(s): whose

ピMグナカビ - Noun/Adjective - /sle:"gis/ -

Roman: sléngis Synonym(s): emperor

⊌M D - Noun/Adjective - /slɛ/ -

Roman: sle

Synonym(s): theirs (animate)

ピMノクタ - Noun/Adjective - /sln:xm/ -

Roman: slúrm

Synonym(s): locust, grasshopper

ಆಗಳ - Noun/Adjective - /si:mou/ -

Roman: símo Synonym(s): sigh

ಆ೫ ಅ೯ - Verb - /si:mou/ -

Roman: símo Synonym(s): sigh

シガルロシ - Noun/Adjective - /si:mbes/ -

Roman: símbes

Synonym(s): nonbinary person, fey entity

ピガルロビルタ - Noun/Adjective - /si:mbesim/ -

Roman: símbesim

Synonym(s): gender non-conformity

シグとMログ - Noun/Adjective - /si:ndlemb/ -

Roman: síndlemb

Synonym(s): swordsman, sword fighter

ピメイル - Noun/Adjective - /si:xmb/ -

Roman: sírmb Synonym(s): quartz

ピガクで <sup>2</sup> - Noun/Adjective - /si:ɹoud/ -

Roman: sírod Synonym(s): ivory

ビガビでと - Noun/Adjective - /si:sous/ -

Roman: sísos

Especially used for the tower of an aristocrat or wizard. Synonym(s): tower

ఆ $\mathcal{N} \sqcup \mathcal{D}$  - Noun/Adjective - /si:sɛ/ - Inanimate -

Roman: síse

Synonym(s): sample, subject of experiment, test subject, point of comparison, benchmark

ピガへで - Noun/Adjective - /si:hou/ - Animate -

Roman: sího

Synonym(s): infernal, fiendish, hellish

ピガノ ) - Noun/Adjective - /si:bi/ -

Roman: síbi Synonym(s): cute

ピガノかと - Noun/Adjective - /si:bɪnd/ -

Roman: síbind

Synonym(s): pet, child (slang)

ಆ೫ ೮ · / - Noun/Adjective - /si:phai/ -

Roman: sípur

Synonym(s): silly, funny, goofy, tingly (sensation)

ピカクで & クグへで - Noun/Adjective - /sixouthxa:hou/ -

Roman: sirotráho Synonym(s): horned devil

とかかさな - Noun/Adjective - /srłdou:/ -

Roman: sildó

Synonym(s): sad, unhappy, miserable, passed away

ピカかさんの - Verb - /srłdou:mou/ -

Roman: sildómo

Synonym(s): worry, fret, stress out, be upset, be concerned, behave gloomily, brood

ピカかとだっクク - Adverb - /siłdou:ha./ -

Roman: sildóhar

Used for "I'm sorry" only in the sense of being sorry for someone's predicament that you were in no way responsible for. If you are apologizing for something you did, use wonderó instead. Synonym(s): sadly, unfortunately, sorry to hear that

ピグリア ) - Noun/Adjective - /sɛ:niɹi/ -

Roman: séniri Synonym(s): devil

⊌Ø <sup>c</sup> · Noun/Adjective - /se:ndou/ -

Roman: séndo

Synonym(s): worm, earthworm

⊌Ø↑□↑⊌ - Noun/Adjective - /sɛ:ɹɛɹs/ -

Roman: sérers Synonym(s): oasis

⊌ØJ OM - Noun/Adjective - /se:ngwał/ - Inanimate -

Roman: séngwal Synonym(s): coral

⊌ØM - Noun/Adjective - /sɛ:ł/ -

Roman: sél

Synonym(s): rope, thread, cord, string

ఆØന് ് - Noun/Adjective - /se:lmou/ -

Roman: sélmo

Synonym(s): racist, intolerant

 $\forall \emptyset \cap O \cap \mathcal{C}$  - Noun/Adjective - /se: $\exists a \text{100}^{n} d / - \exists f \in \mathcal{C}$ 

Roman: sélarond Synonym(s): hermit, loner

⊌ØMC - Noun/Adjective - /sɛ:lou/ - Inanimate -

Roman: sélo

Synonym(s): single, alone, only

⊌ØMC∩O/ - Adverb - /se:louhai/ -

Roman: sélohar

Synonym(s): only, just, simply

Roman: *sélemb* Synonym(s): Zelev Empire

 $\forall \not D \cap C \cdot c$  - Noun/Adjective - /sɛ:lɛ<sup>m</sup>b $\Lambda$ <sup>n</sup>d/ -

Roman: sélembund Synonym(s): Zelev person

Roman: sélu

Not in general hobind use (I think).

Synonym(s): display, screen, computer monitor

Roman: *séfwen* Synonym(s): fox

ピグラ/で - Verb - /sɛ:fɪou/ -

Roman: séfro

Synonym(s): sing, chant, recite poetry

 $\forall \emptyset \leq \land COOQ$  - Noun/Adjective -  $\land$ se:f1oumban/ -

Roman: séfromban

Synonym(s): legendary, epic, heroic

Roman: séfrond

Synonym(s): song, singer, poem, poet

 $\forall \emptyset \leq \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /se:f100bag/ -

Roman: séfrobag

Synonym(s): band (music), orchestra

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\not$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$\not$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$\not$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$\not$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$\not$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$\not$}}$  - Noun/Adjective - /se:foun/ - Inanimate -

Roman: séfon

Synonym(s): loud, noisy, distracting, ruckus, loud noise

 $\ensuremath{\,arphi\,} \ensuremath{\,\mathcal{D}}$  - Noun/Adjective - /sɛ:fɛ/ -

Roman: séfe

Synonym(s): sound, noise, out loud, sounded, audible, spoken (language)

 $\ensuremath{\bowtie}\xspace \ensuremath{\not}\xspace \ensuremath{\bowtie}\xspace \ensuremath{\otimes}\xspace \ensuremath{\otimes}\xspac$ 

Roman: séhis

Synonym(s): snake

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{$arphi$}}\slash$ 

Roman: sétre

Synonym(s): golem, construct (creature type), robot, program, automated system, artificial intelligence, AI, automated, robotic, computer-controlled (gaming)

 $\mathrel{\ \ } \mathrel{\ \ } \mathrel{\$ 

Roman: sétreleni

Synonym(s): golem construction, robotics

Roman: sétre hénda

Not in general hobind usage.

Synonym(s): automatic teller machine, ATM

 ${\it \,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,}$   ${\it \,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,}$   ${\it \,}$  - Expression - /se<sup>m</sup>bi:t<sup>h</sup>ε/ -

Roman: sembíte

Variant greeting used most commonly in the kingdom of Azalia, but less common than embróm.

Synonym(s): hello

⊌/ MO - Noun/Adjective - /sa: bła/ -

Roman: súmbla

Derived from Sútimbla "Skyslumber", as the event most memorable in each calendar year.
Synonym(s): year

ピノと・M - Noun/Adjective - /sa:ndał/ -

Roman: súndul Synonym(s): bed

ビノノのでM - Noun/Adjective - /sn: Imoul/ -

Roman: súrmol

Also refers to the period of time when elevenses is typically eaten, approximately 11:20 am - 12:40 pm.

Synonym(s): elevenses

シ/ ハナ・ナ - Adverb - /sn:x<sup>n</sup>gn<sup>n</sup>g/ -

Roman: súrngung

Takes a noun or verbal phrase, as with ingung, to indicate what

the event is before.

Synonym(s): before, previously, ago

⊌/ & CU - Noun/Adjective - /s∧:thoun/ - Animate -

Roman: súton

Synonym(s): obsolete, outdated, dated, retired, worn out, no good anymore, exhausted, depleted, used up, lost its magic (of magical items)

ピノるカ - Verb - /sʌ:tʰi/ -

Roman: súti

Synonym(s): sleep, go to bed

ఆf  $\xi$   $\mathfrak{I}$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$  - Proper Noun - /s $\Lambda$ : $t^h r^m b t a / - t^h r^m b t$ 

Roman: sútimbla

Can also be used to count years (i.e. "it has been seven Skyslumbers since...") although this sounds a bit archaic and today súmbla "year" is used more commonly.

Synonym(s): Skyslumber (Azalian month)

Roman: sútihar

Fixture of Babandelglib slang, made famous after the controversial opening of the "Sutihar" inn in that city, which drew criticism because some residents felt it was encouraging youngsters to speak incorrectly. Still not widely accepted by the broader public and heavily associated with young halfling speakers. Synonym(s): exhausted, worn out, beat, asleep on one's feet

Roman: su Synonym(s): back

と・ ング - Noun/Adjective - /sʌwou:/ -

Roman: suwó

Synonym(s): back (of a creature or person)

ピ・フグ - Noun/Adjective - /sʌwi:/ -

Roman: suwí

Cannot be used to describe light in the sense of "not heavy", only in the sense of light that illuminates and allows sight. Synonym(s): light

Roman: sundéldro

Synonym(s): Feyslumber (Azalian month), February

⊌· / ∫ Ø - Numeral - /sʌɪgɑ:/ -

Roman: surgá Synonym(s): eight

Roman: surgáhar Synonym(s): eight times

⊌·M - Noun/Adjective - /sʌł/ -

Roman: sul

Synonym(s): his, her, hers, their (sg.), theirs (sg.)

ビ・与 フグ - Noun/Adjective - /sʌfwi:/ -

Roman: sufwí

Synonym(s): quiet, silent, peaceful

ビ・与フグナ - Noun/Adjective - /sʌfwi:ŋg/ -

Roman: sufwing Synonym(s): bat

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{$arphi$}}$  - S) In O U D - Noun/Adjective - /safwi:leni/ -

Roman: sufwileni

Synonym(s): peace, quiet, silence, nothing to report, cured (of an illness), no problem found

と・らがと - Noun/Adjective - /sʌfi:nd/ -

Roman: sufind

Used especially to refer to unusual chemicals not typically found in nature, such as those produced using ancient Zelev techniques. Synonym(s): chemical

と・さばせ - Noun/Adjective - /sʌdou:n/ -

Roman: sudón

Synonym(s): continent, landmass

## 

 $\cap \emptyset$  - Noun/Adjective - /ha:/ - Animate -

Roman: há

"Ha de wirto" means "it is raining" (lit. the sky is crying); "ha umbur sildo" means the weather is cloudy (lit. the sky is sad); "ha de mamblo" means the weather is sunny (lit. the sky is smiling); etc. Hobind speakers ascribe many emotions to the sky and often use them to describe the weather.

Synonym(s): sky, weather

 $\cap \mathcal{O}$  - Verb - /ha:/ -

Roman: *há* 

Synonym(s): scratch, scrape

 $\cap \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \supset \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ha: "bɪł/ - Inanimate -

Roman: hámbil

Not used for the verb "to rain" - see instead "héldo" or "déli". Synonym(s): rain, raindrops, fresh water, pond, pool

 $(\mathcal{O}) \otimes - \text{Noun/Adjective - /ha:wis/ -}$ 

Roman: háwis

Synonym(s): attack, strike, assault

 $\cap \emptyset \supset \bigcup \mathcal{U}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ha:wɛn/ -

Roman: *háwen*Synonym(s): horn, antler

 $\land \varnothing \supset \cdot \land \circlearrowleft \lor \circlearrowleft \supset \cdot \land \circlearrowleft \lor \circ$  - Noun/Adjective - /ha:wʌlɛni/ -

Roman: *háwuleni* Synonym(s): influence, clout

 $\land \emptyset \land \int O \circlearrowleft - \text{Verb} - /\text{ha:} \text{igam} / -$ 

Roman: hárgam

Synonym(s): compete with, play against, oppose

へのインののうか/ - Noun/Adjective - /ha:zgamwiz/ -

Roman: *hárgamwir* Synonym(s): competition, contest

 $\cap \emptyset \cap \mathcal{O}$  ଓ ୬ ୬ ଓ - Noun/Adjective - /ha:ɹgamɪm/ - Animate -

Roman: hárgamim

Doesn't refer to an individual competition, which is hárgamwir. Synonym(s): competition, competitive, competing, opposition, opposed, opposing

 $\cap \emptyset \cap O \cap -$  Noun/Adjective - /ha:fax/ -

Roman: hálar

Synonym(s): key, password, passphrase

 $\label{eq:localization} \text{and for all substitutes} \land \text{Most} \land \text{Noun/Adjective-/ha:} \\ \text{ha:} \\ \text{h$ 

Roman: *hálngremund* Synonym(s): cradle, highchair

 $\cap \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{F} \cdot \nearrow$  - Noun/Adjective - /ha: $\mathcal{F}^{\eta}$ gai/ -

Roman: hálngur

"Hálngur hiraf" can be used to specify that a saddle is what's being referred to.

Synonym(s): chair, seat, saddle

 $\cap \emptyset = \mathbb{N}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ha:fi/ -

Roman: háfi

Synonym(s): eternal, endless, immortal, neverending

(0.5) (0.5

Roman: háfiher

Synonym(s): eternally, forever, endlessly

 $\land \emptyset \ \ ) \ \$  - Noun/Adjective - /ha:sig/ -

Roman: hásig

Not in general hobind use. Synonym(s): atom

 $\land \mathcal{O} \cup \cdot \circlearrowleft \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O} \cup \cdot$  Noun/Adjective - /ha:bAgabaan/ -

Roman: *hábugabran* Synonym(s): hobgoblin

 $\cap \emptyset$   $\stackrel{?}{\sim}$  · - Verb - /ha:d $\wedge$ / -

Roman: hádu

Synonym(s): stab, stick, skewer

 $\land O \land \varnothing = -\text{Noun/Adjective} - /\text{haze:s/} -$ 

Roman: *harés* Synonym(s): winter

Roman: hahér

Synonym(s): soft (texture), moist, easy

 $\cap O \cap \emptyset \cap O$  - Adverb - /hahe:1a/ -

Roman: hahéra Synonym(s): easily

ヘ셔 ଓ - Verb - /hou:m/ -

Roman: hóm

Takes the genitive case for the thing being pushed, shoved, pressed or clicked. The object of hóm is the place something is being

Synonym(s): push at, shove at, deliver to, take (an object) to, press, click (with a mouse)

へんらうか~ - Noun/Adjective - /hou:mwi』/ -

Roman: hómwir

Synonym(s): push, shove, press, click (mouse), button

へんっつ - Noun/Adjective - /hou:mbou/ -

Roman: hómbo

Synonym(s): arena (for combat), fighting pit

へばう》 - Noun/Adjective - /hou:wi/ -

Roman: hówi

Synonym(s): light (not heavy), lightweight, floating, buoyant

へばうか/ - Verb - /hou:wi』/ -

Roman: hówir

Synonym(s): clean, clear out, scrub, prune, trim

¬√√ ¬ ¬ Noun/Adjective - /hou:wɛ/ - Animate -

Roman: hówe

Synonym(s): wind, breeze, windy, breezy

~ Proper Noun - /hou:weła/ -

Roman: hówela

Synonym(s): Skybreeze (Azalian month), May

~ Noun/Adjective - /hou:nd/ -

Roman: hónd

Synonym(s): father, uncle, dad

へんとう・い - Noun/Adjective - /hou:ndw/m/-

Roman: hóndwum Synonym(s): grandfather

へんとうり - Noun/Adjective - /hou:ndxrnq/ -

Roman: hóndring Synonym(s): feather

Roman: hóndind Synonym(s): finger

 $\land$ ് ് ് ് ് ് ് ് ് ം Noun/Adjective - /hou: $^n$ dılam/ - Inanimate -

Roman: hóndilum Synonym(s): tentacle, pseudopod

 $\cap$   $\mathbb{Z}^6$   $\mathbb{Z}^6$ 

Roman: hóndigel Synonym(s): peninsula,point

 $\begin{picture}(100,0) \put(0,0){\line(0,0){100}} \put(0,0){\line(0,0){1$ 

Inanimate -

Roman: hóndigelon Synonym(s): cape, large peninsula

へん / い - Noun/Adjective - /hou:.m/ -

Roman: hórm Synonym(s): stout, hearty

へんん・と - Noun/Adjective - /hou:xmand/ -

Roman: hórmund Synonym(s): dwarf

∩ \( \lambda \) \( \mathcal{O} \) \( \mathcal{Q} \) \( \mathcal{Q} \) \( \mathcal{O} \) \( \mathcal{Q} \) \( \mathcal{O} \) \( \mathcal{Q} \) \( \mathcal{Q

Roman: hórwen Synonym(s): wolf

へんりつロイトの - Noun/Adjective - /hou:zwenzoun/ -

Roman: hórwenron Synonym(s): dire wolf

∩\$\( \cap O \sigma \) - Noun/Adjective - /hou:1\( \alpha \) /-

Roman: *hóraf* Synonym(s): coyote, jackal

へばっと - Noun/Adjective - /hou:』nd/ -

Roman: hórnd Synonym(s): meat, flesh

Roman: hórndepar

Synonym(s): sufficiently, enough, adequately, robustly, a healthy amount, richly

∩ Noun/Adjective - /hou:10u/ -

Roman: hóro Synonym(s): dog

へん/シ - Noun/Adjective - /hou:』s/ -

Roman: hórs Synonym(s): smoke, smog

Roman: hórtomb

The plural, éhortomb, can be used to refer to one's entire body. There's no separate word for "body" in Tallfellow.

Synonym(s): body part

∩ Noun/Adjective - /hou: l/ -

Roman: hól

Synonym(s): place, space, location

∩ MU·/ - Noun/Adjective - /hou:łnʌɪ/ -

Roman: hólnur

Synonym(s): setting, frame, surroundings

റ്റ് M / റ ് ് ് ് v - Noun/Adjective - /hou:læmen/ -

Roman: hólremen

Synonym(s): meeting place, lobby, entrance, desktop (computer)

റ്റ് M ല ് O ് - Noun/Adjective - /hou:ls.iam/ - Inanimate -

Roman: hólsram Synonym(s): camp, rest stop

∩√M D c - Noun/Adjective - /hou:lend/ -

Roman: hólend

Synonym(s): store, market, shop

へんかしら んれんしつじゃ - Noun/Adjective - /hou:lend ni:p<sup>h</sup>εwous/ -

Roman: hólend nípewos

Not in general hobind use. Synonym(s): stock exchange

へんかんかで - Noun/Adjective - /hou:łblou/ -

Roman: hólblo

Synonym(s): office, study, laboratory

へんから / C - Adverb - /hou:lthjou/ -

Roman: hóltro

Synonym(s): everywhere, all over, all across

へんとか - Noun/Adjective - /hou:si/ -

Roman: hósi

Synonym(s): harsh, unpleasant, brutal

へんしい - Verb - /hou:boum/ -

Roman: hóbom

Synonym(s): knead, press, shape, mold, form

へんしかのせか - Noun/Adjective - /hou:bleni/ -

Roman: hóbleni

Synonym(s): mankind, hobbitkind, humanity

 $\land \text{Noun/Adjective - /hou:bi}^n d/-$ 

Roman: hóbind Synonym(s): halfling, person

 $(1)^{6}$   $(1)^$ 

Roman: hóbindwa

Synonym(s): crowd, mob, gathering, group of people

(1) (2) (3) (3) (4)

Roman: hóbitar

Synonym(s): race, culture, people

Roman: hópre Synonym(s): researcher

~ \( \begin{aligned} \begin{aligned} \cdot \begin{aligned} \cdot \cdot

Roman: hótega

Synonym(s): shy, socially anxious, introverted, awkward

∩ Particle - /hou/ -

Roman: ho Synonym(s): let, may へで ふめつ・ へば さ M 🗸 - Expression - /hou ma:wa 100:ndle/ -

Roman: ho máwu róndle

Literally "eat something delicious", but metaphorically refers to having a good experience, i.e. the delicious food is the hopefully enjoyable experience that will be had. Thus "have a good time" is the closest direct translation past the metaphor.

Synonym(s): good luck, have a good day, have a good time

 $\cap$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$  - Noun/Adjective - /hou<sup>n</sup>d.100:p<sup>h</sup>a/ -

Roman: hondrópa Synonym(s): crow, raven

 $\cap \mathbb{C} / \emptyset$  - Verb - /houga:/ -

Roman: horá

Synonym(s): call, get someone's attention

へで/ さ ロ / い - Noun/Adjective - /hournde.rm/ -

Roman: hornderm

Typically has a positive connotation, rather than a negative one, in

hobind culture.

Synonym(s): fat, well-stocked, healthy, enough, sufficient

へで / ダ ・ Noun/Adjective - /hou.iou:m/ -

Roman: horóm

Synonym(s): nature, outdoors, wilderness, natural, wild

へでクダめ》 - Noun/Adjective - /hou.ou:mi/ -

Roman: horómi Synonym(s): puppy

∩ C / N U - Noun/Adjective - /hou.i:n/ - Inanimate -

Roman: horín

Synonym(s): strait, channel between two larger bodies of water

へでかとばへ・ビ - Noun/Adjective - /houł<sup>n</sup>dou:has/ -

Roman: holndóhus

Not in typical hobind use. Synonym(s): airport

へでかしゃ/めいしゃ - /houlendle:men/ -

Roman: holendrémen

Synonym(s): marketplace, merchant's district

へでMJ)M与Ø/J/でめ - Noun/Adjective -

/houłbiłfa:abaoum/ - Animate -

Roman: holbilfárbrom

Sometimes abbreviated as fárbrom, especially in place names. Synonym(s): trading post

へでmcガビmりと - Noun/Adjective - /houldi:slin/ -

Roman: holdíslin

Not in general hobind use Synonym(s): online, on the Internet へでか・いへのとがこかか - Noun/Adjective -

/houlam.iandou:dil/ -

Roman: holumrandódil

Synonym(s): adventurer

 $\ \, \cap \mathbb{C} \ \, \stackrel{\textstyle <}{\sim} \ \, \emptyset \ \, \mathbb{C} \ \, / \ \, \mathbb{C} \ \, - \ \, \text{Expression - /hou fa:"gouje/-} \, .$ 

Roman: ho fángore Synonym(s): goodbye

 $\cap$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$  - Expression - /hou sath is 100:phas/-

Roman: ho súti rópar Synonym(s): good night

Roman: *hobindwúmbo* Synonym(s): tallfellow halfling

~ C C M Ø M D M D O M - Expression - /hou dxi: ε:.xetwem/

-

Roman: ho drí érelwem

Synonym(s): run for your lives, get the hell out of here, run for it

∩C√K - Expression - /hougou:/ -

Roman: hogó

Swear word derived from the phrase ho gyro "Die!" Synonym(s): fuck you!

Mの/か-Noun/Adjective - /hi:mb.ii/ -

Roman: *hímbri* Synonym(s): cold, cool

へ Verb - /hi:mbe/ -

Roman: *hímbe*Synonym(s): cool, chill

NOM - Proper Noun - /hi: "belal/ -

Roman: hímbelal

Synonym(s): Treechill (Azalian month), November

へがひ・/ M O & 》 - Noun/Adjective - /hi:<sup>m</sup>bʌɪlɛni/ -

Roman: hímburleni

Synonym(s): temperature, level of cold

へがうかせ - Noun/Adjective - /hi:win/ -

Roman: *híwin* Synonym(s): stable

へが / らO - Verb - /hi:.ma/ -

Roman: hírma

Synonym(s): greet, introduce oneself

へが ハロら - Noun/Adjective - /hi:ɹaf/ -

Roman: *híraf*Synonym(s): pony, steed

~ MMC/C - Noun/Adjective - /hr:lou.ou/ -

Roman: *híloro* Synonym(s): riding dog

~\mathscr{A} \sigma \cdot \cd

Roman: hífu Synonym(s): nose

Mule - Noun/Adjective - /hi:pha/ -

Roman: hípu

Not in common hobind use.

Synonym(s): bullet (for a modern rifle)

Roman: hiráf

Not in common hobind use. Synonym(s): vacuum

へ かんの ちゅうと - Noun/Adjective - /hi.a:flous/ -

Roman: hiráflos

Not in common hobind use. Synonym(s): vacuum cleaner

へかんのちングで - Noun/Adjective - /hi.rafwa: mbou/ -

Roman: hirafwúmbo

Synonym(s): horse

Roman: hifáhend

Synonym(s): expect, predict, await, wait for, prepare for

Roman: hifúrd

Synonym(s): behave foolishly, act out, cause trouble, cause a

disturbance

へかしがへら - Verb - /hɪbi:ɹm/ -

Roman: hibírm

Synonym(s): mother, pamper, nurture

へかりをつで - Verb - /higov:10u/ -

Roman: higóro

Synonym(s): play dead, pretend to be dead

 $\cap \emptyset$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$  - Noun/Adjective - /he: $^{n}$ da/ -

Roman: *hénda* Synonym(s): money, gold

റെ മ് േ ് ് ് verb - /he:ºdouł/ -

Roman: *héndol* Synonym(s): sell

 $\cap \emptyset$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$  Noun/Adjective - /he:"doublity -

Roman: héndoldil

Synonym(s): shopkeeper, merchant

 $\land \varnothing$  ै )) ଓ  ${\Bbb C}$  - Noun/Adjective - /hɛ:ndɪmou/ -

Roman: héndimo

Synonym(s): income, money gain, earnings, wages, salary

 $\land \varnothing \ \ \ ) \ \ \ \, \circ \ \ ) \ \ \ ^{c} \ \ - Noun/Adjective \ \ - \ \ /h\epsilon:^{n}dr^{m}bwr^{n}d/ \ \ -$ 

Roman: héndimbwind

Synonym(s): trader, travelling merchant, travelling salesman

へめようロペ - Verb - /he:ngwem/ -

Roman: héngwem

Synonym(s): substitute ingredients, modify, translate (a language)

へばようしゅうか/ - Noun/Adjective - /he: gwemwi』/ -

Roman: héngwemwir

Synonym(s): translation, substitution, variant of a recipe

へめようで - Verb - /he:ŋgɪou/ -

Roman: *héngro* Synonym(s): join, enter

 $\cap \mathcal{D} \mathcal{I} \cap \mathcal{O} \cap - \text{Adverb} - /\text{he:} \text{glai} / -$ 

Roman: hénglar

Synonym(s): instead, otherwise, alternatively

∩Ø♂)- Verb - /hε:¬gi/ -

Roman: *héngi* Synonym(s): come

 $\cap \varnothing f \cdot M$  - Noun/Adjective - /he: $^{\eta}$ gał/ -

Roman: héngul

Synonym(s): other, alternate, different

∩ØM2℃ - Verb - /hɛ:łdou/ -

Roman: héldo

Only describes the act of raining, not the rain itself - the noun for rain is hámbil. The subject is the source of the rain; one can simply use gur similar to English, but speakers also refer to the clouds as the source of rain, i.e. ewas de heldo "the clouds are raining". Unlike déli, this is an intransitive verb.

Synonym(s): rain

Roman: hélga

Synonym(s): resolve, steadfastness, resolute, steadfast, fast (friend), resolved

Roman: hélgi

Synonym(s): endure, persevere, withstand

Roman: hésla

Synonym(s): concert, performance, exhibition

へ Ø J か M - Verb - /hɛ:bɪł/ -

Roman: hébil

Synonym(s): buy, purchase

Roman: *hégango* Synonym(s): shark

 $\cap \varnothing \circlearrowleft \Im \mathcal{J}$  - Noun/Adjective - /hɛ:gɪ $^{\eta}$ g/ -

Roman: *héging* Synonym(s): speed, rate

 $\cap \varnothing \cap \cap \cap$  - Noun/Adjective - /hɛ:gʌɪ/ -

Roman: *hégur* 

Synonym(s): brief, short (time), not long (time), cheap, low cost, inexpensive

•

 $\land \Box f \supset k \in \Box \land O / - Expression - /he^ngwou:^ndehai/ -$ 

Roman: hengwóndehar

One typically uses the locative, not the ablative, to describe what someone is welcomed to: Hengwondehar Babandelglibumb! "Welcome to Babandelglib!" (lit. welcome at Babandelglib) Synonym(s): welcome

 $\cap \mathcal{O} \mathcal{I} \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /hɛgɑ:/ -

Roman: hegá

Synonym(s): scary, frightening

 $\cap \mathcal{O} \mathcal{I} \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O}$  - Adverb - /hega:heɪ/ -

Roman: hegáher

Synonym(s): extremely, incredibly, amazingly

- Expression - /hʌ:/ -

Roman: hú

Noise of surprise or realization. Not explicitly a word. Synonym(s): oh, aha, ah

へ・フダル - Noun/Adjective - /hʌwɪ:n/ -

Roman: huwin

Synonym(s): property, possession

# Ø WORDS:

**Ø** め**O**M - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:mał/ - Inanimate -

Roman: émal Synonym(s): aspen tree

Ø ふ ク ロ ų ) - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:mɹɛni/ - Animate -

Roman: émreni

In the gaming usage, commonly abbreviated ER (EmReni) or EMR (EMReni).

Synonym(s): cleverness, cunning, ingenuity, talent, proficiency, level (in gaming)

 $\not \square \lor \land \land \Box \lor )$  - Noun/Adjective -  $\land \varepsilon$ :mjeni/ -

Roman: émreni

Synonym(s): beauty, majesty, splendor

Ø らり - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:mi/ - Animate -

Roman: émi

Synonym(s): small, little, smart, clever, resourceful, deep (of secrets or understanding)

 $\emptyset$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$  - Adverb -  $\angle$ :miha $\angle$  -

Roman: émihar

Synonym(s): cleverly, skillfully

ØめからNoun/Adjective - /ɛ:mɪdɛł/ -

Roman: émidel Synonym(s): size

Øめロハ - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:mɛɪ/ -

Roman: émer Synonym(s): bug, insect

 $\mathcal{D} \circ \cdot \circ - \text{Noun/Adjective - } /\epsilon:m_{\Lambda}^{n}d/-$ 

Roman: émund

Synonym(s): baby, small child, infant

Roman: émunge

Synonym(s): sip, sample, taste

Ø Φ - Pronoun - /ε:mb/ - Animate -

Roman: *émb* 

Synonym(s): you (singular)

 $\emptyset$  O O  $\cap$  Noun/Adjective -  $\ell$ : "bwał/ - Inanimate -

Roman: émbwal Synonym(s): willow tree

*D* ののこり - Noun/Adjective - /e:mbaldin/ -

Roman: *émbaldin* 

Synonym(s): relic, antiquity, curiosity, mysterious device, artifact

 $\not \mathcal{D} \not \mathcal{O} \nearrow \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective -  $/\epsilon$ : "b\_xim/ - Animate -

Roman: émbrim

Synonym(s): neighborhood, region of a town, group of houses, local, regional

Ø 少 C ひ D J - Verb - /ε: mboυ mbε ng/ -

Roman: émbombeng

Synonym(s): grow (intransitive), expand, add onto, increase

Inanimate -

Roman: émbombengwir

Synonym(s): growth (single instance), increase, expansion,

 $\not$  ್ರ್ ್ ್ ್ ್ ್ ್ । Noun/Adjective - / $\epsilon$ : "boo" b $\epsilon$ <sup>n</sup>g tm/ -

Roman: émbombengim

Refers to the concept in general, or to the mathematical process of addition, not to a specific instance of growth, expansion, etc. Synonym(s): growth, expansionism, expansion, addition, increase, growing, increasing, expanding

 $\mathcal{D}$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$  - Verb -  $\mathcal{O}$ :  $\mathcal{O}$  - Verb -  $\mathcal{O}$ 

Roman: émbopi

Synonym(s): freeze, solidify, fix in place

 $\not \! \mathcal{D} \not \! \mathcal{O} \ \! \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective -  $/\epsilon : \!\!\! ^m\!b \epsilon /$  -

Roman: émbe Synonym(s): belly

 $\emptyset \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O}$  - Verb -  $\mathbb{Z}^m$  begla/ -

Roman: émbegla

Synonym(s): promote (to a higher position), appoint, increase in

Ø O O ∫ M ) / - Noun/Adjective - /ε: begli / -

Roman: émbeglir

Synonym(s): ranking, judgement, promotion, verdict, decision

Ø P D J M D U ) - Noun/Adjective - /ε: begleni/ -

Roman: émbegleni

Synonym(s): promotion, award, title, rank

 $\not D \cdot \lor C \lor - Noun/Adjective - /\epsilon$ : "basous/ -

Roman: émbusos Synonym(s): balloon, zeppelin

Øフ・「Oハビ - Verb - /ɛ:wʌga.ɪs/ -

Roman: éwugars Synonym(s): teleport, warp

 $\emptyset$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$  O - Noun/Adjective -  $/\epsilon$ : "dwa/ -

Roman: éndwa Synonym(s): liver

 $\emptyset$   $^{\circ}$  O - Noun/Adjective -  $/\epsilon$ : $^{n}$ da/ -

Roman: énda

Synonym(s): mountain

 $\emptyset$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\vee}$   $^{\vee}$  - Noun/Adjective -  $/\epsilon$ : $^{n}$ dani $_{n}$ / -

Roman: éndanirn

Synonym(s): prosperity, wealth, affluence

Roman: éndargin

Synonym(s): war, military (adjective)

 $\emptyset$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$  - Verb -  $/\epsilon$ : $^{n}$ d $\alpha^{n}$ g $\epsilon$ / -

Roman: éndange

Synonym(s): hit, beat, drum, play (a percussion instrument)

Ø さで へ ひつ かい - Noun/Adjective - /ε: ndou.bwim/ -

Roman: éndorbwim

Synonym(s): meaning, significance, intention, intent

Ø さ C / U / C - Verb - /ε:ndou.b.ou/ -

Roman: *éndorbro* Synonym(s): intend, mean

 $\emptyset$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ$ 

Roman: éndlonda

Synonym(s): eradicate, annihilate, obliterate, wipe out

グ さ M で さ O ଓ - Noun/Adjective - /ε:"dlou"dam/ -

Roman: éndlondam

Synonym(s): annihilation, obliteration, apocalypse, end of the world, genocide

Ø さ か ひ - Noun/Adjective - /ε: ndibou/ -

Roman: éndibo

Synonym(s): artifact, archaeological discovery

Roman: éndibopre Synonym(s): archaeologist

 **Ø C フ / い / ロ 火 ) - Noun/Adjective - /ε:**nde.xm.xeni/ -

Roman: *éndermreni* Synonym(s): loyalty, trust

 $\not D$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$  - Noun/Adjective -  $/\epsilon$ : $^{n}$ de.rmi/ -

Roman: éndermi

Synonym(s): faithful, loyal, reliable, stable, steady, fixed

 $\mathcal{D} \cap$  - Expression -  $/\epsilon$ :1/-

Roman: ér

Honorific title; precedes the name of the person being addressed to show deep respect and deference. Most commonly seen in the Kingdom of Azalia, as this sort of thing isn't a traditional part of hobind culture. However, frequently used to address the goddess Azalla by ehobind who worship her all over (the Tallfelow-speaking portions of) the continent.

Synonym(s): your majesty, sir, madam, your grace, your highness

 $\emptyset \land \bigcirc \bigcirc$  - Noun/Adjective -  $\bigcirc$ :.Ima / -

Roman: érma

Synonym(s): kind, pleasant, caring, nice

Ø / いの M - Noun/Adjective - /ε:ɹmɛł/ -

Roman: érmel

Synonym(s): vicariously pleasant, happy for someone else

Ø ハ ひ つ か と う ロ - Numeral - /ε: x belswe/ -

Roman: *érmbelswe* Synonym(s): three million

 $\not \mathcal{D} \cap \mathcal{E} \cap \mathcal{D} \subseteq -\text{Noun/Adjective } -/\epsilon: \mathfrak{z}^n d + s - \text{Inanimate } -$ 

Roman: *érndlis* Synonym(s): boat, ship

Ø/とmからさロハ与Mが - Noun/Adjective - /ε:x<sup>n</sup>dłıs

deafli:/-

Roman: *érndlis derflí* Synonym(s): shipwreck

 $\emptyset \cap f \cap O$  - Numeral -  $/\epsilon: x^ngxa/$  -

Roman: *érngra* Synonym(s): thirty

 $\emptyset \cap \mathcal{F} \cap \mathcal{O} \mathcal{F} \cap \mathcal{O}$  - Numeral -  $/\epsilon$ : $x^{\eta}g_{J}\alpha^{\eta}g_{J}\alpha/$  -

Roman: *érngrangra* Synonym(s): three hundred

Ø / )) ○ U = Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:ɹɪwɛs/ -

Roman: ériwes Synonym(s): analysis

 $\varnothing \cap \sqcup \cap \cup \cup \cup$  ) - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:ɹslɛni/ -

Roman: érsleni

Synonym(s): identity, personality, nature (of a person), essence

 $\emptyset \cap D^{c}$  - Numeral -  $/\epsilon$ : $1\epsilon^{n}d/$  -

Roman: *érend* Synonym(s): three

 $\emptyset \cap \bigcirc \Diamond \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$  - Adverb -  $\angle$ :. $\iota$ tha $\iota$ / -

Roman: éretar

Synonym(s): three times, thrice

 $\nabla \mathcal{J}$  - Pronoun -  $/\epsilon$ : "g/ -

Roman: éng

Synonym(s): they (inanimate)

Ø ようのから ロ ペ - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:¬gwałsɛn/ - Inanimate -

Roman: éngwalsen Synonym(s): coral reef

 $\emptyset$   $\circ$   $\circ$  O - Noun/Adjective -  $\circ$ : $^{\eta}$ ga/ -

Roman: énga

Synonym(s): Mandelenian animal, dinosaur

**Ø** f C 少 C 化 - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:¬gou¬boun/ -

Roman: éngombon

Synonym(s): entire, whole, all of, total

Ø♪でハルロ - Verb - /ε:¬gouɪmbɛ/ -

Roman: éngormbe

Synonym(s): squeeze, squish, smush

Ø f で U / □ - Noun/Adjective - /ε:¬gooble/ -

Roman: éngobre

Synonym(s): age, time period, era

Øよいロハ - Verb - /ε:ŋglεɪ/ -

Roman: éngler

Synonym(s): obtain, receive, earn, acquire, achieve, gain

Roman: éngi

Synonym(s): laugh, chuckle

**グ** り い - Noun/Adjective - /ε:¬gɪm/ - Inanimate -

Roman: éngim

Synonym(s): sip, sample, point, credit

**Ø** ようい - Noun/Adjective - /e:ngm/ - Animate -

Roman: éngim

Synonym(s): laughing, jolly, jovial, hearty, mirth, laughter, good cheer

Roman: éngin

Synonym(s): buzz, vibrate, resonate

**Ø** よりこう - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:¹gɪdwou/ -

Roman: éngidwo

Synonym(s): joke, humor, stunt, prank

Ø f O ∫ つ C - Noun/Adjective - /ε:¬gegwou/ -

Roman: éngegwo

Synonym(s): tar, asphalt, bitumen

 $\emptyset M \otimes O \mathcal{C}$  - Noun/Adjective - / $\epsilon$ : $\frac{1}{2}$ man/ - Inanimate -

Roman: *élman* 

Synonym(s): delta (river)

Øからで - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:łmou/ -

Roman: *élmo* Synonym(s): leaf

Roman: élmogro

Synonym(s): Leafdown (Azalian month), October

ØM いしO & - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:łmban/ -

Roman: élmban Synonym(s): bowl, cup, glass

Ømus・与 - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:łmʌf/ -

Roman: *élmuf* Synonym(s): cloth, fabric

ØMう O め - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:łwɛm/ -

Roman: élwem

Synonym(s): plate, dish, saucer

Roman: élal

Refers to the type of creature, i.e. an immortal and psychically augmented mystic, formerly human, dedicated to the service of Soltus

Synonym(s): elan

ØMŲ) - Noun/Adjective - /ε:łni/ -

Roman: élni

Has quite a negative connotation in Tallfellow. If you need 'thin" without the negative connotation, try rémb.

Synonym(s): thin, malnourished, sickly, underfed, weak, flimsy, inadequate, insufficient, unconvincing, unsatisfactory, sloppy

 $\not \square \cap \cap \cap \cap$  - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:łɹoug/ -

Roman: élrog Synonym(s): orc

Roman: élngu

Synonym(s): hair on one's head, leaves on a tree

ØM⊌ - Pronoun - /ɛ:łs/ -

Roman: éls

Synonym(s): they (animate)

ØM⊌り⊌℃ - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:łsɪsou/ -

Roman: élsiso

Synonym(s): stacked, stack, pile

ØM ∪ U - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:lɛn/ -

Roman: élen Synonym(s): star

 $\not \square \cap \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O}$  - Numeral -  $/\epsilon$ : $fbwi^mb/$  -

Roman: élbwimb Synonym(s): zero, none at all

ØMJで - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:łbou/ - Inanimate -

Roman: élbo

Synonym(s): small in amount, not much, insufficient, not enough,

Roman: éldro

Synonym(s): elf, fey creature

Roman: éldroton

Synonym(s): Fey Realm, Fey Plane, Plane of Fey, Feywild

ØM 少で ひ ) さ - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:łphoubɪnd/ -

Roman: élpobind

"Take a bath" is úngro élpobind. One can also use the abbreviated version, the verb gwélpwind.

Synonym(s): bathtub

がかか。Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:łpʰɪm/ -

Roman: élpim

Synonym(s): light brown, golden brown

 $\emptyset \cap \emptyset \cap \emptyset \cap Adverb - \langle \varepsilon; tt^h q_{\perp} \rangle -$ 

Roman: éltar

Synonym(s): insufficiently, inadequately, weakly, unconvincingly, sloppily

Ø⊌う》 - Verb - /ɛ:swi/ -

Roman: éswi

Synonym(s): reveal, uncover, bring out, expose, discover, unlock

 $\not D = \nearrow \nearrow \nearrow -$  Noun/Adjective -  $/\epsilon$ :swi1/ - Inanimate -

Roman: éswir

Synonym(s): revelation, exposé, discovery, unlockable (gaming)

Ø⊌うか/か - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:swiɹi/ -

Roman: éswiri

Synonym(s): emergency, crisis

 $\varnothing \ \ \supset \ \ ) \ \ \cap \ \ -$  Noun/Adjective - / $\varepsilon$ :swidił/ - Animate -

Roman: éswidil

Synonym(s): reporter, whistleblower, detective, informant, source

 $\mathcal{D} \cup \mathcal{Q} \mathcal{D} \cup \mathcal{A}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:snɪn/ -

Roman: ésnin

Not in common hobind use. Synonym(s): memory (for a computer)

 $\not \square \bowtie$   $\supset \square$  - Noun/Adjective -  $/\epsilon$ :srt<sup>h</sup> $\epsilon/$  -

Roman: ésite Synonym(s): acceleration

 $\emptyset \cup \cap \cdot \cup \bigcirc \cap$  - Adverb -  $/\epsilon$ :biaphai/ -

Roman: ébrupar

There is no Tallfellow verb that translates to "try". Instead, the adverb ebrupar is used to indicate that the verb describes an attempt rather than necessarily a successful act. This word is not used in the sense of 'trying things out", i.e. "I'll try my hand at sewing", unless one expects a significant chance of failure. Use browihar for that sense of "try".

Synonym(s): try to, attempt to, attempted

 $\not \mathcal{D} \cup \mathcal{I}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:bi/ -

Roman: ébi

Typically refers to things that are difficult to break without tools; more extreme in implication than munge, which describes things that can be broken with the teeth.

Synonym(s): hard, firm, solid

Ø U □ / - Noun/Adjective - /ɛ:bɛɪ/ -

Roman: éber

Synonym(s): road, street, path

Ø J ロ ハ へ い ち Ø J で ハ ロ - Expression - /ɛ:bɛɪ hou

fa:"govie/ -

Roman: éber ho fángore

Synonym(s): farewell

 $\emptyset \cup O \cap$  - Adverb -  $\langle \epsilon : p^h \alpha \mathbf{1} \rangle$  -

Roman: *épar* 

Synonym(s): a little, somewhat

Ø √ / )) 与 - Verb - /ε:phuf/ -

Roman: éprif

Synonym(s): less than, surpassed by, get worse, go downhill, deteriorate

## WORDS:

□ ゅんぱい - Expression - /ɛmb.iou:m/ -

Roman: *embróm* Synonym(s): hello

Roman: embisérs

Typically used to describe airports for explicitly magical aircraft such as flying carpets, airships, etc., which are usually seen only in Oaelia

Synonym(s): aerodrome, magical airport

 $\bigcirc \mathcal{O} \mathcal{D} / - \text{Expression} - /\epsilon^{\text{m}} \text{be:} \text{i} / -$ 

Roman: *embér*Synonym(s): as for you

□ Φ Ø M C - Noun/Adjective - /ε<sup>m</sup>bε:lou/ -

Roman: embélo

Synonym(s): random, unknown

□ O O S - Noun/Adjective - /ε<sup>m</sup>bεga:/ - Inanimate -

Roman: embegú

Synonym(s): more, additional, extra, surplus

ロラダクペカ - Numeral - /ɛwɛ:ɹmi/ -

Roman: ewérmi Synonym(s): three thousand

しょう Ø めで & - Verb - /ɛndwɛ:moun/ -

Roman: endwémon

Synonym(s): chase, pursue, hunt, stalk

しょう からん から Noun/Adjective - / Endwe:mounim/ -

Animate -

Roman: endwémonim

Synonym(s): pursuit, hunting, stalking, chasing, bounty hunter

Roman: *endadórdon*Synonym(s): Lucent Mountains

 $\bigcirc ^{\circ} /$  - Noun/Adjective -  $/ \varepsilon^n d \alpha : /$  -

Roman: endú

Synonym(s): fat (noun), grease

 $\bigcirc$   $^{\circ}$  ·  $\bigcirc$  - Noun/Adjective -  $/\varepsilon^{n}$ d $_{\Lambda}$ n $_{\Lambda}$ :/ - Animate -

Roman: endunú

Synonym(s): wooly mammoth, elephant

 $\Box \mathcal{I} / \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective -  $/\epsilon^{\eta}$ g.ia:/ - Animate -

Roman: engrá

Synonym(s): proud, noble, elite, high-ranking, lord

ロゲクダめで - Adverb - /ɛ¹gɹɛ:mou/ -

Roman: engrémo

Synonym(s): soon, in a little while

Roman: *engónd* Synonym(s): crab

ワナでルグ - Adverb - /ε¹gou<sup>m</sup>bε:/ -

Roman: engombé

Synonym(s): completely, thoroughly, totally

 $\bigcirc f \not \bigcirc /$  - Expression -  $/\epsilon^{\eta} q \epsilon : I/$  -

Roman: engér

Synonym(s): as for them (pl., inanimate)

OMググか - Noun/Adjective - /ヒłmbn:mbi/ -

Roman: elmbúmbi

Synonym(s): patchwork quilt, Patchwork (Azalian country)

ロM与・VKへ・ビ - Noun/Adjective - /ɛlfʌnou:hʌs/ -

Roman: elfunóhus

Synonym(s): airplane, aircraft (nonmagical)

□M⊌Ø/-Expression - /ɛłsɛ:ɹ/-

Roman: elsér

Synonym(s): as for them (pl., inanimate)

ロM Ø せいいと - Noun/Adjective - /ɛlɛ:noubʌnd/ - Animate -

Roman: elénobund

Synonym(s): alien (from space), extraterrestrial, celestial, supernatural, mystical

ロビルがとでせかせ - Proper Noun - /ɛsni:ndounɪn/ - Animate -

Roman: esníndonin

Synonym(s): Dreamscape, world of dreams, land of nightmares, dreamland, dream world

 $\Box \ensuremath{ = } MOSO = -Noun/Adjective - /esta: gas/ -$ 

Roman: eslángas

More specific term, used if necessary to distinguish between a religion and a belief, ideology, etc. Use the ending -lomim to create names for given religions, i.e. Asalla "Azalla", Asallalomim "worship of Azalla".

Synonym(s): religion

ロノン/ 少で - Noun/Adjective - /ɛbwʌ:mbou/ - Inanimate -

Roman: *ebwúmbo* Synonym(s): highway, large road

ロるダク - Noun/Adjective - /ɛtʰou:ɹ/ -

Roman: etór Synonym(s): voice

## U WORDS:

 $J \supset \emptyset \cap \mathcal{C}$  - Noun/Adjective - /bwa: $x^n d$ / -

Roman: bwárnd Synonym(s): fish

リング/でせ - Noun/Adjective - /bwa:Joun/ -

Roman: bwáron Synonym(s): whale

ノングめでと - Noun/Adjective - /bwi:mous/ -

Roman: bwímos Synonym(s): alchemy, chemistry

 $J \supset D \cap \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /bwe.ia:/ -

Roman: bwerá Synonym(s): next

 $J \supset D / \emptyset \cap O / - Adverb - /bweig:hai/ -$ 

Roman: bweráhar

Synonym(s): next, then, thereupon, after that

ノØめから - Noun/Adjective - /ba:mis/ -

Roman: bámis

Synonym(s): geothermal vent, steam vent, Orisian crystal vent

 $\mathcal{I}$  ଏ ୧  $\mathcal{I}$  ଓ - Noun/Adjective - /ba:nd.ɛm/ -

Roman: bándrem

Synonym(s): bra, brassiere, undershirt

 $\mathcal{O}$  $\mathcal{O}$  $\mathcal{U}$  ·  $\mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ba:nai/ -

Roman: bánur

Refers to any upper-body clothing item, regardless of its intended gender (if any).

Synonym(s): shirt, dress

ノØとうか/ - Noun/Adjective - /ba:<sup>n</sup>dwi』/ -

Roman: bándwir

Synonym(s): current, flow, wave

しめとでい - Verb - /ba:ndoum/ -

Roman: bándom

Synonym(s): finish, defeat, conquer, vanquish

ଏ Ø ୯୯୬ ୬ ଓ - Noun/Adjective - /ba: ndoumim/ -

Roman: bándomim

Synonym(s): conquest, domination

 $\sqrt{\mathcal{O}}$   $\stackrel{\circ}{\sim}$   $\stackrel{\circ}$ 

Roman: bándel

Synonym(s): flow, pour, blow

 $\sqrt{0}/0$  - Noun/Adjective - /ba:.am/ -

Roman: báram

Synonym(s): coalition, collaboration, united, unified

し Ø ク e y ) A - Noun/Adjective - /ba:』snim/ -

Roman: bársnim Synonym(s): femininity

レグクシ・Ψ - Noun/Adjective - /ba:ISAN/ -

Roman: bársun Synonym(s): woman

**ノ**Ø分で / 4 - Noun/Adjective - /ba:¬gov.m/ -

Roman: bángorn

Synonym(s): ally group, sponsor, supporter, contributor, allied, sponsoring, supportive

UØ分で / 4 つか / - Noun/Adjective - /ba: goounwii/ -

Roman: bángornwir

Synonym(s): alliance, supportive relationship, sponsorship

 $\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}$ M - Noun/Adjective - /ba:1/ -

Roman: bál

Synonym(s): arcane magic

しめMOビアロ吗 - Noun/Adjective - /ba:lassem/ -

Roman: bálasrem

Synonym(s): opera

 $\mathcal{IMMC} \subseteq$  - Noun/Adjective - /ba:lous/ -

Roman: bálos

Not in general hobind use.

Synonym(s): phone, telephone

 $\mathcal{J} \varnothing \mathsf{MC} = \mathscr{C} \varnothing \mathcal{J} / \mathsf{C} = -\text{Noun/Adjective - /ba:lous } t^h \epsilon: bias / -$ 

Roman: bálos tébrus

Not in general hobind use. Often just "bálos" or "tébrus" for short.

Synonym(s): cell phone

 $\mathcal{O}$ M ୬)  $\mathcal{O}$ ଓ - Noun/Adjective - /ba:li.am/ -

Roman: báliram

Synonym(s): faction, military division, force (military or social), lobby, interest group

 $\textit{JOMSCUDC} - Noun/Adjective - /ba: {\tt lgoune}^n d/-$ 

Roman: bálgonend

Synonym(s): bodyguard, bouncer

UØらログでせ - Noun/Adjective - /ba:f&100n/ -

Roman: báferon Synonym(s): landwyrm

UØらロハでせつロセ - Noun/Adjective - /ba:fe.iounwen/ -

Roman: *báferonwen* Synonym(s): forest landwyrm

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{UDSDPCQPOS}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{-Noun/Adjective-/ba:feroun.raf/-}}$ 

Roman: *báferonraf* Synonym(s): plains landwyrm

UØ与ログでと - Noun/Adjective - /ba:fexound/ -

Roman: *báferond* Synonym(s): hill landwyrm

 $\mathcal{O} \otimes$  - Noun/Adjective - /ba:s/ -

Roman: bás

Synonym(s): extraplanar being, outsider (creature type)

 $\mathcal{O}$   $\cap$  · · · Noun/Adjective - /ba:ha/ -

Roman: *báhu* Synonym(s): scimitar

 $\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}\mathcal{Q}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ba:ban/ -

Roman: *bában* Synonym(s): water

UDUOU 当然 U・/ - Noun/Adjective - /ba:ban si:phai/ -

Roman: bában sípur

Synonym(s): sparkling water, carbonated water, Qaelian water, seltzer

ノグノクようか/ - Noun/Adjective - /ba:ba¹gwi./ - Inanimate -

Roman: bábangwir

Synonym(s): dam, patch, act of covering one's mouth when coughing or sneezing

レグレクテロ - Verb - /ba:ba¹gɛ/ -

Roman: bábange

Especially used to describe fixing leaks that would allow liquid in, but in the modern language may be used for any type of minor repair.

 $\hat{\text{Synonym}}(s)$ : mend, fix, patch up, glue together, sew back together, cover one's mouth when sneezing or coughing

 $\mathcal{I}$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$   $\mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ba:bin/ -

Roman: *bábin*Synonym(s): bottle, jar

 $\mathcal{O}(\mathcal{O}(\mathcal{O})) = -\text{Noun/Adjective - /ba:bis/ - Inanimate -}$ 

Roman: *bábis* Synonym(s): rapids

 $\sqrt{0}$  < < < < < Noun/Adjective - /ba:dxa/ -

Roman: bádra

 $Synonym(s): invader, for eigner \ (pejorative), \ outsider \ (not \ the \ creature \ type)$ 

 $\mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \supset \mathcal{O} \stackrel{e}{\sim} - Noun/Adjective - /ba:gw\epsilon^n d/-$ 

Roman: bágwend

A bagwend is the smallest familial unit in hobind culture, the next largest (and traditionally, also largest) being the sawer. It is similar to a nuclear family, but unlike a nuclear family it has no restrictions on the type or relation between the halflings (or even other beings) that are members. A bagwend could be formed by three brothers, for instance, although if they wanted their bagwend to survive they would need to find someone viable for child-bearing who was outside the sawer they inhabited. There is no need for any marital, sexual, etc. bond in a bagwend, but those who originate from outside the sawer may engage in any such activity they desire with any number of members of any sex within the bagwend, and any children that result belong to the bagwend as a whole. One may leave the bagwend at any time, for any reason, but typically members of a bagwend, most of whom are there purely by choice and convenience, form strong bonds with one another and will stay together over long periods of time. (Their children are somewhat more likely to leave for another bagwend, which anyway they must do to be able to find mates of any kind.) Groups of unrelated halflings who all meet on their travels, perhaps forming an adventuring party in the process, often retire to form a bagwend in a cozy sawer, in which case relationships between them can be anything they desire. The term bagwend refers to everyone in the bagwend, including parents, children, etc. The founders of a bagwend, or its members within a single generation, are known collectively as a dirlus after the Sylvan term "tylos", used to describe a similar but somewhat different idea in elven culture.

Synonym(s): family, group of roommates, co-op

 $\mathcal{OO}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ba:gov/ -

Roman: bágo

Originated as a slang form of bágwend. Synonym(s): team, group, party (of adventurers or political)

 $\mathcal{IO} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ba:gouthab/ -

Roman: bágotab

Synonym(s): corps, military troop

 $\mathcal{O}(\mathcal{O}(\mathcal{O}))$  - Noun/Adjective - /ba:gin/ -

Roman: *bágin* Synonym(s): home, house

 $\mathcal{I} \otimes \mathcal{I} \otimes$ 

Roman: bátrasnel

Synonym(s): video, home video, movie

リグなで/ - Noun/Adjective - /ba:thou』/ -

Roman: bátor

Not in common hobind use. Synonym(s): film, movie

 $\sqrt{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ba/ -

Roman: *ba* Synonym(s): top

しつめめとうで - Noun/Adjective - /bama:swou/ - Inanimate -

Roman: bamáswo

Synonym(s): luxurious setting, party location, vacation destination, resort, tourist attraction

しつのがから ロリ - Noun/Adjective - /bambr:Hen/ - Inanimate -

Roman: bambílfen

Refers to a location where boats need to be carried over land or obstacles, not to the practice of doing so.

Synonym(s): portage

ノクラダク・f - Noun/Adjective - /bawi:xn<sup>n</sup>g/ - Inanimate -

Roman: bawirung

Synonym(s): settlement, colony, outpost

UOUØ / - Noun/Adjective - /bana: I/ - Inanimate -

Roman: banár

Synonym(s): meeting room, conference room, place for discussion, tavern, bar, chat room, chat box, chat (gaming)

 $\mathcal{O} \text{ Adjective - /banisou:dep}^h \text{ ii/ - Noun/Adjective - /banisou:dep}^h \text{ ii/ - }$ 

Roman: banisódepri

Synonym(s): fractal

 $JOQ \stackrel{?}{\sim} / \cancel{O} \stackrel{?}{\sim} )$  - Noun/Adjective - /bandze:mi/ -

Roman: bandrémi Synonym(s): bra, brassiere

UOCM UO - Noun/Adjective - /bandou:pha/ - Inanimate -

Roman: bandópa

Synonym(s): building site, construction site, foundation (of a

building)

JOEDMOS) - Noun/Adjective - /bande:Imi/ -

Roman: bandélmi

Refers to the location in one's house or the facility where one can take a shower, not to the act of taking the shower itself; for that, see délwir.

Synonym(s): shower

ノクノノでと - Noun/Adjective - /baxbou<sup>n</sup>d/ -

Roman: barbond Synonym(s): deep halfling

 $\mathcal{O}\mathcal{FC}\mathcal{O}\mathcal{D}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ba $^{\eta}$ goubin/ -

Roman: bangobin Synonym(s): dock, bay

ノOfかM - Noun/Adjective - /bangril/ -

Roman: bangil Synonym(s): tears

ノOf Ø J か M - Noun/Adjective - /bange:bil/ -

Roman: bangébil Synonym(s): tavern, bar, pub

JOSPM - Noun/Adjective - /bafxi:/-

Roman: bafrí Synonym(s): dry

 $JO \cap \emptyset J \cap D$  - Noun/Adjective - /baha:gie/ -

Roman: bahágre Synonym(s): engineer

JOJO COM - Noun/Adjective - /babande:1/ -

Roman: babandél Synonym(s): waterfall

 $\mathcal{J} \, \mathcal{O} \, \mathcal{I} \, \mathcal{I} \, \mathcal{E} \, \mathcal{D} \, \textbf{-} \, \text{Noun/Adjective - /bagwou:} \\ {}^n \! \text{de/ - Inanimate -} \\$ 

Roman: bagwónde

The indigenous Tallfellow term for this concept, it is usually associated with less formal religious worship than words like gás and snóglo.

Synonym(s): shrine, sanctuary, temple

UOSØfでめ - Noun/Adjective - /baga:ŋgoum/ -

Roman: bagángom

Synonym(s): prison, cell, jail, dungeon

UO∫ X / - Noun/Adjective - /bagou: I/ - Inanimate -

Roman: bagór

Synonym(s): edge, limit, border, barrier, obstacle

U / Ø つ O ら - Noun/Adjective - /b.a:wam/ -

Roman: bráwam

To say "use an ability" you would generally use wiri, not brawo; so "I can't use that ability" would be "Pin wiri brawamer wurle". Synonym(s): action, skill, technique, ability, power (to do

リアØ⊃で - Verb - /bɹɑ:wou/ -

Roman: bráwo

Can refer to speaking a language, practicing an art, trade, or other skill, or using a technique such as magic, etc.

Synonym(s): speak, practice, use

U / Ø つ C / - Noun/Adjective - /bɹɑ:wouɹ/ -

Roman: bráwor

Synonym(s): certain, definite, sure

J/O) P - Verb - /b.a:wi./ -

Roman: bráwir

You can use bráwir to describe brushing your teeth: Pin de brawir mond "I'm brushing my teeth". Note that mond is in the singular. Synonym(s): wipe, brush off, sweep

ノ / Ø ⊃ ) / Ĉ □ - Verb - /bɹɑ:wiɹʰdɛ/ -

Roman: bráwirnde

Synonym(s): mop up, soak up, absorb, assimilate

U / Ø つ か / Ø M つ 口 い - Expression - /bɪɑ:wiɪ ɛ:lwɛm/ -

Roman: bráwir élwem

Synonym(s): clear up, run its course, conclude, wrap up, bring to a

リアダとうで - Noun/Adjective - /bɪɑ:ndwou/ -

Roman: brándwo

Synonym(s): sign, marker, bookmark, placeholder, reminder

リアØセロ - Verb - /b.a:ndε/ -

Roman: bránde

Synonym(s): notice, perceive, distinguish

U / O フダ J C - Noun/Adjective - /baawou:gou/ -

Roman: brawógo

Synonym(s): uncertain, unsure, indefinite

ノ / ダ - Verb - /biou:/ -

Roman: bró

Synonym(s): find, reach, aim for

ノクダ らうかい - Noun/Adjective - /b.ou:mwim/ -

Roman: brómwim Synonym(s): vagina

しんない・ル - Noun/Adjective - /b.100:mwa<sup>m</sup>b/ -

Roman: brómwumb Synonym(s): cave, burrow

ノクダのO - Verb - /b.iou:ma/ -

Roman: bróma

Synonym(s): contact, get in touch with, call (on the telephone), phone, communicate with, send a message to

U / ならの (・M - Noun/Adjective - /biou:manxl/ -

Roman: brómanul

Synonym(s): message, correspondence, letter (correspondence)

ノアダグラク - Verb - /biou:mbwg/ -

Roman: brómbwa

Synonym(s): learn, find out, realize, figure out

リアダルラの U・M - Noun/Adjective - /b.100:mbwanxł/ -

Inanimate -

Roman: *brómbwanul* 

Synonym(s): new information, discovery, findings, results of research, documentation, data

 $U \cap \mathcal{C} \cup \mathcal{O} \subset \mathcal{D} \cap \mathcal{O} \subset \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \subset \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \subset \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \subset \mathcal{O} \subset \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \subset \mathcal{O$ 

Roman: brómbwadil

Synonym(s): student, learner

ノ / グ / り ) - Noun/Adjective - /bɹou:wi/ -

Roman: brówi

Synonym(s): new, found, recent

ノクダンかへのク - Adverb - /biou:wihai/ -

Roman: brówihar

The equivalent of ebrupar for the "see what happens" brand of trying as opposed to the attempting and not necessarily succeeding.

Synonym(s): newly, try out, give a shot, take a chance

ノクダ & - Noun/Adjective - /bsov:n/ -

Roman: brón Synonym(s): door, hole

リアダセのテ - Noun/Adjective - /bxou:na<sup>n</sup>g/ - Inanimate -

Roman: brónang Synonym(s): window

UNGUO O O O - Noun/Adjective - /b100:nebe1/-

Roman: bróneber

Synonym(s): tunnel, underground passage, burrow

リアダピロ - Verb - /b.iou:nde/ -

Roman: brónde

Synonym(s): recruit, hire, employ, headhunt (business), scout, levy

ノクダクから - Verb - /bjou:jif/ -

Roman: brórif Synonym(s): smell, sniff

ノクダケで - Verb - /b.10U:ŋgou/ -

Roman: bróngo

Synonym(s): hunt, fish, catch food, gather food

リアダプでせ - Noun/Adjective - /bxou:ngoun/ -

Roman: bróngon Synonym(s): net

リアダ与フか - Noun/Adjective - /b.iou:fwi.i/ -

Roman: brófwir Synonym(s): scent, smell, odor

レクダ⊌ラ》 / - Noun/Adjective - /bzou:swiz/ -

Roman: bróswir

Synonym(s): exercise, drill, rehearsal

リアダピ・ハ - Noun/Adjective - /biou:sai/ -

Roman: brósur

Synonym(s): practice, rehearse

U / C へ O ら - Noun/Adjective - /baou:ham/ -

Roman: bróham

Can be used to describe charges to be used up in other contexts as well (i.e. gaming), but the word originally was used to describe uses of wands, staves, and similar items. Synonym(s): spell, enchantment, ongoing spell effect, charge (for a

magic device)

 $\mathcal{O}$ ୍ୟ  $\mathcal{O}$ ୍ୟ  $\mathcal{O}$ ୍ୟ  $\mathcal{O}$ ୍ୟ  $\mathcal{O}$  ମଧ୍ୟ - Noun/Adjective - /biou:ham  $\Lambda^{\mathrm{mbe:hm}}$  -

Roman: bróham umbélim

Not in general hobind usage. May be abbreviated BU. Synonym(s): experience point

リアダへで - Verb - /biou:hou/ -

Roman: bróho

Synonym(s): enchant, cast a spell on

リアダリンOハ - Verb - /biou:bwai/ -

Roman: *bróbwar* Synonym(s): fish, catch fish

し / グ し つ O / こ か M - Noun/Adjective - /b.iou:bwa.idrl/ -

Roman: *bróbwardil* Synonym(s): fisher, fisherman

ノクダとうで - Noun/Adjective - /bxov:dwov/ -

Roman: bródwo

Synonym(s): tool, device, implement

リアダケーと - Noun/Adjective - /b100:g11^nd/ -

Roman: *brógrund* Synonym(s): anus, butthole

リアがよのロタ - Verb - /bxi:nglem/ -

Roman: bringlem

Synonym(s): flank, box in, get the drop on, ambush, sneak attack

ノアダナかしいから Noun/Adjective - /bxi: nglemim/ -

Roman: brínglemim

Synonym(s): flanking, flanking maneuvers, stealth tactics, dirty fighting

リアダナ・M - Verb - /bxi:<sup>n</sup>gʌł/ -

Roman: bringul
Synonym(s): dance

リアダミアの - Noun/Adjective - /bxi:thouxm/ -

Roman: *brîtorm* Synonym(s): laser

ノクカ - Noun/Adjective - /b.i/ -

Roman: bri

Synonym(s): left (direction)

U/Ø 4 € DM - Noun/Adjective - /b.z:ndrl/ -

Roman: bréndil

Does not refer to the direction "right", or to being correct. Synonym(s): right, entitlement, due

ノクダチカ - Noun/Adjective - /bɪɛ:¹ɡgi/ -

Roman: bréngi

Synonym(s): chamberpot, toilet, outhouse, restroom, bathroom

U / Ø M - Noun/Adjective - /bx::}/ -

Roman: *brél* Synonym(s): flower

 $\mathcal{J} \cap \mathcal{D} \cap \mathcal{D} - \text{Noun/Adjective - /b.ie:le}^{\eta}g/-$ 

Roman: bréleng Synonym(s): spring

U ∩ O U - Particle - /bɹɛn/ -

Roman: bren

This particle follows the progressive particle de, but goes in front of all tenses.

Synonym(s): must, should, have to

 $\mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{A} \subset \mathcal{A} \supset \mathbb{R} \cdot \cup -\text{Noun/Adjective - /bia:thinfas/-}$ 

Roman: brútrifus

Not in general hobind use.

Synonym(s): instant message, direct message, text (message)

ノダめで - Expression - /bou:mou/ -

Roman: bómo

Used as a casual and informal way of asking for something held by the person you're addressing.

Synonym(s): gimme that

グダめか - Noun/Adjective - /bou:mi/ -

Roman: *bómi* Synonym(s): hand

グ・Noun/Adjective - /bou:mb/ -

Roman: bómb

Not to be confused with bomb "in hand", although some hobind linguists speculate this is where the adjective came from - a wise hobind has every situation well in hand! Can also be used to describe body parts as being highly effective, i.e. someone with "wise" hands is good with their hands.

Synonym(s): wise, smart, dextrous

 $\mathcal{J}(\mathcal{S},\mathcal{O}) \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /bou: bwi.i/ -

Roman: bómbwir

Synonym(s): visibility, sight range, vision range, understandability, readability

Uグゆうログ - Verb - /bou:mbwei/ -

Roman: bómbwer

The subject of the sentence holds hands with the object of the sentence. No preposition, case, etc. is needed.

Synonym(s): hold hands with

Uググラロビ - Verb - /bou:mbwes/ -

Roman: bómbwes

Synonym(s): pay attention to, listen to, watch, notice

Uグのフロビ・ハナ - Noun/Adjective - /bou: bweshrig/ -

Roman: bómbwesurng

Synonym(s): throwback, tribute, homage

USOO - Verb - /bou:mbq/-

Roman: bómba

Synonym(s): see, understand

UKのOs - Noun/Adjective - /bou:mbam/ -

Roman: bómbam

Describes the concepts of sight and vision in general, not specific

sights or visions perceived.

Synonym(s): sight, understanding, vision, perception

ノダのこかM - Noun/Adjective - /bov:mbadrl/ -

Roman: bómbadil

Synonym(s): sage, wise person

ノググMロリカ - Noun/Adjective - /bou:mbleni/ -

Roman: bómbleni

Synonym(s): wisdom, insight, understanding, dexterity, skill

ノグラクリー Noun/Adjective - /bou:wan/ -

Roman: bówan

Synonym(s): sapphire

ノダ 4 C ビ - Noun/Adjective - /bou:nous/ -

Roman: bónos

Synonym(s): torture

ノグリ(でと)) - Verb - /bou:nousi/ -

Roman: bónosi

Synonym(s): torture

Uグ さロノ - Verb - /bou:nde1/ -

Roman: bónder

Synonym(s): check, confirm, verify

リダクタ - Noun/Adjective - /bou:.m/ -

Roman: bórm

Synonym(s): bread

Uグクリハ・ハ - Noun/Adjective - /bou:zmzʌz/ - Inanimate -

Roman: bórmrur

Synonym(s): deadly, lethal

Uだ/内別/ - Verb - /bou:.mii/ -

Synonym(s): kill, ostracize

Roman: bórmir

 $\mathcal{J}$  ୍ରେ $\mathcal{J}$  ୍ଲେମ୍ - Noun/Adjective - /bou:mbouł $^{\eta}$ g/ -

Roman: bórmbolng

Synonym(s): sandwich

Uグクカ - Noun/Adjective - /bou:xi/ - Animate -

Roman: bóri

Synonym(s): selfish, thoughtless, flushed, having a rash

USPUCY - Verb - /bou: boun/ -

Roman: bórbon

You can use bórbon imo to describe your plans and intentions: Pin borbon imo fangi holendó. "I'm planning to go to the store." (lit. I

bake so as to go to the store)

Synonym(s): bake, make bread, prepare, plan, schedule, make

(time)

UK / Uで ( ) / - Noun/Adjective - /bou: zbouniz/ -

Roman: bórbonir

Synonym(s): work of art, creation

UグハしてせるかM - Noun/Adjective - /bou:.rboundrl/ -

Roman: bórbondil

Synonym(s): baker, scheduler, planner, supervisor

Uだりでゆうか / - Noun/Adjective - /bou:¬goumbwiɪ/ -

Roman: bóngombwir

Synonym(s): stare, examination, investigation, study (academic)

ンダチで $\bigcirc$ O - Verb - /bou: $^{\eta}$ gou $^{m}$ b $\epsilon$ / -

Roman: bóngombe

Synonym(s): stare at, look over, examine, study, investigate

UMU - Noun/Adjective - /bou:ln/ -

Roman: bóln

Synonym(s): story, tale, legend

UMMJロめ - Noun/Adjective - /bou:łºgem/ -

Roman: bólngem

Synonym(s): book

UMM D 4 D 4 - Noun/Adjective - /bou:lenem/ -

Roman: bólenem

Synonym(s): rainbow

UMMJMロラO - Noun/Adjective - /bou:łglewa/ -

Roman: bólglewa

Synonym(s): southeast, southeastern

UグMJ·- Noun/Adjective - /bou:lgn/-

Roman: bólgu

Synonym(s): south

US = O = Noun/Adjective - /bou:fas/ -

Roman: bófas

Synonym(s): ancient, venerable

Uグ与Mログカ - Noun/Adjective - /bou:flembi/ -

Roman: bóflembi

Synonym(s): smooth, perfect, clean

 $\mathcal{J}$   $\mathcal{S} \cap \mathcal{S} \cap$ 

Roman: bóflembin

Synonym(s): glass, transparent material, transparent, clear, seethrough

ノグシフカノカと - Noun/Adjective - /bou:swibi<sup>n</sup>d/ -

Roman: bóswibind

Synonym(s): apprentice, novice, amateur

グラン・ - Noun/Adjective - /bou:sia/ -

Roman: *bósru* Synonym(s): jasper

ノグとで - Noun/Adjective - /bou:sou/ -

Roman: bóso

Slang term mainly used in Fyvalian-heavy regions. Synonym(s): emo, angsty, goth

ノダヘカペ - Verb - /bou:him/ -

Roman: bóhim

Synonym(s): search, investigate, sleuth

USへ C U - Noun/Adjective - /bou:hem/ -

Roman: bóhem

Synonym(s): strange, weird, bizarre

U  $\mathcal{C} \cdot \mathcal{C} - Noun/Adjective - /bou:band/-$ 

Roman: bóbund

Synonym(s): animal, creature, living thing

ググ・/ - Noun/Adjective - /bou:bai/ -

Roman: bóbur

Synonym(s): reason, intelligence, wisdom

リグ さ - Verb - /bou:d/ -

Roman: bód

Synonym(s): depart, set out, embark

ノダイか) - Verb - /bou:gli/ -

Roman: bógli

Synonym(s): tour, sightsee, look around, see (sights), visit

UKJMから - Noun/Adjective - /bou:glim/ -

Roman: bóglim

Synonym(s): tourism, sightseeing

 $\mathcal{J}$   $\mathcal{S}$   $\mathcal{S}$   $\mathcal{S}$   $\mathcal{S}$  - Noun/Adjective - /bou:gli../ - Inanimate -

Roman: bóglir

Synonym(s): tour, sightseeing trip, visit

 $\mathcal{J}(\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{S}) = \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{S}) + \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{S}) = \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{S}) + \mathcal{S}($ 

Roman: bóglidil

Synonym(s): tourist, sightseer, visitor

U Q O P - Adverb - /bou:p<sup>h</sup>ax/ -

Roman: bópar

Synonym(s): wisely, skillfully

リグ シロ - Verb - /boυ:phε/ -

Roman: *bópe* Synonym(s): read

 $\mathscr{N}$  ୬ - Noun/Adjective - /bou:pham/ -

Roman: bópum

Synonym(s): pipeweed, tobacco

ノでゅんだめ - Verb - /boumJou:m/ -

Roman: bomróm

Synonym(s): point, gesture (at), indicate, point out, highlight

ノでふだ - Expression - /boumou:/ -

Roman: bomó

Used in either formal or informal situations when giving someone something they asked for or wanted.

Synonym(s): here you go

ノで みだう 》 / - Noun/Adjective - /boumou:wii/ -

Roman: bomówir

Synonym(s): task, chore, quest, favor

ノでのダケロ - Noun/Adjective - /bou<sup>m</sup>bou:<sup>ŋ</sup>gɛ/ -

Roman: bombónge

Lacks a negative connotation in Tallfellow; insanity is believed to come to those who have so much intellect that their head can't manage it properly, though it often comes with dangers and challenges of its own.

Synonym(s): insane, crazy mentally ill, prophetic, genius, revelatory, eccentric, odd, Inexplicable; too smart for one's own good

ノCのMなら - Verb - /boumblou:m/ -

Roman: bomblóm

Synonym(s): manage, handle, deal with, direct, guide, govern

ノでかせか - Noun/Adjective - /boulni/ -

Roman: bolni

Synonym(s): fictional, fictitious

UCMJ フ Ø M U D L - Noun/Adjective - /boulgwe:lben/-

Roman: bolgwélben

Synonym(s): southwest, southwestern

ノC C Ø J O L O J - Noun/Adjective - /bouda:ganeg/ -

Roman: *bodáganeg* Synonym(s): official, royal, authoritative, formal

ノCを/と - Noun/Adjective - /boutha:nd/ -

Roman: botúnd

Synonym(s): watcher, lookout, scout

ノMØフカ - Noun/Adjective - /bła:wi/ -

Roman: bláwi Synonym(s): cat

しかのつがいか - Noun/Adjective - /bławi:mi/ -

Roman: blawími Synonym(s): kitten

ノMダクロ - Noun/Adjective - /bli:エヒ/ -

Roman: blíre

Fyvalian slang found in ethnically Fyvalian regions in particular. Synonym(s): cool (slang), awesome, nifty

ノかう - Noun/Adjective - /bli/ -

Roman: bli Synonym(s): my, mine

ノM Ø 4 か M - Noun/Adjective - /ble:mił/ -

Roman: blémil Synonym(s): penis

JMDMUD - Noun/Adjective - /ble:łni/ -

Roman: blélni

Synonym(s): suspicious, untrustworthy, sinister, sketchy, questionable

UMロビ新Mので - Noun/Adjective - /bless: lmbou/ -

Roman: blesílmbo

Synonym(s): wonderful, excellent, fantastic

ノMロビダMのCへO/- Adverb - /blesi: fmbouhai/-

Roman: blesílmbohar

Synonym(s): wonderfully, excellently, fantastically

ノM/のでひつか - Noun/Adjective - /bla:<sup>m</sup>boubwi/ -

Roman: blúmbobwi Synonym(s): floodplain

JM/L - Noun/Adjective - /bla:n/ -

Roman: blún Synonym(s): river

ノM・4 Ø らり - Noun/Adjective - /blʌnɛ:mi/ -

Roman: blunémi

Synonym(s): stream, brook, creek

 $J \cap (-1) \setminus (-1$ 

Roman: blurugin Synonym(s): water mill

ノグいつ・い - Noun/Adjective - /bi:mwam/ -

Roman: bímwum Synonym(s): grandmother

レガラ () - Verb - /bi:wg/-

Roman: bíwa

Can be used with a "times" adverb such as lóhar Synonym(s): split, halve, break apart, cut open, divide

UMつの。Noun/Adjective - /bi:wam/ -

Roman: bíwam Synonym(s): half

ングンクグラク - Noun/Adjective - /bi:wa<sup>m</sup>bwa/ -

Roman: bíwambwa Synonym(s): quarter, one fourth

ノガンOシOハ - Adverb - /bi:wapha.i/ -

Roman: bíwapar

Synonym(s): partly, partially, somewhat, a bit, halfway

ノグラック - Noun/Adjective - /bi:wi』/ -

Roman: bíwir

Synonym(s): canyon, gorge, rift, splitting

ノダリでと - Noun/Adjective - /bi:nous/ - Inanimate -

Roman: bínos Synonym(s): glass (material)

UXUC = OU - Noun/Adjective - /bi:nousan/ -

Roman: bínosan

Synonym(s): delicate, fragile, glass-like, brittle, frail

しがへら - Noun/Adjective - /bi:.ɪm/ -

Roman: bírm Synonym(s): mother, aunt

リガクで 4 - Noun/Adjective - /bi:xoun/ -

Roman: bíron Synonym(s): bear

UX/で了 - Noun/Adjective - /bi:100g/ -

Roman: bírog

Synonym(s): shame, dishonor, disrespect, shameful, disrespectful, dishonorable

UM/ロペ - Noun/Adjective - /bi:xem/ -

Roman: bírem Synonym(s): army

リメハリ - Noun/Adjective - /bi:.ɪb/ -

Roman: bírb

Synonym(s): seed, unborn child, fetus

リダリロ - Adverb - /bi:ŋga/ -

Roman: bínga

Synonym(s): often, frequently

UNMOS - Verb - /br:tam/ -

Roman: bílam

Synonym(s): claim, capture, plundered

JMMOcmで - Verb - /bi:ładlou/ -

Roman: bíladlo

Synonym(s): retake, reclaim, reconquer, recapture, take back

JMMe - Noun/Adjective - /bi:1<sup>n</sup>d/ -

Roman: bílnd Synonym(s): arm

ノグかか - Verb - /br:li/ -

Roman: bíli

Synonym(s): invade, force entry into

ノがかかうか/ - Noun/Adjective - /bi:łiwi』/ -

Roman: bíliwir

Synonym(s): invasion, incursion

UXM与フでビアから - Noun/Adjective - /bi:lfwous.im/ -

Roman: bílfwosrim

Synonym(s): liberation, emancipation, freeing

UXM与フでへロノ - Verb - /br:lfwouher/ -

Roman: bílfwoher

Synonym(s): free, liberate, emancipate

UXMS DU-Verb-/bi:lfen/-

Roman: bílfen

When used with the allative case, this verb can be used to describe being made into something else, with the allative noun indicating what that thing is made into. To describe someone being made to do something else, use imo and follow it up with the thing that person is compelled to do, i.e. sal rum bilfen pin imo mawu rimb engombon "she made me eat the entire pie".

Synonym(s): hold, carry, make into, cause to be

JMM - DQ - DM - Noun/Adjective - /br: frendit/ -

Roman: bílfendil

Synonym(s): carriage, chariot, wagon

ノダMUフカク - Noun/Adjective - /bi:łbwi』/ -

Roman: bílbwir

Synonym(s): theft, robbery, burglary, mugging, capture (in war),

occupation (in war)

UXMUOらり) - Verb - /bi:łbafii/ -

Roman: bílbafri

Synonym(s): expire, dry up, run out, empty out, be exhausted

UMMUCク - Verb - /br:łbouz/ -

Roman: bílbor

Synonym(s): steal, seize, rob, burgle

UXmUでクさかM - Noun/Adjective - /br:łbouɪdɪł/ -

Roman: *bílbordil* Synonym(s): thief, rogue

JMM·-Verb-/bi:ln/-

Roman: bílu

Synonym(s): take, get, pick up, dispel (a spell)

UMMelでい - Verb - /br:lphoom/ -

Roman: bílpom

Synonym(s): confuse, twist, mutate, randomly alter

リグから/で-Verb-/bi:tthiou/-

Roman: bíltro

Only applies to physical pleasure. Synonym(s): pleasure, massage, caress

ノガビのと - Verb - /bi:sand/ -

Roman: bísand

Synonym(s): retreat, flee, fall back, withdraw

ノかうØグ・- Verb - /bɪwɑ:<sup>m</sup>bʌ/ -

Roman: biwámbu

Synonym(s): lift, raise (upward), hoist, pull up

 $\textit{Indiag} \ \ \, \text{Noun/Adjective - /bija:phelfan/-} \\$ 

Inanimate -

Roman: birápelfun

Not in general hobind use, except sometimes by scholars of Zelev culture.

Synonym(s): electricity, electrical, vjaachpelfan, lightning alchemy

リカクでせらり巻とで - Noun/Adjective - /bi.rounfxi:ndou/ -

Roman: bironfríndo

Synonym(s): owlbear

しかかのようか - Noun/Adjective - /brłamwi』/ -

Roman: bilamwir Synonym(s): capture, catch

UかからØ-Verb-/bilfa:/-

Roman: bilfá

Synonym(s): send, order, command, control

Unm与 Ø L・M - Noun/Adjective - /bilfa:nal/ -

Roman: bilfánul

Synonym(s): controls, input, interface

U)かから Ø ク U フ ) / → Noun/Adjective - /biłfa:xbwix/ -

Inanimate -

Roman: bilfárbwir

Synonym(s): switch, exchange, trade, swao

U)から Ø / U / C - Verb - /bilfa:zbzou/ -

Roman: bilfárbro

To say what you are switching out or trading for, use imo. In some dialects the genitive can be used, but technically that refers to the means by which the trade is carried out.

Synonym(s): replace, switch out, exchange, trade, swap, toggle

JMSONO(3)M - Noun/Adjective - /brlfa:xbxoodrl/

Roman: bilfárbrodil

Synonym(s): delegate, representative

U)からなり - Noun/Adjective - /bilfou:1/ - Inanimate -

Roman: bilfór

Synonym(s): orders, commands, instructions

リカMS/ナカ - Verb - /bilfa:"gi/-

Roman: bilfúngi

Synonym(s): endanger, threaten

J ) M  $\sim$  J J )  $\cup$  - Noun/Adjective - /bilfa: $^{10}$ gim/ - Inanimate -

Roman: bilfúngim

Synonym(s): danger, threat, peril, dangerous, threatening, dire, grave, serious, severe

しかかしØ - Verb - /biłba:/ -

Roman: bilbá

Intransitive verb. Not used to describe, say, hanging up a coat. Synonym(s): hang, cling, dangle

 $\mathcal{J} \not \boxtimes \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \not \subseteq \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /be: mbleni/ -

Roman: bémbleni

Synonym(s): courage, bravery, valor

ノググう - Noun/Adjective - /be:mbi/ -

Roman: *bémbi* Synonym(s): stag

 $\mathcal{O} \not \mathcal{D} \lor \mathcal{D}$  - Noun/Adjective - /bɛ:ni/ -

Roman: béni

Synonym(s): glittering, sparkling, shining

ノグセラログ》 - Noun/Adjective - /bɛ:nfɛmbi/ -

Roman: *bénfembi* Synonym(s): crocodile, alligator

ノ Ø さつかめ - Noun/Adjective - /be:ndwim/ -

Roman: béndwim

If it is necessary to distinguish between the two meanings of this word, one can say mome bendwim "dinner" or ing bendwim "yesterday" and be unambiguous. Bendwimer means "tonight's dinner".

Synonym(s): dinner, yesterday, supper

 $\mathcal{O}(\mathcal{O})$  - Noun/Adjective - /be:ndwiz/ - Inanimate -

Roman: béndwir

Synonym(s): completion, finish, end, dessert

し Ø さつか Mで ら - Noun/Adjective - /be:ndwilouf/ -

Roman: béndwilof

Describes the time period from about 3:20 - 4:40 am. Synonym(s): timekeeper's supper, very early in the morning

*U* Ø දී ල - Verb - /bɛ:ºdoʊ/ -

Roman: béndo

Synonym(s): end, finish, complete, have dessert

UØ <sup>c</sup> C · Noun/Adjective - /be:ndoux/ -

Roman: béndor

Synonym(s): decisive, climactic, finishing, conclusive

 $\mathcal{J}$  Ø දී  $(^{\circ}$ දි ) M - Noun/Adjective - /be: "doudr $^{\dagger}$ / -

Roman: béndodil

Specifically refers to the Tallfellow ending mark, analogous to a period in English.

Synonym(s): period (punctuation)

グ グ さ M O Ų ) - Noun/Adjective - /bɛ:ndlɛni/ -

Roman: *béndleni* Synonym(s): future

Roman: *béndir*Synonym(s): night, evening

UØ / - Noun/Adjective - /bɛ:ɹ/ -

Roman: bér

Synonym(s): stick, rod, staff

 $\mathcal{O} / \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /bɛ:ɹał/ -

Roman: *béral* Synonym(s): tree

UD/でめ - Noun/Adjective - /be:100m/ -

Roman: bérom

Has a more positive connotation than sónul does. Synonym(s): content, fine, satisfied, satisfactory, acceptable

リダクら・9 - Noun/Adjective - /be:』fam/ -

Roman: bérfum

An apple orchard is the most representative type, but any collection of fruit trees will do. Synonym(s): grove, orchard

U Ø / ら・ら - Noun/Adjective - /be:.ɪfʌm/ - Inanimate -

Roman: *bérfum* Synonym(s): elm tree

 $\mathcal{J} \mathcal{D} \cap \mathcal{D} \mathcal{D}$  - Noun/Adjective - /bɛ: $\mathfrak{x}^{\mathrm{m}} \mathfrak{b}$ / - Inanimate -

Roman: *béremb* Synonym(s): birch tree

UØM - Noun/Adjective - /bɛ:ł/ -

Roman: bél

Synonym(s): emotion, feeling (psychological), compassion, care for others

Roman: bélndi

Literally from beral + und, "tree-leg", indicating that something this small sees a halfling's legs to be as tall as trees. Synonym(s): tiny, miniscule

U Ø Mでと - Noun/Adjective - /bɛ:lous/ -

Roman: bélos

Synonym(s): state, country, nation

UØM)) ← Noun/Adjective - /bɛ:łɪn/ -

Roman: bélin

Synonym(s): hat, headgear, headband

ノØM)⊌ - Noun/Adjective - /bε:łɪs/ -

Roman: bélis

To talk about having a dream, use bómba: Pin rum bomba belis "I had a dream" (lit. I saw a dream). To describe what the dream consisted of, use belis in the locative, for instance: Pin rum bomba ar de durndi awe belisumb. "I dreamed that we were playing together." (lit. I saw us playing together in a dream) Synonym(s): dream, wish, hope

 $U \not D \cap \mathcal{D} \cup \mathcal{O} \cup$ 

Roman: bélisan

Synonym(s): dream-like, wondrous, amazing, astounding, unbelievable, surreal

ノダからか - Verb - /bɛ:łfi/ -

Roman: *bélfi* Synonym(s): melt

リダからう □ - Numeral - /bɛ:łswɛ/ -

Roman: *bélswe* Synonym(s): one million

UØM⊌O/ - Adverb - /be:tsaı/ -

Roman: bélsar

This adverb is used in Tallfellow to indicate actions that didn't happen, but could have happened, or that the speaker wishes would have happened, with an implication that this would have been a better way for things to have turned out; alternatively, itcan be used to describe something that might or might not happen in the future, but would be good (or at least neutral) if it did happen. For actions that ideally wouldn't happen/have happened, use srásar.

Synonym(s): hopefully, ideally; could, should, perhaps, maybe

JØM <sup>2</sup> - Noun/Adjective - /bɛ:łd/ -

Roman: béld

Synonym(s): forehead, brow, scalp, skull, branches of a tree

U が M C - Noun/Adjective - /be:lgou/ - Animate -

Roman: bélgo

Synonym(s): cruel, heartless, thoughtless, insensitive, mean, nasty, awful

**ノ** Ø 些 ) / で 些 - Noun/Adjective - /bɛ:siɹous/ -

Roman: bésiros

More sophisticated term than wóher, used by educated and uppity ehobind.

Synonym(s): free (libre), liberated, emancipated, freedom, liberty

レダビかり つ - Noun/Adjective - /bɛ:sigɛ/ -

Roman: *bésige* Synonym(s): precise

 $\mathcal{J} \not \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /bɛ:dage<sup>m</sup>b/ -

Roman: bédagemb

Synonym(s): battleship, naval combatant

U D PO S Proper Noun - /bεια:gιαιb/ - Inanimate -

Roman: berágrarb

Synonym(s): Oversky, space, outer space, Galaxia

ノロハØさでと - Noun/Adjective - /beau:thous/ -

Roman: berátos

Not in general hobind use.

Synonym(s): radio wave, transmission, broadcast

ノロMGGMMO - Noun/Adjective - /bɛłmoumɛ:ma/ -

Animate -

Roman: belmoméma

Synonym(s): ideology, ideological, doctrine, way of thinking, school of thought

ノロM2 Ø いり - Noun/Adjective - /bɛłdɛ:mi/ -

Roman: *beldémi* Synonym(s): tree branch

US - Noun/Adjective - /ba:1/ -

Roman: búr

General word that covers most shades of green, though it implies a rich leaf green. Synonym(s): green

U/f/・- Verb - /bʌ:ŋgɪʌ/ -

Roman: búngru Synonym(s): pee

 $\stackrel{>}{\sim} \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /da:/ -

Roman: dá

Lacks the positive connotation of wúmbo; a more neutral term. Synonym(s): large, big

このつかへのめ - Noun/Adjective - /da:wiham/ -

Roman: dáwiham

Synonym(s): aerial combat, anti-air unit, anti-air, flying in battle

 $\mathcal{C}\mathcal{O}\mathcal{U}\mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /da:na/ - Inanimate -

Roman: dána

Fancier and more impressive word for "book" than bolngem. Characteristic of educated and uppity ehobind. Synonym(s): tome, grimoire

CØ/·- Noun/Adjective - /da:ɹʌ/ -

Roman: dáru

Synonym(s): fierce, vicious, savage

∂ØMJC - Noun/Adjective - /da:łgou/ -

Roman: dálgo

Synonym(s): bad-tasting, disgusting, unpleasant (time), exhausting

 $\mathcal{C} \mathcal{O} \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mathcal{O}}}}$  - Noun/Adjective - /da:s/ -

Roman: dás

Synonym(s): dungeon, ruin

このとらロ√ - Verb - /da:sfeg/ -

Roman: dásfeg
Synonym(s): marry, wed, be joined with, unite with

 $< \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \lor \cap \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /da:haphag/-

Roman: *dáhaprag* Synonym(s): barracks, military base

 $\mathcal{C} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{C} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{D} \mathcal{C}$  - Noun/Adjective - /da:dxis/ -

Roman: dádris

Synonym(s): huge, enormous, vast

 $\mathcal{C} \otimes \mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{C} \subseteq \mathcal{C} \subseteq \mathcal{C} \cup \mathcal{C} \cup$ 

Roman: dádridos

Synonym(s): homeless person, hobo

Roman: dágani Synonym(s): politics, political  $\mathcal{COSO}$  - Noun/Adjective - /da:gane $^{m}$ b/ -

Roman: dáganemb

Not used to describe halfling rulers, who tend to go by the term Omrandil (Mayor) or Omrandilwumbo (Great-Mayor). Most commonly used to describe the sovereign of the country of Azalia. Synonym(s): king, queen, monarch, ruler

 $\partial \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /da:glan/ -

Roman: dáglan Synonym(s): admiral

Roman: dágisan Synonym(s): center, facility, base

こったの・ら - Noun/Adjective - /diou:lnm/ - Inanimate -

Roman: *drólum* 

Synonym(s): ghost, spirit, incorporeal undead

2/20 Noun/Adjective - /dxou:hidxa/ -

Roman: dróhidra

Synonym(s): arsenal, military workshop, armory

2 / N - Verb - /dɪi:/ -

Roman: drí

Synonym(s): drop (transitive), poop

こ/ M J C - Noun/Adjective - /dɪi:ŋgou/ -

Roman: dríngo

Synonym(s): poop, feces

こへ外分でピハカ - Noun/Adjective - /dxi:¬gousxi/ -

Roman: dríngosri

Synonym(s): smelling of poop, terrible-smelling, disgusting, revolting, nauseating

こ/がM - Verb - /du: 1/-

Roman: dríl

Synonym(s): turn, spin, rotate

さんがかようのM - Noun/Adjective - /d.x: f<sup>n</sup>gwaf/ - Inanimate -

Roman: drílngwal

Synonym(s): coral atoll, ring of coral reef

こ/外mm》/ - Noun/Adjective - /d』:fix/ -

Roman: dríllir

Synonym(s): circle

こへがいのるのせ - Noun/Adjective - /dxi:gathan/ -

Roman: drígatan

Synonym(s): monastery, fortified temple

് ഗ് ഗ് ഗ് ി - Noun/Adjective - /dɪɛ:mi/ -

Roman: drémi Synonym(s): breast

2 / Ø · · · Noun/Adjective - /dɪɛ:mbʌ/ - Animate -

Roman: drémbu

Synonym(s): evil, cruel, terrible, awful

こんら - Noun/Adjective - /dou:m/ - Inanimate -

Roman: dóm

Synonym(s): melee, close range, point blank range

≥ 1 Provided - Noun/Adjective - /dov: "ba/ - Animate -

Roman: dómba

Synonym(s): active (volcano), bubbling, boiling

ී ී ී 0 0 - Noun/Adjective - 1 - Inanimate - 3 - Inanimate - 3

Roman: dómbela Synonym(s): global, worldwide

こだのロMでと - Noun/Adjective - /dov: mbelous/ -

Roman: dómbelos

Synonym(s): world, planet, Material Plane

さばう・- Noun/Adjective - /dov:wa/ -

Roman: dówu Synonym(s): brain

€ Loun/Adjective - /dou:n/ -

Roman: dón

Synonym(s): hilltop, crest, ridge

さんといる - Noun/Adjective - /dou:ndous/ -

Roman: dóndos Synonym(s): kingdom, realm

○ Noun/Adjective - /dou:xa/ - Animate -

Roman: dóra Synonym(s): eagle

さば / )) / L - Noun/Adjective - /dou:zizn/ -

Roman: dórirn

Poetic term used more commonly by educated and uppity ehobind.

Synonym(s): starlight

 $\mathcal{C}$   $\mathcal{C}$   $\mathcal{C}$  - Noun/Adjective - /dov: $\mathfrak{x}^{\mathbf{m}}$ b/ - Inanimate -

Roman: dóremb

Synonym(s): bronze, copper alloy

2 \$\infty \cap C \infty \cap \tag{-\dou:.ideg/-

Roman: dórdeg

Synonym(s): unit, combatant

 $\ensuremath{\text{CM}}\xspace$  ) - Noun/Adjective - /dou: $\ensuremath{\text{ngi/}}\xspace$  - Inanimate -

Roman: dóngi

Synonym(s): peninsula, cape, point

こだか - Noun/Adjective - /dou:}/ -

Roman: dól

Synonym(s): miserable, dejected, hopeless, burned out

さばかさでク与 - Noun/Adjective - /dou:ldou.if/ -

Roman: *dóldorf* Synonym(s): armory

こだ M J フ D ⊌ - Noun/Adjective - /dou:łgwes/ -

Roman: dólgwes Synonym(s): boring, tedious

೭೮ - Noun/Adjective - /dou:s/ -

Roman: dós

Refers only to the creature type, i.e. cloud giant, hill giant, frost giant, iref.

Synonym(s): giant (creature)

 $CN \cap O$  - Noun/Adjective - /dou:ha/ -

Roman: dóha

Synonym(s): prayer, divine spell

 $\mathcal{C}$   $\mathcal{L}$   $\mathcal{L}$   $\mathcal{L}$  - Noun/Adjective - /dou:b $\varepsilon$ <sup>m</sup>b/ - Animate -

Roman: dóbemb

Synonym(s): embassy, diplomatic mission, foreign mission

c \( \int \) - Noun/Adjective - /dov:g/ -

Roman: dóg

Synonym(s): divine magic

2500 Noun/Adjective - /dou:phwi./ -

Roman: dópwir

Refers to specific instances only.

Synonym(s): construction effort, output, production

Roman: dópa

Synonym(s): build, construct, create

さんりの - Noun/Adjective - /dou:pham/ -

Roman: dópam

Synonym(s): construction, production, output (industrial)

こだ √ O こ か M - Noun/Adjective - /dou:phadil/ -

Roman: dópadil

Synonym(s): builder, architect

Roman: donrambámis

Synonym(s): venthouse (Orisian crystal smithy)

2 MN / - Numeral - /dli:1/ -

Roman: *dlír* Synonym(s): five

2 MM / O - Adverb - /dli:1q/ -

Roman: *dlíra*Synonym(s): five times

このダクテク - Numeral - /dli:z<sup>n</sup>q.xq/-

Roman: *dlírngra* Synonym(s): fifty

このメンチへのチへの - Numeral - /dli:xºgxq¹gxq/ -

Roman: *dlirngrangra* Synonym(s): five hundred

このメクリロからつ - Numeral - /dli:zbelswe/-

Roman: *dlírbelswe* Synonym(s): five million

こかかつ Ø / いか - Numeral - /dłɪwɛ:ɹmi/ -

Roman: *dliwérmi* Synonym(s): five thousand

 $C \cap \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O}$  . Noun/Adjective - /dlɛ:gi/ -

Roman: dlégi

Synonym(s): fake, deceptive, fictitious, dishonorable, untrustworthy

CMØ∫ ) / - Noun/Adjective - /dlɛ:giɪ/ -

Roman: dlégir

Synonym(s): consequence, drawback, negative result

Roman: dlégur

In the plural, this can be used as a mild expletive.

Synonym(s): diease, illness, sickness, sick, ill, diseased, contaminated, disagreement, quarrel, disagreeable, quarreling, social problem

2 m/O - Noun/Adjective - /dla:  $^{\text{m}}$ ba/ -

Roman: dlúmba

Differs from nóbli in that there is no connotation of familiarity; it is more appropriate for, for instance, a relaxing vacation or an unusually pleasant experience.

Synonym(s): sweet, fruity, relaxing, pleasant, candy

Roman: dlúbel Synonym(s): cheek  $2 \text{ M/e/} - \text{Noun/Adjective} - \frac{1}{2} - \text{Noun/Adjective} - \frac$ 

Roman: *dlúpe* Synonym(s): fruit

こ外とでクラ - Noun/Adjective - /di:ndouxf/ -

Roman: *díndorf* Synonym(s): factory

ごが/m· ⊌ - Noun/Adjective - /di:』las/ -

Roman: dírlus

Used to describe a group of polyamorous, non-exclusive partners, especially in the Fey Realm tradition. It can also describe a particularly close-knit friend group, especially when used by native Sylvan speakers.

Synonym(s): polycule, close friend group

∂*M*𝒯 𝑉 - Noun/Adjective - /dr: ${}^{1m}$ b ${\epsilon}/$  - Inanimate -

Roman: *dílmbe* Synonym(s): color

己がかの つ い - Noun/Adjective - /dr: ł mbegou/ - Inanimate -

Roman: dílmbego

Synonym(s): colorless, without color

こがMロ - Verb - /dr:le/ -

Roman: díle

Synonym(s): serve, work for, obey, advise

こがか・と - Noun/Adjective - /dr:land/ -

Roman: dílund

Synonym(s): worker, employee, servant, advisor

こがmを/で-Noun/Adjective - /dr:lth100/-

Roman: díltro

Synonym(s): autumn, fall (season)

こがピアカ - Noun/Adjective - /di:sxi/ -

Roman: *dísri*Synonym(s): destiny

උනිපි ා ℓ - Noun/Adjective - /di:sɪn/ -

Roman: dísin

Not in general hobind use. Synonym(s): internet, network

こがいて/ - Noun/Adjective - /di:gouz/ -

Roman: dígor

Synonym(s): sharp, pointed, spear, javelin

 $\text{CMOCC - Noun/Adjective - /di:} p^{h}ou^{n}d/\text{ - Inanimate - }$ 

Roman: dípond

As tallfellows are beige-skinned, most commonly means beige. However, it can also refer to various shades of brown or other skin colors, especially among Mandelenians, Qaelians, etc. Synonym(s): beige, skin-colored

さかのグクかか - Noun/Adjective - /dr<sup>m</sup>bou:xił/ - Animate -

Roman: dimbóril

Especially used to describe the dwarven legal system, Divorril, but can be used more generally.

Synonym(s): code of laws, legal system

Roman: dimbésla

Synonym(s): theater, concert hall, stage

 $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$ 

Roman: diráwombis

Synonym(s): fey lord, fey monarch, lord of Ngeyassaé, archfey

とかって∫⊌ - Noun/Adjective - /di.da:s/ - Animate -

Roman: dirdús

Synonym(s): hurricane, maelstrom, whirlwind

 $2 \text{ NeVMeV} \cdot \text{SO}$  - Noun/Adjective - /dis.II: $\frac{1}{2}$  snaga/ -

Roman: disrílsnuga

Describes the tyciodhgha concept in the Fey Realm, by which the state of Ngeyassaé is seen as a kingdom that governs all other kingdoms. Originally meant "honorable star" in Shadar-Sylvan, meaning that Ngeyassaé, the kingdom of the lofty stars, would control all those beneath it.

Synonym(s): suzerain, governing state, tyciodhgha

Roman: digó

Synonym(s): fork (for eating), spike

∂ Ø ⊃ Ŋ - Verb - /dε:wi/ -

Roman: déwi

Synonym(s): promise, dedicate, commit

උ Ø ට ා ය ල ී - Noun/Adjective - /dɛ:wɪmɛʰd/ -

Roman: déwimend

Synonym(s): promise, commitment, dedication

 $\stackrel{?}{\sim} \cancel{D} \stackrel{?}{\sim} \cdot \stackrel{?}{\sim} - \text{Noun/Adjective - } /\text{de:wamb/ -}$ 

Roman: déwumb

Synonym(s): red

 $\stackrel{\circ}{\sim}$   $\not \bigcirc$   $\nearrow$  - Noun/Adjective - /dɛ: $\rlap{\ \ \, }$ I/ -

Roman: *dér*Synonym(s): ruby

~ 夕 ク り つ e - Noun/Adjective - /de:.zme<sup>n</sup>d/ -

Roman: *dérmend*Synonym(s): true, real, truth, fact

synonym(s). true, real, truth, lac

こめつらつ? - Adverb - /de:.ɪmethaɪ/ -

Roman: dérmetar

Synonym(s): really, truly, actually, indeed, definitely

ĈØ∕) - Noun/Adjective - /dɛ:ɹi/ -

Roman: *déri*Synonym(s): element

 $^{?}$  Ø  $^{/}$   $^{\bigcirc}$   $^{/}$   $^{\bigcirc}$   $^{/}$  - Noun/Adjective -  $^{/}$ dɛ:ɹɛb/ -

Roman: déreb

Specifically, describes the pyramids constructed by the Sekhmrhets in the Skyfire Desert in Qaelia.

Synonym(s): pyramid

∂ Ø M Ø → · M - Noun/Adjective - /de:ł mbw Ał/ -

Roman: délmbwul

Synonym(s): unique, original, creative, groundbreaking

c Øm vo - Noun/Adjective - /de:1mbou/ -

Roman: délmbo

Positive word implying food that tastes good and is also different, provocative or new. Sometimes used sarcastically to describe badtasting food. May also be used metaphorically to describe experiences that help one to grow or improve one's skills or understanding.

Synonym(s): interesting-tasting, uniquely flavored, instructive, informative

c Øm⊃ noun/Adjective - /de:lwi1/ -

Roman: délwir

Can be used to refer to the event of taking a shower to clean oneself, or just to any spray or shower of liquid, similar to English. Does not, however, refer to a place in one's home where a shower can be taken; for that, see bandélmi. "Take a shower" is wiri delwir.

Synonym(s): shower, spray

ĈØMŲ - Noun/Adjective - /dε:łn/ -

Roman: déln

Synonym(s): tongue, taste, type, kind, variety

∂ØMŲ· ⁄ - Verb - /dε:łnʌɪ/ -

Roman: *délnur* Synonym(s): lick, taste

≥ ØM) - Verb - /dɛ:li/ -

Roman: déli

Not used to say that it is "raining" without a subject to describe what is falling. For that, use héldo. Synonym(s): fall onto, shower, rain on

მ ტ რ უ ს - Noun/Adjective - /dɛ:łɪm/ - Animate -

Roman: délim

Synonym(s): raining, showering, spraying, precipitation

ĈØM))⊌ - Noun/Adjective - /dε:łɪs/ -

Roman: délis

Synonym(s): rotten, disgusting, putrid

2 Ø M & D v · / - Noun/Adjective - /de:lthiphai/ - Animate -

Roman: déltipur

Synonym(s): light-hearted, casual, not serious

 $2 \not \square = 0 \cup 1 \cap 0 = -\text{Noun/Adjective} - \text{de:sab.as/} -$ 

Roman: désabras

Can also be just "bras" for short.

Synonym(s): email

<sup>2</sup> □ - Particle - /dε/ -

Roman: de

Marks progressive aspect. Precedes all other particles.

Synonym(s): -ing

~ この いし へ Ø つ で - Noun/Adjective - /demb.a:wou/ -

Roman: dembráwo

Synonym(s): active, in use, being used, drawn (weapons)

さつびめへのせ - Noun/Adjective - /dewov:m.xan/ -

Roman: dewómran

Synonym(s): in power, dominant, in control, leading, in charge

さつ フガクフロム ロMVMM - Expression - /de wi:rwem

εłp<sup>h</sup>ιmoυ:/ -

Roman: de wírwem elpimó

Literally "cooking (into) brown", a reference to cooking where a recipe is often considered finished when it becomes golden brown.

Synonym(s): be within reach, be coming soon, be imminent

こつへば - Noun/Adjective - /de.rou:/ -

Roman: deró

Used only for physical sensations, not for emotions, to describe sensations or physical conditions that feel pleasant, such as touch, recovering from illness, etc. The exception is that feeling socially accepted is often described using deró.

Synonym(s): good-feeling

さロクでさかがさか・- Proper Noun - /desoudli:dla/ -

Roman: derodlídlu

Synonym(s): Teotlitl, southern Mandelenian continent

20/5m% - Noun/Adjective - /desfli:/-

Roman: derflí

Synonym(s): crooked, bent, damaged, out of sorts, out of order, needing repair, broken

このかと / が - Noun/Adjective - /delndsou:/ -

Roman: delndró

Synonym(s): savory, umami, pleasant (period of time), wonderful (period of time)

このピクダ - Noun/Adjective - /des.i:/ -

Roman: desrí

Synonym(s): bright, shining, glowing, luminous, radiant, high (in

pitch)

ರ / ಅರ e - Noun/Adjective - /d∧:mend/ -

Roman: dúmend

Synonym(s): height, level, altitude

こ/とか - Noun/Adjective - /d∧:ndi/ -

Roman: dúndi

Has a generally positive connotation, whereas in English "sneaky" and "short" can be somewhat pejorative.

Synonym(s): short, low to the ground, sneaky, subtle

Roman: dúr

Synonym(s): slope, valley, downhill

こ//とうか/ - Noun/Adjective - /dʌ:ɹ<sup>n</sup>dwiɹ/ -

Roman: dúrndwir

Only used to refer to an individual session of a game, i.e. "I played a game of what-have-I-got-in-my-pocketses". Otherwise, use durndim.

Synonym(s): game

2//2 M O U ) - Noun/Adjective - /da: $x^n$ dleni/ -

Roman: dúrndleni

Refers to the experience and details of playing a game of any sort, such as the rules, the methods and tactics of play, etc.

Synonym(s): gameplay

~ ( ) - Verb - /dʌ:ɹ<sup>n</sup>di/ -

Roman: dúrndi

Not used for playing instruments.

Synonym(s): play

と / / と )) い - Noun/Adjective - /dʌ: ɹ ndɪm/ -

Roman: dúrndim

Refers to a system of rules, way of playing, etc. not to an individual session of a game (i.e. "I won that game"); for that, use

dúrndwir.

Synonym(s): game

と / / と か M □ & か - Noun/Adjective - /da:x<sup>n</sup>dɪleni/ -

Roman: dúrndileni

Synonym(s): entertainment, gaming, recreation, playtime

C//与フか - Noun/Adjective - /da:』fwi』/ -

Roman: dúrfwir

Synonym(s): escape, getaway

こ//与・- Verb - /dn:xfn/-

Roman: dúrfu

Synonym(s): drop (intransitive), fall, roll down, escape

Roman: dúl

Synonym(s): ball, sphere, round, spherical

c/∩ から - Noun/Adjective - /da:his/ -

Roman: *dúhis* Synonym(s): fingernail

 $2 \cdot / \leq \emptyset \leq D / - Proper Noun - /dalsa:fel/-$ 

Roman: dursáfer

Synonym(s): Sunfall (Azalian month), August

2 · MM& 9 - Verb - /datou:m/ -

Roman: dullóm

Synonym(s): roll (transitive), set in motion, set moving, pull (a cart

or other vehicle)

Roman: duswéri

Synonym(s): rough, rugged, bumpy, coarse

# √ WORDS:

 $\int \partial \mathcal{O} \cdot - \text{Noun/Adjective} - /\text{gwa:dn/} -$ 

Roman: gwádu

Synonym(s): marsh, swamp, bog, fen

Roman: gwáting Synonym(s): duck

「このるかり」/ いで - Noun/Adjective - /gwathingwa: mbou/ -

Roman: gwatingwúmbo

Synonym(s): swan

Roman: gwini

Synonym(s): bad, unpleasant

Roman: gwínigo

Synonym(s): middling, decent, iffy, subpar

「 う M c - Noun/Adjective - /gwi:nd/ -

Roman: gwind

Synonym(s): muscle, leg muscles

Roman: gwilo

Synonym(s): cuillo, Mandelenian knot-writing weave

 $\int \mathcal{N} \mathcal{E} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{P}$  - Adverb - /gwi:thai/-

Roman: gwitar

Synonym(s): badly, poorly, unpleasantly

 $\int \mathcal{D} / \mathcal{C}$  - Conjunction - /gwe:100/ -

Roman: gwéro

Synonym(s): thus, therefore, so, then

 $\int \mathcal{D} / \mathcal{D}$  - Adverb - /gwe:1\(\varepsilon\)/

Roman: gwére

Synonym(s): still, even now, continues to, already

Roman: gwélpwind

Synonym(s): bathe, take a bath

Roman: gwésnul

Synonym(s): method, mode, style, technique

 $\int \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \cap - \text{Adverb} - \text{/gwe:hai/} -$ 

Roman: gwéhar

Synonym(s): like this, this way, as shown, like so

「つつんを - Conjunction - /gwe.iou:/ -

Roman: gweró

Synonym(s): to that end, for that reason, thus

 $\int \mathcal{O} \mathcal{E} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{M} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{U}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ga:"delban/ -

Roman: gándelban

More sophisticated term than wotri, used by educated and uppity

ehobind.

Synonym(s): wizard, mage

 $\int \mathcal{O} / \mathcal{C} \subseteq$  - Noun/Adjective - /ga:100s/ -

Roman: gáros

Synonym(s): fiend, demon, devil

 $\int \mathcal{O} \wedge \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} = \text{Noun/Adjective - /ga:.ie}/-$ 

Roman: gárel Synonym(s): archer

 $\int \mathcal{O} \wedge \int \mathcal{O} \cong$  - Noun/Adjective - /ga:1ges/ -

Roman: gárges

Not in current hobind use. Synonym(s): logo, icon

「Øf / O - Numeral - /ga:ŋgɹɑ/ -

Roman: gángra Synonym(s): eighty

「Øゲハロテハロ - /ga:¬gɹa¬gɹa/ -

Roman: gángrangra Synonym(s): eight hundred

 $\int \mathcal{O}$ ന്ന  $\cdot$  ് - Noun/Adjective - /ga:lam/ -

Roman: gálum

Synonym(s): ugly, repulsive, unpleasant

 $\int \mathcal{O} \subseteq -\text{Noun/Adjective - /ga:s/ -}$ 

Roman: gás

Generally refers only to a worship center for Azalla or Soltus, or other deities closely associated with mortals. Use snóglo for a more general word for places of worship. Use drígatan for a heavily fortified monastery or other worship site.

Synonym(s): church, chapel, monastery, temple

\_\_\_\_

 $\int \mathcal{O} = 0$  - Noun/Adjective - /ga:si/ - Animate -

Roman: gási

Synonym(s): good, altruistic, holy, reverent, sacred, divine

 $\int \mathcal{O} = \cdot \mathcal{E} \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ga:s $_{\Lambda}$ t $_{E}$ / -

Roman: gásute

Synonym(s): mass

 $\int \mathcal{O} \cup \cap \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ga:b.an/ -

Roman: gábran Synonym(s): goblin 「 グ ノ ロ M と ⊃ ロ - Numeral - /ga:bɛłswɛ/ -

Roman: gábelswe Synonym(s): eight million

 $\int \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ga:phi/ -

Roman: gápi

Synonym(s): gap, hole, slot, niche

 $\int \mathcal{O} \, \mbox{$\ensuremath{\not{\in}}$} \, \, / \, \, \mbox{$\ensuremath{\mathcal{O}}$} \, \mbox{$\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mathcal{O}}}$} \, \mbox{$\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mathcal{O}}$}$} \, \mbox{$\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mathcal{O}}$}$}$} \, \mbox{$\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mathcal{O}}$}$} \, \mbox{$\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mathcal{O}}$}$}$} \, \mbox{$\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\en$ 

Roman: gátres Synonym(s): paladin

 $\int \mathcal{O} \, \mathcal{C} \, \mathcal{O} \, \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ga:themb/ -

Roman: *gátemb* Synonym(s): knight

 $\int O$  ও - Conjunction - /gam/ -

Roman: gam

This is an inclusive OR. It should be used only in situations where both options can be true at the same time. Sometimes used as a verbal tic while brainstorming ideas.

Synonym(s): and/or

「クラダクめか - Numeral - /gawe:.ɪmi/ -

Roman: *gawérmi* Synonym(s): eight thousand

 $\int O \cap \emptyset \Leftrightarrow \cap O$  - Noun/Adjective - /gaze:  $t^h$ za/ -

Roman: garétra Synonym(s): dretch

 $\int OMM /O$  - Proper Noun - /galou:1a/ -

Roman: galóra

Synonym(s): Chlora (goddess)

 $\int O = \mathcal{Q} \cap \mathcal{Q} = \mathcal{D}$  - Noun/Adjective - /gasnɛlɛ:si/ -

Roman: gasnelési

Synonym(s): universe, multiverse, cosmos

「Oolow - Noun/Adjective - /gaphwou:/-

Roman: gapwó Synonym(s): mouth

「Oe」フダク - Noun/Adjective - /gap¹wou:1/ -

Roman: gapwór

Synonym(s): need, requirement, prerequisite, required, necessary,

cost, price

ഗ്ഗ്ഗ് എന്ന് - Numeral - /gɹɑ:mɪɫºg/ -

Roman: grámilng Synonym(s): nineteen  $\int / \mathcal{O}$  ഴു നെ  $\int / \mathcal{O}$  - Numeral - /gia:mil<sup>n</sup>gia/ -

Roman: grámilngra

Synonym(s): one hundred and ninety

 $\int / \emptyset \rangle O$  - Numeral - /gia:wa/ -

Roman: *gráwa* Synonym(s): twelve

 $\int / \emptyset \supset O \int / O$  - Numeral - /g.ia:wa $^{\eta}$ g.ia/ -

Roman: gráwangra

Synonym(s): one hundred and twenty

「プグゲクク - Numeral - /gɹɑ:¬gɹɑ/ -

Roman: *grángra* Synonym(s): one hundred

 $\int / O M D O - Numeral - /g.ia: li<sup>m</sup>b/ -$ 

Roman: *grálimb* Synonym(s): eleven

Roman: *grálingra* Synonym(s): one hundred and ten

「ハグラッと - Numeral - /g.ac.fr<sup>n</sup>d/ -

Roman: *gráfind* Synonym(s): seventeen

 $\int / O$ 与 か  $\int / O$  - Numeral - /g.a: $fi^n$ g.a/ -

Roman: gráfingra

Synonym(s): one hundred and seventy

 $\int / O \cup O \cap = O - Numeral - /g.ia:belswe/-$ 

Roman: *grábelswe* Synonym(s): ten million

 $\int / \mathcal{O} \in M \mathcal{D} / - Numeral - /g_{IG}:dli_{I}/ - M$ 

Roman: *grádlir* Synonym(s): fifteen

 $\int / \mathcal{O} \subset M \mathcal{D} / \mathcal{O} - Numeral - /g_1a:dlix^ng_1a/-$ 

Roman: *grádlirngra* Synonym(s): one hundred and fifty

 $\int \triangle O \int O$  - Numeral - /g.a:ga/ -

Roman: *grága* Synonym(s): eighteen

 $\int / \emptyset \int O \int / O$  - Numeral - /gia:ga $^{n}$ gia/ -

Roman: grágangra

Synonym(s): one hundred and eighty

 $\int / \emptyset$   $\Leftrightarrow \partial / O / - \text{Numeral} - / \text{gia:} t^h \text{wai} / -$ 

Roman: grátwar Synonym(s): sixteen

 $\mathcal{I} / \mathcal{O} \in \mathcal{I} / \mathcal{O} - \text{Numeral - /g.ia:} t^h wax^n g.ia / - \mathcal{O} = \mathcal{O} / \mathcal{O} + \mathcal{O} - \mathcal{O} = \mathcal{O} / \mathcal{O} + \mathcal{O} - \mathcal{O} = \mathcal{O} / \mathcal{O} + \mathcal{O} + \mathcal{O} = \mathcal{O} / \mathcal{O} + \mathcal{O} + \mathcal{O} + \mathcal{O} = \mathcal{O} / \mathcal{O} + \mathcal{O} + \mathcal{O} + \mathcal{O} + \mathcal{O} = \mathcal{O} / \mathcal{O} + \mathcal{O$ 

Roman: *grátwarngra* Synonym(s): one hundred and sixty

「「ハロコダクペ》 - Numeral - /gɹɑwɛ:ɹmi/ -

Roman: grawérmi Synonym(s): ten thousand

「ハロテハロラダハム》 - Numeral - /gɪɑ¹gɹawɛ:ɹmi/ -

Roman: *grangrawérmi* Synonym(s): one hundred thousand

 $\int \mathcal{N} \mathcal{E} \mathcal{O}$  - Numeral - /g100:nda/ -

Roman: *grónda* Synonym(s): fourteen

Roman: *gróndangra* Synonym(s): one hundred and forty

 $\int / \mathcal{L} / \mathcal{D} \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /glou: $\iota$ <sup>m</sup>b/ -

Roman: gróremb

Synonym(s): plain, flatland, plateau

 $\int \mathcal{N} \cap \mathcal{O} \int \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /g100:hega1/ - Animate -

Roman: gróhegar

Synonym(s): brave, bold, courageous, intrepid

 $\int \mathcal{N} \wedge \nabla \int \mathcal{O} \wedge \mathcal{O} - Adverb - /giou:hegaia/-$ 

Roman: gróhegara

Synonym(s): boldly, bravely, courageously

 $\int \mathcal{N} \mathcal{L} \cup \mathcal{N} \mathcal{E} - Noun/Adjective - /grou:br^nd/-$ 

Roman: gróbind

Describes the body part on a humanoid being. Not usually used with non-humanoids.

Synonym(s): bottom, backside, rear, butt

 $\int / 1600$  - Adverb - /g100:pha1/ -

Roman: grópar

Synonym(s): anyway, nevertheless, however

√ C - Noun/Adjective - /g.10u/ -

Roman: gro

Synonym(s): bottom, underside

 $\int / C = \emptyset$   $\leq M \cup - Verb - /giousa:fle/ - Verb - Verb - Verb - /giousa:fle/ - Verb - Verb - Verb - /giousa:fle/ - Verb -$ 

Roman: grosáfle

Synonym(s): sunbathe, tan, lie in the sun

 $\int / M \cap O$  - Noun/Adjective - /g.ii:a/ -

Roman: gríla
Synonym(s): hawk

 $\int / \mathcal{D} / \mathcal{D}$  - Numeral - /gie:iend/ -

Roman: grérend Synonym(s): thirteen

J/Ø/OJ/O-Numeral - /gie:ie<sup>n</sup>gia/ -

Roman: grérengra

Synonym(s): one hundred and thirty

 $\int / \mathcal{D} = -\text{Noun/Adjective} - /\text{gie:f/} -$ 

Roman: gréf

Synonym(s): bow (and arrow)

 $\int / \mathcal{D} = O \cap \mathcal{D} / - \text{Noun/Adjective - /gie:fahei/ -}$ 

Roman: gréfaher Synonym(s): crossbow

√ / - Verb - /g.x./ -

Roman: grú

Synonym(s): spit, drool, salivate, slobber

√ / / ∩ ) - Noun/Adjective - /gɪʌ:hi/ -

Roman: *grúhi* 

Synonym(s): slime, ooze (not the creature type), slimy, oozy

「ダペクペ - Verb - /gou:m.an/ -

Roman: gómran

Synonym(s): invite, entice, attract, welcome

「ぱらんのせつか~ - Noun/Adjective - /gov:mɹanwiɹ/ -

Roman: gómranwir

Synonym(s): attraction, appeal, lure

「んちゅうからか」 - Noun/Adjective - /gou:mouwi<sup>n</sup>di/ -

Roman: gómowindi

Synonym(s): ineffective, inadvisable, unwise, ineffectual

「パラ)/ - Noun/Adjective - /gou:wiɪ/ - Inanimate -

Roman: gówir

Used to describe a single instnace of death or exile, not the concept in general.

Synonym(s): death, exile, doom

「パラカノ · Noun/Adjective - /gou:wi.m/ -

Roman: gówirm Synonym(s): undead creature

「ダ ( ) / ) - Noun/Adjective - /gov:ni.ii/ -

Roman: *góniri* Synonym(s): demon

 $\int \mathcal{L} \circ \mathcal{O} = -\text{Noun/Adjective - /gou:}^n \text{das/} -$ 

Roman: góndas

An unpleasant term for the worst kind of meddling, moneygrubbing adventurer, rather than the sympathetic term holumrandódil.

Synonym(s): mercenary, vigilante, murderhobo, adventurer (pejorative)

「ダク - Noun/Adjective - /gou:』/ -

Roman: gór

Adjective that takes the genitive case for the thing that is lacked. Often best translated using "without", though unlike that English word, gór is an adjective and follows all the Tallfellow rules for adjectives. For instance, gor bli could be translated as "without me", hobind gor wemrum is "a person without food", etc. Synonym(s): lacking, without, bereft, lack, absence, debt, owed

 $\int \mathcal{N} / O \supset \mathcal{N}$  - Noun/Adjective - /gou:xawi/ - Animate -

Roman: górawi

Synonym(s): dead, deceased, lonely, exiled, outcast, pariah

「グ/C - Verb - /gou:10u/ -

Roman: góro

Synonym(s): die, lose one's friends

「パクでい - Noun/Adjective - /gou:Joum/ - Inanimate -

Roman: górom

Synonym(s): death, end of life, entropy, decay, ending, dying, being cast out, exile, ostracism

 $\mathcal{S}(\mathcal{M})$   $\mathcal{C}$  - Noun/Adjective - /gou: $\mathfrak{str}^n d$  -

Roman: górlind

Describes anyone from either East Bellakor or West Bellakor. Synonym(s): Korlian person  $\,$ 

 $\mathcal{S} \cap \mathcal{S} \cap \mathcal{S} \cap \mathcal{S} = \mathcal{S} \cap \mathcal{S} \cup \mathcal{S} - \mathcal{S} \cap \mathcal{S} \cup \mathcal{S} \cup$ 

Roman: górflos

Synonym(s): orphaned, orphan, parentless, motherless, fatherless

 $\int \mathcal{L} \wedge \mathcal{L} \wedge \mathcal{L} \wedge \mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{2}$  - Noun/Adjective - /gou: $\int \mathcal{L} \wedge \mathcal{L$ 

Roman: górtra

Synonym(s): empire

 $\mathcal{SMOU}$  - Noun/Adjective - /gou:len/ - Inanimate -

Roman: gólen

Synonym(s): secret, secret knowledge, classified information, confidential, hidden

「ダビ - Noun/Adjective - /gou:s/ -

Roman: gós Synonym(s): camel

 $\mathcal{J}\mathcal{K} \cup \mathcal{M}^2$  - Noun/Adjective - /gou:b $\Lambda$ ld/ -

Roman: góbuld Synonym(s): kobold 「ダさでせで与 - Noun/Adjective - /gov:dovnouf/ -

Roman: gódonof

Synonym(s): stone henge, Fyvalian monument

 $\mathcal{I}$   $\mathcal{I}$   $\mathcal{I}$   $\mathcal{I}$   $\mathcal{I}$   $\mathcal{I}$  - Noun/Adjective - /gou:deje/-

Roman: gódere

Synonym(s): stuck, immobile, trapped

Roman: gópan

Synonym(s): utensil, piece of silverware, manner, method, means, technique, tool

JでMØ - Verb - /gouła:/ -

Roman: golá
Synonym(s): pay

\_\_\_\_\_

Roman: glámi

Synonym(s): close, intimate, interconnected

了MØU》 - Noun/Adjective - /gła:mi/ - Inanimate -

ഗ്നØ്ശ∪ - Verb - /gła:mɛ/ -

Roman: gláme

Synonym(s): hug

 $\int M \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O}$  - Adverb - /gła: mb/ -

Roman: glámb

Synonym(s): close, near, nearby

 $\int \bigcap \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \vee \mathcal{N} \text{ - Noun/Adjective - /g4a:} ^mbleni/ \text{ - Inanimate -}$ 

Roman: glámbleni

Synonym(s): closeness, proximity

 $\int M \mathcal{O} \mathcal{U}$  - Noun/Adjective - /gla:n/ -

Roman: glán

Synonym(s): correct, accurate, valid

 $\int M \mathcal{O}$   $\supset \int$  - Noun/Adjective - /gla:sig/ -

Roman: glásig

Describes the type of material. Not in common usage. Synonym(s): conductor

 $\int M \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O}$  - Adverb - /gła:phai/ -

Roman: glápar

Synonym(s): almost, nearly, about (to), on the brink of

 $\int M \mathcal{O} \mathcal{C} / \mathcal{D}$  - Noun/Adjective - /gla:th.zi/ -

Roman: glátri

Synonym(s): relevant, applicable, accurate

 $\int MO\Psi$  - Expression - /glan/ -

Roman: glan Synonym(s): yes

 $\int M / M = 0$  - Noun/Adjective - /glou:fi/ -

Roman: glólfi Synonym(s): fire

 $\label{eq:local_semble} \int \text{MN} = \text{Down-Adjective - /glou:se}^m b / \text{-}$ 

Roman: *glósemb* Synonym(s): ash, ashes

JMダン・- Verb - /glou:bn/-

Roman: *glóbu* Synonym(s): drink

Roman: glópum

Singular in Tallfellow where it's plural in English; multiple "roots" are multiple systems. "Bér glópum" is a single root. Synonym(s): roots, system of roots

Roman: *glímungin* Synonym(s): district

 $\int M \mathcal{N} \mathcal{J}$  - Noun/Adjective - /gli:b/ - Inanimate -

Roman: glíb

Synonym(s): city, large town

了M者しMでM - Noun/Adjective - /gli:blouł/ -

Roman: glíblol

Synonym(s): foreign, external, outlander

 $\label{eq:local_continuity} \int \text{MNJ} \, \text{N} \, \text{U} \, \text{Noun/Adjective - /gli:bm/ -}$ 

Roman: glíbin

Synonym(s): building, structure

「MMU DMC と - Noun/Adjective - /gli:belous/ - Animate -

Roman: glibelos Synonym(s): city-state

 $\int M \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /gle/ -

Roman: gle

Synonym(s): right (direction)

「MのOM - Noun/Adjective - /gi:mbeł/ -

Roman: gímbel Synonym(s): brown

 $\int \mathcal{N} / \mathcal{U} - \text{Noun/Adjective - /gi:.in/ -}$ 

Roman: gírn

Abbreviated variant of irósugirn. Synonym(s): bus

「メクラMCビ - Noun/Adjective - /gi:xflous/ -

Roman: gírflos

Not in general hobind use.

Synonym(s): missile, warhead, bomb

「メクシ - Noun/Adjective - /gi:s/ -

Roman: gírs
Synonym(s): minute

 $\int \mathcal{N} \int - \text{Noun/Adjective - /gi:}^{\eta} g / -$ 

Roman: gíng

Synonym(s): neck, pivot, stand, mount

 $\text{Important } C \in \text{-Noun/Adjective -/gi:} ^ng\epsilon^nd/\text{--}$ 

Roman: gíngend

Synonym(s): threshold, endpoint, boundary, turning point

 $\int \mathcal{M} \cap \mathcal{O} \subset -\text{Noun/Adjective - /gr:} \cdot \text{lad/} -$ 

Roman: gílad Synonym(s): peridot

 $\int \mathcal{M} \cap \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /gr:le/ -

Roman: gile

May refer either to the substance or to the appearance of an

object.

Synonym(s): silver, shining

「新Mさんで - Noun/Adjective - /gr:łd.iou/ -

Roman: gíldro

Synonym(s): wire, cord, cable

 $\text{SM-MOP} \land \text{Noun/Adjective - /gi:sle}^m bin^{\eta}g \text{/ -}$ 

Roman: gíslembrung

Synonym(s): encampment, fortified hole, fortification

 $\int \mathcal{N} \subseteq \mathcal{N} \cup \mathcal{N}$  - Noun/Adjective - /gi:sin/ - Inanimate -

Roman: gísin

This is not plural in Tallfellow; egisin refers to multiple pairs of scissors, shears, etc.

Synonym(s): scissors, shears, clippers

 $\int \mathcal{N} \subset \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /gi:da/ - Animate -

Roman: gída

Synonym(s): mountain goat, goat, ram

 $\int \mathcal{N} \mathcal{O} / \mathcal{O} - \text{Noun/Adjective - /gi:phia/-}$ 

Roman: gípra

Synonym(s): dark brown

 $\int \mathcal{D} \wedge \mathcal{D} \subset O \cong$  - Noun/Adjective - /gi.e:das/ -

Roman: *girédas* Synonym(s): stadium

 $\int \mathcal{D}$  ଓ  $\cap \mathcal{D}$  ଏ - Noun/Adjective - /gɛ:mɹɛn/ - Inanimate -

Roman: gémren

Synonym(s): written record, diary, documentation

 $\int \mathcal{D}$  ( හි ටි) - Noun/Adjective - /gɛ:mi/ - Inanimate -

Roman: gémi

Can refer either to the material or to a single sheet of that material. When referring to the material, typically it is used as an adjective.

Synonym(s): paper, sheet of paper, page, window (on a computer), panel (on a computer)

「 Ø グ う ) / - Noun/Adjective - /ge: mbwi.i/ -

Roman: gémbwir

Synonym(s): victory, win, success

 $\int \mathcal{D} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{D} \mathcal{O} - \text{Verb - /ge:}^{\text{mbi.}} -$ 

Roman: gémbir

This is an exclusively intransitive verb. To describe "winning a game" or similar, use the locative case to describe the context in which the winning took place: Pin rum gembir durndwirumb! "I won the game!" (lit. I won in the game)

Synonym(s): win, succeed

「 Ø ゆ か / こ か M - Noun/Adjective - /ge: mbi.duł/ -

Roman: *gémbirdil* Synonym(s): winner, victor

 $\int \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ge: gi/-

Roman: géngi Synonym(s): land

 $\int \mathcal{D} \cap \mathbf{M} - \mathbf{Noun} / \mathbf{Adjective} - /\mathbf{ge:} \frac{1}{2} / \mathbf{m}$ 

Roman: *gél* Synonym(s): eye

 $\int \mathcal{D} \cap \mathcal{D} \mathcal{U}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ge:\frac{1}{2}wen/ -

Roman: gélwen Synonym(s): forest, woods

JØMCM - Noun/Adjective - /ge:louł/ -

Roman: gélol Synonym(s): map

 $\int \mathcal{D} M^{\circ}M^{\circ} d \sim Noun/Adjective - /ge:lou<math>li^n d / - Noun/Adjective = /ge:lou<math>li^n d / - Noun/Adjective = /ge:lou<math>li^n d / - Noun/Adjective = /ge:lou^{\circ} d / - Noun/Adjective = /ge:lou$ 

Roman: gélolind

Synonym(s): stranger, outsider, intruder

 $\int \emptyset \cap O \cap O = -\text{Noun/Adjective - /ge:} + \text{Auns/-} = -\text{Noun/Adjective - /ge:} + -\text$ 

Roman: géllarus

Not in common hobind usage. Synonym(s): trademark

JØM D A - Noun/Adjective - /gɛ:lɛm/ - Inanimate -

Roman: gélem

Synonym(s): park, hunting ground, cultivated forest region

J Ø M □ / - Noun/Adjective - /gɛ:lɛɪ/ - Inanimate -

Roman: géler

Doesn't refer to the discipline or study of geography, juat geography in the sense of the arrangement of natural features on a landscape.

Synonym(s): terrain, landscape, geography, geographic

 $\int \mathcal{D} \cap \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /ge:łbou/ -

Roman: gélbo

Synonym(s): lucky, likely, probable

 $\int \emptyset M \cup C \cap O \cap - Adverb - /ge: lbouhai / -$ 

Roman: *gélbohar* Synonym(s): probably

JØMenoun/Adjective - /ge:ldm/ -

Roman: géldin

Synonym(s): sour, intense, overwhelming

 $\int \mathcal{D} \cup \mathcal{N} \cap -\text{Noun/Adjective - /ge:bil/ -}$ 

Roman: gébil

Synonym(s): wine, spirits, alcohol

 $\int \mathcal{O} \wedge \mathcal{D} = -\text{Noun/Adjective - /geie:s/-}$ 

Roman: gerés

Synonym(s): advanced, sophisticated (technologically)

 $\int \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \mathcal{J}$  - Noun/Adjective - /gɛlɛ: $^{\eta}$ g/ -

Roman: *geléng* Synonym(s): age, period, era

「ロビグクビ - Verb - /gesou:.ɪs/ -

Roman: *gesórs* Synonym(s): research, study

J∪⊌Ø - Verb - /gese:/ -

Roman: gesé

Synonym(s): analyze, scan

 $\int \mathcal{O} = \mathcal{D} / \int - \text{Verb} - \text{gese:ig/} - \text{verb}$ 

Roman: gesérg

Synonym(s): develop, improve, further, edit

 $\int \mathcal{O} \otimes \mathcal{O} \wedge \int \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} - \text{Noun/Adjective - /gese:.igwi.i/-}$ 

Inanimate -

Roman: gesérgwir

Synonym(s): improvement, edit, development

√ এ - Adverb - /gʌ:m/ -

Roman: gúm

 $\int \cdot \int \bigcap \mathcal{D}$  - Noun/Adjective - /gagle:/-

Roman: guglé Synonym(s): eyelashes

Synonym(s): now

Roman: gúme

Synonym(s): current, present time, immediate, instant, free of charge

 $\int \int \mathcal{E} O$  - Noun/Adjective - /g $\Lambda$ : "da/ -

Roman: gúnda Synonym(s): bark

 $\int \int \int - Pronoun - /gA:I/ -$ 

Roman: gúr Synonym(s): it

S//C - Adverb - /ga:100/ -

Roman: gúro

Synonym(s): backward, this way

√√√℃ - Verb - /gn:ŋgɪou/ -

Roman: gúngro

Synonym(s): remain, be left, persist

Roman: gúlmbe Synonym(s): dark green

 $\int \int \sqrt{O} / - Adverb - /g_{\Lambda}: p^h \alpha_{\Lambda} / -$ 

Roman: gúpar

Synonym(s): instantly, immediately

√·∕⊄ - Adverb - /gajou:/ -

Roman: guró

Synonym(s): onward, forward, away

 $\int \cdot / \not D / - Expression - /gaie:1/-$ 

Roman: gurér

Synonym(s): as for it, on the other hand

J・与Mがら - Verb - /gʌfli:f/ -

Roman: *guflif* Synonym(s): raid, pillage

 $\int \cdot S M S S D A - Noun/Adjective - /gafli:fwii/ -$ 

Roman: *guflífwir* Synonym(s): raid, barbarian attack, bandit attack



 $\int \mathcal{O} \supset \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective -  $/ \alpha$ : "bwɛ/ -

Roman: *úmbwe* 

Synonym(s): permanent, unchanging, fixed, bound, set

/ ♪ □ ∩ O / - Adverb - / \(\alpha\): "bweha.\/ -

Roman: úmbwehar

Synonym(s): permanently, indefinitely, incessantly

/ ( か ) - Verb - / \(\alpha\): "bi/ -

Roman: úmbi

Synonym(s): sew, weave, knit

/ ク か さ か M - Noun/Adjective - /ʌ:<sup>™</sup>bɪdɪł/ -

Roman: *úmbidil* Synonym(s): tailor, seamstress

Roman: *úmbur* Synonym(s): be

∫ e - Noun/Adjective - /\(\lambda:\)\<sup>n</sup>d/ -

Roman: *únd* Synonym(s): leg

/とでせか - Noun/Adjective - /ʌ:ndouni/ -

Roman: úndoni

Synonym(s): high, tall, towering, awkward, clumsy, impractical, cliff

// C - Conjunction - /\(\Lambda:\)100/ -

Roman: úro

Variant of núro appearing after  $b,\,d,\,g,\,m,\,or\,n.$  Synonym(s): from which, away from which

//∩□ - Noun/Adjective - /ʌ:ɹhɛ/ -

Roman: úrhe

Synonym(s): breath, life, energy

/ f / C - Verb - / n:ŋgɪou/ -

Roman: úngro

Takes the genitive case for the thing being ridden or sat on. Synonym(s): sit, ride

Roman: úngrodwo

Synonym(s): steed, mount, hired carriage, ride, taxi

/ f / C こ か M - Noun/Adjective - /ʌ:¹gɹoudɪł/ -

Roman: *úngrodil* Synonym(s): horseman, rider

/ fm o y n - Noun/Adjective - /a:¹gleni/ -

Roman: úngleni

Synonym(s): pain, damage, division, discord

/ 介 》 - Noun/Adjective - / A: <sup>ŋ</sup>gi/ -

Roman: úngi

Synonym(s): painful, hurting, damaged, hostile, hateful, divisive

/ f n ≥ □ - Verb - /\(\alpha\):\(\gamma\) in \(\gamma\)

Roman: úngise

Synonym(s): injure, hurt, harm, damage

Roman: úngisedwo

Synonym(s): victim, innocent, victimized

/ U· SO & - Noun/Adjective - /∧:bʌgan/ -

Roman: *úbugan* Synonym(s): bugbear

 $\mathcal{L} \subset \mathcal{L}$  - Noun/Adjective -  $/ \Lambda$ :  $t^h \epsilon^\eta g / -$ 

Roman: úteng Synonym(s): spider

• - Conjunction - /^/ -

Roman: u

Variant of nu appearing after stops and nasals. Synonym(s): who, whom, which, that

· • Ø M - Verb - / \( \sigma^m \) be: \( \frac{1}{2} \) -

Roman: umbél

Synonym(s): know, have mastered, be skilled

 $\cdot \mathcal{O} \cancel{D} \cap \mathbb{D} \cup - \text{Noun/Adjective} - / \Lambda^m b \epsilon \cdot \text{lim/} -$ 

Roman: umbélim

Synonym(s): mastery, knowledge, experience (as in job experience), information, informational, data

 $\cdot \mathcal{O} \cdot \mathcal{O} \cdot \mathcal{O} \cdot \mathcal{O} - \text{Expression} - /\Lambda^{m} b \Lambda^{m} b \Lambda^{m} b / - \mathcal{O} \cdot \mathcal{O} \cdot \mathcal{O} - \mathcal{O} \cdot \mathcal{O} \cdot \mathcal{O} - \mathcal{O} \cdot \mathcal{O} - \mathcal{O} \cdot \mathcal{O} - \mathcal{O} \cdot \mathcal{O} - \mathcal{O} - \mathcal{O} \cdot \mathcal{O} - \mathcal{$ 

Roman: umbumbumb

Hesitation noise; not explicitly a word. Synonym(s): hmmm

・ / グ - Conjunction - / ʌɹou:/ -

Roman: uró

Variant of nuró appearing after b, d, g, m, or n. Synonym(s): to which, toward which

·  $\mathcal{J}$  - Conjunction -  $/\Lambda^{\eta}g/$  -

Roman: ung

Variant of nung appearing after b, d, g, m, or n. Synonym(s): when, where, at which, in which

Roman: ubélmb

Synonym(s): head, display, tree trunk

# e/ WORDS:

 $\mathcal{O} \supset \mathcal{O} \mathcal{U}$  ) - Noun/Adjective - /phwa:ni/ -

Roman: pwáni

Synonym(s): dignity, self-esteem

 $\mathcal{O} \supset \mathcal{A} \mathcal{O} \bigcirc - \text{Verb} - /p^h \text{wou}:^m ba / -$ 

Roman: pwómba

Can refer to kissing on the lips either with or without tongue, though it is more commonly used for kissing with tongue. May also refer to kissing other orifices. For kissing on the skin, use

Synonym(s): kiss on the lips

シグ ン) - Verb - /phwou:bi/ -

Roman: pwóbi

For kissing on the lips or other orifices, especially with tongue, use pwómba.

Synonym(s): kiss on skin (not the lips)

e/ つばい・と - Noun/Adjective - /phwou:band/ -

Roman: pwóbund

Synonym(s): lover, partner, significant other

 $\checkmark$  O - Conjunction -  $/p^ha/$  -

Roman: pa Synonym(s): but

 $\mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective - /phisga:he/ -

Roman: pregáhe

Synonym(s): hilarious, side-splitting

Jがらで - Noun/Adjective - /phr:mou/ -

Roman: pímo Synonym(s): art, opinion

シガルカノ - Noun/Adjective - /phi:mbiz/ -

Roman: pímbir

Synonym(s): handsome, attractive, burly

JNU - Pronoun - /phi:n/-

Roman: pín Synonym(s): I, me

Uがら・い - Noun/Adjective - /phi:fam/ -

Roman: pífum Synonym(s): cotton

 $\mathscr{NO} \ \ \mathbb{N} \ \ \mathsf{UNC} - \mathsf{Noun/Adjective} - \mathsf{p^hi:bin/-}$ 

Roman: píbin

Synonym(s): young man, boy, son, nephew, young (of men and

boys)

⊌ D U Ø / - Expression - /phine:i/ -

#### Roman: pinér

Emphatic pronoun often used to contrast one's own actions with those of another., e.g. "Emb nopa im wublu pa, piner wur." "You like swimming, but I on the other hand don't."

Synonym(s): as for me

⊌かしめか - Noun/Adjective - /phibe:mi/ -

Roman: *pibémi* Synonym(s): grandson

 $\mathscr{O} \mathscr{O} \mathscr{O} \mathscr{U}$  - Noun/Adjective -  $/p^h \epsilon$ : "ban/ -

Roman: *pémban* Synonym(s): weapon

#### Roman: pémban éndlondam

Not in general hobind use.

Synonym(s): weapon of mass destruction

⊌ Ø M⊌ C - Noun/Adjective - /phε:lsou/ -

Roman: pélso

Synonym(s): air, environment, surroundings, ambience, setting

 $\Leftrightarrow \partial \mathcal{O} / - \text{Numeral} - /t^h \text{wg:} \text{i} / -$ 

Roman: *twár* Synonym(s): six

 $\Leftrightarrow \supset \emptyset \cap O$  - Adverb -  $/t^h$ wa:Ia/ -

Roman: twára
Synonym(s): six times

Roman: twárngra Synonym(s): sixty

るう**Ø**クチク**の**チク**O** - Numeral - /tʰwa:ɹʰgɹaʰgɹa/ -

Roman: twárngrangra Synonym(s): six hundred

るつØハノロMピコロ - Numeral - /thwa:.jbelswe/ -

Roman: *twárbelswe* Synonym(s): six million

るうのう Ø / み ) - Numeral - /thwawe:.mi/ -

Roman: twawérmi Synonym(s): six thousand

る Ø J う か / - Noun/Adjective - /tha:bwi』/ -

Roman: tábwir

In Tallfellow one does not solve, break up, or win a tábwir; rather one heals (mórten) or helps (ornó) it, or makes it feel good (deró) or at least okay (sónul). The argument is referred to as though it is a sickness or injury afflicting the parties arguing. Synonym(s): quarrel, fight, argument, disagreement

るのしか - Verb - /tha:bi/ -

Roman: tábi

Synonym(s): fight, argue with, attack

そのしから - Noun/Adjective - /tha:bim/ -

Roman: tábim

Synonym(s): combat, battle, conflict

 $\stackrel{>}{\sim} \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{O}$  - Noun/Adjective -  $/ t^h a$ :bimwa/ -

Roman: tábimwa

Synonym(s): duel, two-person battle, trial by combat

 $\not\in \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{N} \subset \mathcal{N} \cap \mathcal{M}$  - Noun/Adjective -  $/t^ha$ :bidit/ -

Roman: tábidil

Synonym(s): fighter, warrior, soldier

€ O/ Ø - Noun/Adjective - /tha.ou:/-

Roman: taró

Synonym(s): all, every, each

& OU \ O O \ · · · · · Noun/Adjective - /thabia:inhd/-

Roman: *tabrárund* Synonym(s): barbarian

Roman: trágros

Though it literally means "car room", can be used to describe a place to store any type of modern craft. Not in general hobind use.

Synonym(s): garage, hangar

る / だ ノ / で - Verb - /thaou:baou/ -

Roman: tróbro

Synonym(s): share, pool, combine resources, use jointly

る/からで - Noun/Adjective - /th xi:dou/ -

Roman: *trído*Synonym(s): prophet, saint

る/新介でさのと - Noun/Adjective - /thi:goudas/ -

Roman: *trígodas* Synonym(s): tundra

 $\ensuremath{\mathcal{C}}\slash\slas$ 

Roman: trésum

To type at a keyboard such as a typewriter, computer keyboard, etc. Not in common hobind usage.

Synonym(s): type

& / D ⊌ O / - Noun/Adjective - /thieswai/ -

Roman: treswar

Short for ho tresum warel "type name", as the instruction would be if there were any ehobind on computers. Not in hobind usage. Synonym(s): login (on a website, etc.)

るだめしe - Noun/Adjective - /thou:mend/ -

Roman: tómend

Synonym(s): negotiation, diplomacy, discussion, peace talks

るグクカ - Noun/Adjective - /thou:.ii/ -

Roman: *tóri* Synonym(s): man

ರೆ  $\checkmark$   $\checkmark$   $\checkmark$  - Noun/Adjective -  $\checkmark$ t $^h$ ou:. $_$ san/ -

Roman: tórsun

Not in general hobind use. Describes devices that are powered by nuclear fission only; this does not describe fusion devices. Synonym(s): nuclear, radioactive, atomic

るダクとでと - Noun/Adjective - /thou:.idous/ -

Roman: tórdos

Not in common use among hobbits. Synonym(s): radioactive, radioactivity

 $\ensuremath{\mathcal{C}}\xspace \begin{picture}(1,0) \put(0,0){\line(0,0){100}} \put(0,0){\line(0,0){100}$ 

Roman: tórtras

Especially used to describe a nuclear power plant. Not in general

hobind use.

Synonym(s): power plant

るメノでら - Noun/Adjective - /thi:100f/-

Roman: tírof

A more general and scientific term than nóngis, which typically describes a relatively large and aggressive species endemic to the Patchwork. Tirof is more appropriate for pet rats, lab rats, and the

Synonym(s): rat

るがら - Noun/Adjective - /thi:ng/ -

Roman: *tíng* 

Synonym(s): sword, dagger, knife

る Ø / 4 から - Noun/Adjective - /the:.mim/ -

Roman: *térnim* Synonym(s): masculinity

る / の O ℓ - Noun/Adjective - /tha:mban/ -

Roman: *túmban* Synonym(s): fast, quick, swift

& / O & O / - Adverb - /tha: mbathau/ -

Roman: túmbatar

Synonym(s): quickly, swiftly, speedily

る / の ロ / - Noun/Adjective - /tha:mbes/ -

Roman: *túmber* Synonym(s): rabbit

# **Grammar**

# Basics

# The Tallfellow Alphabet

Of the common tongues of the Azalian continent, Tallfellow (known as Mambehoblind in the Tallfellow tongue) is perhaps the easiest for an English speaker to learn and certainly the easiest to pronounce, as it contains no sounds that are not in English. The grammar is not so similar to English, but fairly easy and more intuitive than many other languages found on the continent.

The Tallfellow alphabet is given below. It is given in the order traditionally used by halflings, rather than the order corresponding to the English alphabet. There are 26 letters in the Tallfellow alphabet, as in English, although they do not all have equivalents in the English alphabet and there are letters in the English alphabet that have no English equivalent. Each letter has its own name, which is given first in the Tallfellow script and then in a romanized form.

ড: এর্থ (mó). As M in English Man.

 $\varphi$ : েএস (umbí). As MB in English luMBer. Though this is the same sound as produced by the letter combination ৩.০, it has its own character which is much more frequently used. The B is always pronounced, even when it comes at the end of a word (and this happens very often).

⊃: ⊃Ø (wá). As W in English Well. Cannot end a syllable in Tallfellow.

 $O: O \cup O$  (amá) As the A in fAther. Sometimes pronounced more like the A in cAt when it occurs before L. The stressed version of this letter, O, is called  $O \cup O$  (áma).

 $\psi$ :  $\psi \not =$  (né). As in English maN. This letter followed by eq is pronounced just like eq. When it precedes eq it is pronounced like the NG in soNG, but this doesn't happen much; usually the letter eq is used instead.

ૄ: ાપ્યુટ્રેલ (endó). As ND in eND. More commonly used than the combination પ્ટ.

?: / ^ (úr). As R in American English Run or baR, but often more exaggerated than in English. It is a distinctive sound of Tallfellow as it is unusual on Azalia, especially outside halfling tongues (the trilled "R" is more common - actually true in real life too).

 $\mathfrak{S}$ :  $\mathfrak{S}$  (onó). Similar to the O in gO. Another distinctively Tallfellow sound, this is pronounced with a distinctive twang by many halfling speakers, similar to American South dialects of English. The stressed version,  $\mathfrak{S}$ , is called  $\mathfrak{S}$  (ono).

ರ:  $\mathfrak{I}$  (ingá). As the NG in loNGer. The G is always pronounced clearly, even if this letter comes at the end of a word (and it often does).

 $m: m \not p m$  (lél). Used exactly as L is used in English (including the tendency to not be properly pronounced at the end of a word, as in seLL). Occasionally double m appears. In this case, be sure to pronounce each m separately, the first as LL in seLL and the second as L in Like.

 $\mathfrak{D}: \mathfrak{D} = \mathfrak{D}$  (isí). As the I in sIt, never as in bIte. Sometimes pronounced more like the EE in sEE, especially at the end of a word (for instance, both  $\mathfrak{D}$ 's in this letter's name are pronounced that way). The stressed version of this letter,  $\mathfrak{D}$ , is called  $\mathfrak{D} = \mathfrak{D}$  (isi).

 $5: 5\emptyset$  (fá). As the F in leaF.

eq: eq 
precede (sé). As the SS in English "meSS", never as S in "riSe".

 $\circ$ :  $\circ \lor \emptyset$  (ebé). Always pronounced as E in bEd. The stressed version,  $\emptyset$ , is called  $\emptyset \lor \circ$  (ébe).

 $\mathcal{J}$ :  $\mathcal{J}$ % (bó). As the B in roB.

 $c: c \emptyset$  (dá). As the D in leD.

 $\mathcal{I}: \mathcal{I}/(g\acute{u})$  As the G in baG, never as in aGe.

 $\cdot$ :  $\cdot$   $\stackrel{?}{\cdot}$  (udú) As the U in English fUn. Never pronounced as in flUte. The stressed version,  $\stackrel{?}{\cdot}$ ,

is called ✓ e · (údu).

 $\checkmark$ :  $\checkmark \varnothing \land \land$  (pár). As P in English Pin, never as in English sPin (that is, it is always aspirated). Take care to pronounce it with the appropriate forcefulness even when it is not stressed, as in  $\checkmark \not \sim \lor \bigcirc$  "read".

 $\&: \& \mathscr{O} \cap \text{ (tár)}.$  As T in English Top, never as in English sTop (always aspirated). Take care to pronounce it with the appropriate forcefulness even when it is not stressed, as in  $\& \mathscr{I} \otimes \mathbb{N}$  "sleep".

Stress in a Tallfellow word is unpredictable, just like English (although, also like English, it most frequently falls on the first syllable). You have to memorize the stress pattern for each word, and often it's the difference between two words, just as with the verb and noun versions of English "contract". In the traditional writing system, there are separate letters for each vowel indicating that it should or shouldn't be stressed: OFNO. (Originally, these indicated double vowels, which Tallfellow doesn't have anymore.) However, in modern Tallfellow, these letters are optional except in cases where it's the ony way to tell the difference between two words, such as with the ablative and allative case for most nouns.

### Punctuation

#### Verbs

Verbs in Tallfellow have only ONE form. In English, we would say "I am, you are, she is", using a different word for the same basic meaning depending on the pronoun. However, in Tallfellow, verbs never change. No matter what, the word for "is" or "to be" in Tallfellow is  $\mathscr{L} \circ \cdot \circ$ :

```
プル・・・・ハンでんとでもさかが、"I am Borbondil."

ロル・・・・ハンロ州ノロセ. "You (sg.) are Welben".

シのm・・・ハ・セロル. "She (or he) is Nei." (no gendered pronouns in Tallfellow)

ハ・・・ハンでのプロル. "It is a book."

のハ・・・ハンでのプロル. "It is a book."
```

クロセ・グ・ク ロフ・グ・さ. "Y'all are humans."

ome・ル・ハ o ちゃでんで、"They are heroes."

ロチ・ル・ハ ロハロMAC. "They are leaves."

(Notice there is also no word for "the" or "a", unlike in English.)

Even in various tenses, verbs don't change, but rather a word is added in front of the word, similar to "will" in English, as in "I will do that". However, in Tallfellow this even applies in the past tense.

೦೬೮५ ८೮೫೯೩. "The snow melts."

Oとロタク・タノロからか、"The snow melted."

OとロタンOもノロM与か、"The snow will melt."

This means you never have to learn more than one word for a verb in Tallfellow. Neat!

#### Nouns and Cases

But it was too good to be true, because nouns and adjectives, unlike in English (but similar to many other languages, such as German or Russian) DO have different forms in Tallfellow. In fact, each one has 5 of them, called "cases": the nominative, the genitive, the allative, the ablative, and the locative. These are often used in places where English would use a preposition such as "in", "with", "from", "to", or "of".

Nominative Case: This is the most basic form of the word. The subject and object of the sentence are put in the nominative case. In many languages (including German and Russian) there is a separate accusative case for the object, and the nominative is only for subjects. This is not so in Tallfellow; the nominative case is also used as an accusative case.

Genitive Case: This is like the 's ending in English; for instance, while シヘロ means "breath", シーク means "of breath". It can also be used to describe the tool used to perform an action, i.e. さのひか ようかか would be "to attack with a sword" (lit. to attack of sword).

Locative Case: Tallfellow does not often use a preposition such as "in, at, on", etc. Instead, the locative is used, which represents general proximity to a place or object. If it is necessary to specific the exact location, a noun for "top", "bottom", "right," "surface", "inside" etc. is used with the genitive, just like English "inside of the house", "top of the table", etc. If it's clear from context though, often only the locative is used. So  $\mathcal{OOS} \mathcal{N} \mathcal{Q} \cdot \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{OS} \mathcal{A} \mathcal{OOS} \mathcal{OS} \mathcalOS \mathcal{OS} \mathcal{OS}$ 

Allative and Ablative Case: The allative is used for motion TOWARD a place or object, the ablative for motion AWAY FROM a place or object.  $oldsymbol{\dots} m \cdot \ensuremath{\dots} \psi = 0$  is "from the river". Usually, the allative and ablative are distinguished only by stress.

#### Pronouns

#### Plurals

Nouns also have plural forms in Tallfellow, but fortunately this doesn't require memorizing 5 new versions of each case. Instead, plurals are marked by the prefix  $\emptyset$ -, or if the word begins with a vowel,  $\emptyset$ ?-. With the exception of most allative and ablative forms (which have stress in the usual place, except for irregular forms where the difference between the forms is something other than stress), the stress is always on this new prefix, though there may be a milder stress in the usual location for a longer word.

Examples: ノダmテロ "book" Øノでmテロ (E-bolng-gehm) "books"

Ømuc "leaf" Øromuc "leaves"

Smオレ "city" ØSmカレ "cities"

# Questions

Yes-or-no questions are begun with the question marker  $eq \mathbb{C}$ . If the next word begins with a vowel, a eq is added at the beginning after  $eq \mathbb{C}$ .

Examples: ヒマンログンのも Jでmの? "Will you pay?"

⊌で ⊌のm・ル・ハンではハカ? "Is (s)he a wizard?"

More complicated questions begin with other question words, such as  $\Leftrightarrow > \emptyset \land$  "what",  $\Leftrightarrow > \not \sim \land$  "where",  $\Leftrightarrow > \not \sim \land$  "when", etc. The question word always goes at the beginning, even if it's the

object of the sentence. All question words begin with  $\leq$ , and most with  $\leq$ .

# Negatives

Negatives are generally placed at the very END of a sentence. The word for "no" or "not" in Tallfellow is  $> \cdot \wedge$ .

Examples: ヒマンログンクセ いでmの ン・ハ? "Will you not pay?"

シカセ・ル・ハ シカ州ノでハミカ州 フ・ハ! "I am not a burglar!"

せで フロル・ル・ハ ちゃでゅで フ・ハ? "Aren't you a hero?"

In more complicated sentences that have multiple verbs, negatives and other things like them may appear in front of the next verb in the sentence rather than the actual end. More on this later, but an example of this usage is  $\sqrt{3}\sqrt{4}\sqrt{2}$   $\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2}$   $\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2}$  "I do not like to swim".

# Adjectives

Adjectives have their own conjugation patterns, which in general are simpler than those of nouns. They also do not conjugate for number, similar to in English. However, they take all the same cases that nouns can take. Adjectives in Tallfellow always follow the noun, rather than preceding it as in English.

Examples: つでまへか "wizard", つでまへかつ・少で "great wizard", つつでまへかつ・少で "great wizards".

#### Adverbs

Adverbs have only one form each. They go at the very end of the sentence, like negatives, and are easy to use. One can often turn an adjective into an adverb by adding  $- \cap O \cap$  to the end (which doesn't change the stress). If it ends with a e, e, o, or o, one instead changes the  $e \cap e$  to e, or  $o \cap e$  to  $o \cap e$ .

Examples: ン/ 少で "large", ン/ 少でへの / "greatly"

ちノハさ "foolish"、 ちノハるのハ "foolishly"

ンダグ "wise", ンダシ〇ハ "wisely"

# Conjunctions

#### Demonstrative Suffixes

There is no explicit Tallfellow word that has the meaning of English "this" or "that". Instead, there are two demonstrative suffixes -o? and -v.o. -o? is called the proximal demonstrative suffix, and is used to add the meaning of "this" to a noun, while -v.o. is called the distal demonstrative suffix, and adds the meaning of "that" to a noun. Generally, -o? is used to refer to things nearby or just mentioned, while -v.o. is used to refer to things further away or already well established. (Note that this differs slightly from English usage, in that hobind speakers will often reply to statements with the equivalent of "This is good" rather than "That's good", for example.)

Rather than having some separate pronoun for "this" and "that" in their non-adjectival form, Tallfellow piggybacks off the normal third person pronouns. Thus  $\mathcal{I}/\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}$  and  $\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}$  both mean "this", where the former is used for inanimate things that could be referred to with  $\mathcal{I}/\mathcal{O}$  and the latter is used for animate things that could be referred to with  $\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}$ . Similarly,  $\mathcal{I}/\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}$  and  $\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}$  both can be translated as "that".

#### Word Order

Modifiers are usually placed directly after the word they modify. Adjectives modify nouns, and adverbs modify verbs (but go at the end of the sentence). Locatives, allatives and ablatives usually modify verbs as well, and thus go at the end, although sometimes they can instead modify nouns, which creates an effect similar to a relative clause in English. Genitives usually modify nouns, but sometimes can modify verbs instead, in which case they go IMMEDIATELY after the verb, not at the end of the sentence. (This will all be covered in more detail later, don't worry!)

The usual order for verbal modifiers is locatives first, then ablatives, then allatives. Strictly speaking, this is not a hard and fast rule, and if the ablative or allative is very important you may see it

The big exception to this rule of thumb is particles, which always go IN FRONT of the verb.

# Verbs and Particles

## Introduction to Particles

"Particles" are things that go in front of the verb in Tallfellow to modify it (unlike adverbs, which also modify the verb, but which go at the very end of the sentence). Particles generally change very fundamental things about what the verb means, for instance putting it in the past or future tense, making it connect to other verbs, or saying something about the type of action involved. In this chapter we'll go over the most common types of particles and explain how they work.

Some adverbs modify the verb in important ways similar to particles, such as  $m \sigma$  and  $v \not p m = O r$ . We will also take a look at these at the end of the chapter.

# Tense Particles

The most commonly used particles are  $\nearrow \cdot \circ$  and  $\nearrow \circ \circ$ , which signify the past tense and the future tense, respectively. Tenses in Tallfellow are quite general, and you can use  $\nearrow \circ \circ$  to mean "will", "shall", or "going to", while  $\nearrow \cdot \circ$  can mean "did (do)", "has (done)", or "used to (do)".

If you want to specify more clearly than that, you generally need to use adverbs in combination with the tense particles.  $\c O / \c O$ 

๔ฦ๕ๅ๐๕๓๐๘ฦ ๔๐๐๙๐๘๐๐๙ "I will definitely come!"

O/ つのも Jで/で Jom/でへの/ つ・/~ "We probably will not die."

๔ ภ ๔ ภ . ๛ ๙ ๓ ๙ ๓ ๓ ๓ ๓ ๓ พ . ๛ "I have killed the dragon." (lit. I killed the dragon now)

wom ハ・・・・・・・・へ へで m・・ゅっつ e で e カ m カナ・・・・・ "She used to be an adventurer." (lit. She was an adventurer at that time)

## De and Continuous Actions

Just like English, Tallfellow makes a distinction between an action that is simply performed and an action that is ongoing. This is accomplished with the particle  $\stackrel{?}{\circ} \mathcal{O}$ , which precedes both the verb and any tense particle  $(\stackrel{?}{\circ} \mathcal{O}_{\Psi} \text{ or } \stackrel{?}{\circ} \cdot \mathcal{O}_{\Psi})$  that is already there, in addition to the obligation particle  $\stackrel{?}{\circ} \mathcal{O}_{\Psi}$ . In terms of its meaning, it is nearly identical to the -ing ending in English; so while  $\stackrel{!}{\circ} \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}}$  translates to "eat",  $\stackrel{?}{\circ} \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}} \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}}$  translates to "eating".

๔๖๔୯๒๐๖ เราะ "I am eating now."

O/ さロ >O4 &OU > といろのの m m がく> ロットシャ "We will be fighting the dragon tomorrow."

とOm さつ ハ・ゅう・ノm・ ノm・セ・グ ノロとうから・グッ "She was swimming in the river yesterday."

In Tallfellow this is ONLY used to describe things that are really happening right now. You wouldn't ever use  $\stackrel{?}{\circ} \bigcirc$  to translate an English sentence like "I'm reading a great book about wizards" if you weren't nose deep in it right now. Instead, you just use the simple present - literally, "I read a great book about wizards". This sounds odd in English, but it's more natural to hobind speakers.

๔๓๒๔๔๔๔๔๔๔๓๓๒๓ a great book about wizards" (off and on, but not right this moment)

๔๖ ๔๖ ๔๖ ๔๓๔๖ ๔๓๓๘ a great book about wizards" (it's literally in front of me right now)

ปทย ปก๐ว เพื่อปอกติกาย "I speak Tallfellow."

シカセ ノハロラで つでへで、"I know magic."

ปาน 20 ปา0ว ( ) เกา "I am using magic."

# Bren and Obligation

 $\mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \mathcal{Q}$  goes in front of all the other types of particles except for the continuous particle  $\mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{O}$  (but  $\mathcal{O} \cap \mathcal{O} \mathcal{Q}$  is not often used with  $\mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{O}$ ).

# Mon and Passive Voice

In order to put a sentence in passive voice, one can use sole, which also means "to feel, to be touched". sole always immediately precedes the verb, and comes after even the tense particles and particles like sole and sole.

When it follows ત્રેબ, બલ્પ combines with the preceding particle to become ત્રેબલ્પ, putting the verb in a passive infinitive form.

# Capability with Le and Wurle

To describe ability to perform a task, use the particle  $m \circ D$ . Actually,  $m \circ D$  is grammatically an adverb and follows the rules that adverbs follow, but it is similar to particles in what it is used for and in not really having any stress of its own when spoken.

Like English, Tallfellow has a special construction for saying that you CANNOT do something. In this case, you should use  $2 \cdot \rho m \emptyset$ , where there now is a stress on the capability particle  $m \emptyset$  as part of this construction.

# Bélsar and Srásar

Order of Particles and Special Adverbs

There is a specific order that should be followed when combining the various particles and adverbs in a sentence. In light of this, the full Tallfellow word order is: (with optional elements in parentheses)

SUBJECT-(ADJECTIVES)-(POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVES/GENITIVE NOUNS)-( ${}^{\circ}$ CO)-( ${}^{\circ}$ CO)-(ADJECTIVES)-(POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVES/GENITIVE NOUNS)-(LOCATIVE NOUNS)-(ABLATIVE NOUNS)-(ALLATIVE NOUNS)-(ADVERBS)-( ${}^{\circ}$ CO)-( ${}^{\circ}$ CO)-

Of course, a sentence may still be more complicated than this if e.g. it has multiple verbs or other subclauses, but it should be enough to give one the general idea of Tallfellow sentence structure.

## The Locative Case

Introduction to Locatives

Noun Locatives

To form the locative, for a word that ends in a vowel, add -rumb to the end of the word, and if it ends in a consonant, add -umb.

Examples: bolngem "book", bolngemumb "near the book"; elmo "leaf", elmorumb "near the leaf".

Adjective Locatives

All adjectives form the locative case by adding -ung if the word ends with a consonant, or -rung if it ends with a vowel. The only exception are several possessives such as "my", which must be memorized (but usually involve adding just -ng).

Examples: wumbo "tall", wumborung "at a tall..."; horm "stout", hormung "at a stout..."

Irregular Locatives: bling "at my", leng "at your", sulng "at his/her/their", gulng "at its", lang
"at our", lerng "at your (pl.)", sleng "at their (animate pl.)", gulng "at their (inanimate pl.)"

Position with Locatives

Time with Locatives

Accompaniment with Locatives

Possession with Locatives

Irregular Locatives

Common location nouns have unique, irregular forms for the locative which must be

memorized. They are typically shortened compared to what the expected form might be.

Irregular locatives: ba "top" bamb "on top"; gro "bottom" gromb "on the bottom"; we "front" wemb "in front"; su "back" sumb "behind"; mir "center" mib "in between, in the center"; i "inside" im "on the inside"; ol "outside" orb "on the outside"; fer "surface" ferb "on the surface"; bri "left" brimb "on the left"; gle "right" glemb "on the right"; rabe "north" rabemb "in the north"; bolgu "south" bolgumb "in the south"; lewa "east, sunrise" lewamb "in the east, in the morning"; welben "west, sunset" welbend "in the west, in the evening"; bomi "hand" bomb "in the hand".

Other locative forms are formed in the regular way, except those directly derived from locatives on this list; thus rablewa "northeast", rablewamb "in the northeast". For compounds like this, this only applies to cases in which the irregular locative ends the compound. Thus lewand "Qaelian person", lewandumb "with the Qaelian person".

## Pronunciation Variants

In casual speech, the locative ending -mb is often modified if a consonant comes directly after it. Although it is always written the same way, if followed by a D, T or S, it is pronounced as -n; if followed by a B, F, or P, it is pronounced -m; and if followed by a G, it is pronounced like the N in -ng. (The same is true of the -nd ending for "welbend".)

# The Ablative and Allative Cases

## Introduction to Latives

# Forming Latives

To form either ending, add -o to the end of a noun ending in a consonant, and -ro to one ending in a vowel.

Examples: bolngem "book", bolngemo "to the book/from the book" (bolng-em-O "to the book", bolng-EM-o "from the book"); elmo "leaf", elmoro "to the leaf/from the leaf" (el-mo-RO "to the leaf", el-MO-ro "from the leaf").

These are distinguished by accent marks, or sometimes purely by context, in writing. However, the standard practice is to include the accent mark. If both appear, the ablative typically comes first (as in English, though in Tallfellow there are fewer exceptions to this rule of thumb).

Example: babandélo blunó "from the waterfall to the river", blúno babandélo "from the river to the waterfall".

Latives of Direction

Latives of Elapsed Time

Dative Uses

Ablative of Agent

In a passive sentence, if you need to describe who performed the action (the agent), the correct case to use is the ablative, not (as you might have expected) the genitive. The genitive describes the method by which the action was taken; however, the ablative describes its origin, which can include the actor who performs it.

Pin rum mon tabi tring wumbúndo. "I was attacked by a human with a sword."

One may also use the preposition iro.

Irregular Latives

Once again, there is an assortment of irregular forms for common locations, and some are actually different in the allative and ablative. They are listed below.

Irregular allatives and ablatives: ba "top" baro "to the top" balo "from the top"; gro "bottom" goro "to/from the bottom"; we "front" wero "to the front" welo "from the front"; su "back" suro "to the back" swo "from the back"; mir "center" miro "to the center" mil "from the center"; i "inside" imo "to the inside" iro "from the inside"; ol "outside" olo "to/from the outside"; fer "surface" fero "to the surface" fel "from the surface"; bri "left" biro "to/from the left"; gle "right" gelo "to/from the right"; rabe "north" rabo "to/from the north"; bolgu "south" bolgo "to/from the south"; lewa "east, sunrise" lewo "to/from the east, until/since the morning"; welben "west, sunset" welbo "to/from the west, until/since the evening"; bomi "hand" bomo "to/from the hand".

Other allative and ablative forms are formed in the regular way, except those formed as compounds of irregular latives in which the irregular noun is located at the end of the compound; so bolgwelben "southwest", bolgwelbo "to/from the southwest", but welbend "Mandelenian person", welbendo "to/from the Mandelenian person".

# The Genitive Case

Simple Genitives

If the letter before the final vowel in the noun is a B, D, F, G, or S, add an L just before the

final vowel.

Examples: andem "snow", andlem "of snow"; ubelmb "head", ublelmb "of the head"; glolfi "fire", glolfli "of fire"; bolngem "book", bolnglem "of a book"; barsun "woman", barslun "of the woman".

# H, R, and W Genitives

If the letter before the final vowel is an H, R, or W, replace that letter with an L. Examples: woho "magic", wolo "of magic"; tori "man", toli "of a man"; gelwen "forest", gellen "of the forest". (In this last example, and all other words with double L, be sure to pronounce the first "l" the same way you would with the W there - it's GEL-len, not GEH-len.)

If the letter before the R or W was a T or a P (H never follows T or P), change T to D and P to B.

Examples: wotri "wizard", wodli "of the wizard"; gapwo "mouth", gablo "of a mouth". If the letter before the R, W, or H was an M, replace it with BL, and if it was an N, replace it with DL.

## M and N Genitives

If the letter before the final vowel is an M or N, add an R just before the final vowel. Examples: elmo "leaf", elmro "of the leaf"; frono "hero", fronro "of a hero". After doing this, if an S immediately precedes the M or N, delete the M or N. Examples: smalng "dragon", sralng "of the dragon"; barsnim "femininity", barsrim "of femininity".

#### T and P Genitives

If the letter before the final vowel is a T or a P, add a W just before the final vowel. Examples: etor "voice", etwor "of the voice"; fupi "slingshot", fupwi "of a slingshot".

#### L Genitives

Finally, if the letter before the final vowel is an L, add "-il" to the end of the word. Example: glib "city", glibil "of the city".

All adjectives form the genitive case with the addition of -il at the end of the word if it ends with a consonant, and -lil if it ends with a vowel.

Examples: wumbo "tall", wumbolil "of a tall..."; horm "stout", hormil "of a stout..."

Genitives of Possession

Genitives of Instrument

Genitives of Topic

Genitives of Duration

Genitives of Location

Possessive Pronouns

# Multi-Verb Sentences

Multi-Verb Structure
Comparing Quantities
Indirect Questions
My Master Always Told Me...

# Relative Clauses

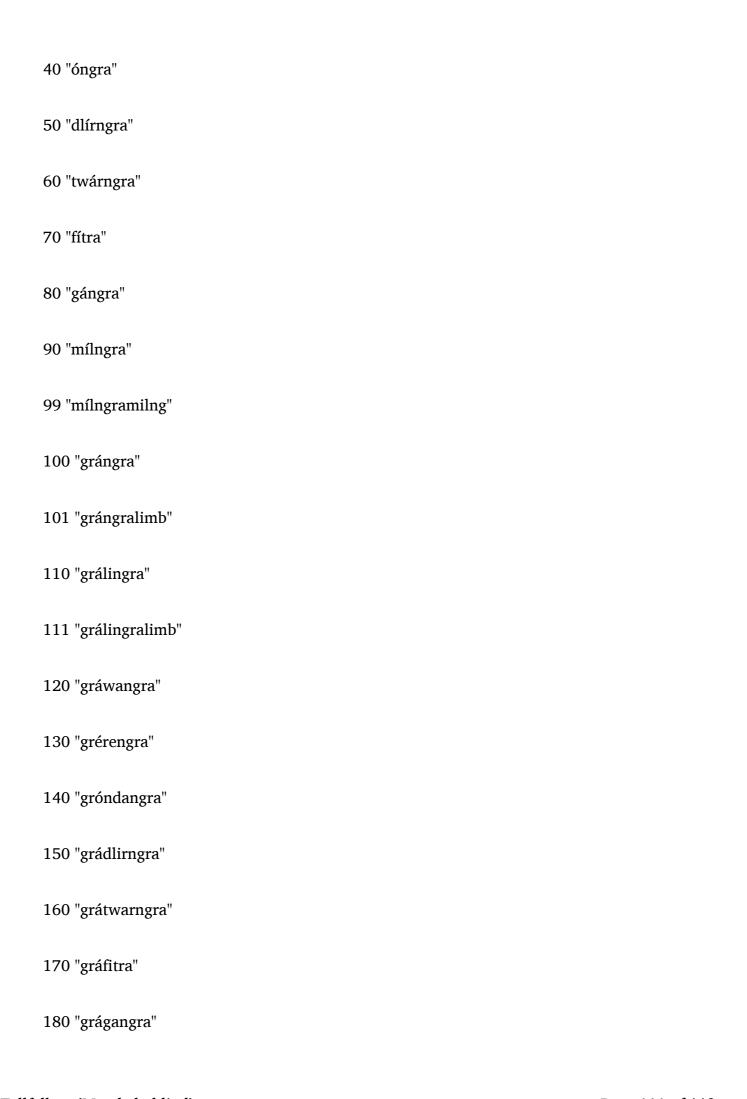
Introduction to Relative Clauses
Nominative Clauses
Genitive Clauses
Lative Clauses
Time Clauses

# Numerals

Cardinal Numerals
0 "élbwimb"

- 1 "líba"
- 2 "werá"
- 3 "érend"
- 4 "ondá"
- 5 "dlir"

6 "twar"
7 "fíti"
8 "surgá"
9 "mílgin"
10 "nengrá"
11 "grálimb"
12 "gráwa"
13 "grérend"
14 "grónda"
15 "grádlir"
16 "grátwar"
17 "gráfind"
18 "grága"
19 "grámilng"
20 "rángra"
21 "rángralimb"
22 "rángrawa"
30 "erngra"





```
6000 "twawérmi"
7000 "fitwérmi"
8000 "gawérmi"
9000 "millérmi"
10000 "grawérmi"
100,000 "grangrawérmi"
1,000,000 "bélswe"
2,000,000 "rábelswe"
3,000,000 "érmbelswe"
4,000,000 "ómbelswe"
etc.
Ordinal Numerals
Durations and Distances
Telling Time
```

# Odds and Ends

Hobind Time

Agentives and Patientives

You can make an agentive - a "doer" noun - by taking a verb and adding -dil to the end of it. There might be some irregularities that I will think of later. The stress remains in the same place that it was before adding the -dil.

Examples: borbon "to bake" borbondil "baker" bilbor "to steal" bilbordil "burglar", etc.

While the accusative case has fallen out of Tallfellow in nearly all case, it is still used to turn

agentives into patientives (which I don't know if that's a real thing, but I mean the opposite of an agentive, whatever "trainee" is as opposed to "trainer"). Thus, a -dwo ending, as opposed to -dil (originally from dilwund "worker (accusative case)") can indicate a patientive.

#### Substantives

Adjectives can also be found asking as substantives, in which they behave more like nouns. A substantive adjective conjugates as though it were a noun, not an adjective, and follows all the rules given for nouns above, including formation of plurals. (Note that in several cases, the forms are the same either way.)

Examples: wumbo "the tall one", wumblo "of the tall one", wumborumb "at the tall one", wumboro "to/from the tall one"; horm "the stout one", lorm "of the stout one", hormumb "at the stout one", hormro "to/from the stout one"

#### Verbal Nouns

There are two main types of verbal nouns in Tallfellow, apart from the infinitive. One type is formed from the infinitive marker  $\mathfrak{P}$ , and describes a general type of activity, abstract concept, or experience; the other type is formed from the verb  $\mathfrak{P}$ , and describes a SPECIFIC activity or event related to the verb. These forms may be irregular and ultimately must be memorized, but in most cases one forms the first type by adding the suffix  $\mathfrak{P}$  or  $\mathfrak{P}$  to a verb, possibly deleting final vowels or making other modificiations; the second type is formed similarly, except one usually adds  $\mathfrak{P}$  or  $\mathfrak{P}$ .

For example, "to run" is  $\nearrow \emptyset \cap \emptyset$ . The act of running, or running as an activity, is  $\nearrow \emptyset \cap \mathbb{N} \cup A$ . SPECIFIC instance of running is instead covered by  $\nearrow \emptyset \cap \mathbb{N} \cap A$ , which can also mean a race. So you would say:

クロへかめ・ル・ク クでゅう・ルでへのクッ "Running is really nice."

๔ ว๐๔ ๐๐๐ ๐๐๓ ๑๐๓๓ "I'm going to run in the race tomorrow."

# Nouns as Adjectives

Nouns can be used as adjectives. In order to be used as an adjective, the noun is conjugated exactly as if it were an adjective.

Even irregular nouns are not irregular in their derived adjective form - all substantives and derived adjectives are perfectly regular.

Examples: ba "top/upper", balil "of the upper...", barung "at the upper...", baro "to/from the

upper..."; welben "west/western", welbenil "of the western..." welbenung "at the western...", welbenro "to/from the western..."

# Colors

Halflings have more words for different shades of green and brown than some of the other races, and fewer words for lurid colors like purple, orange, etc.

Color: dílmbe

Aquamarine: résnel

Black: rópa

Blue: nóri

Beige: dípond

Brown: gímbel

Brown, dark: gípra

Brown, light: élpim

Green: bur

Green, dark: gúlmbe

Green, light: marf

Orange: sátewumb

Purple: nórdwumb

Red: déwumb

White: swífi

Yellow: sáte

## List of Derived Forms

The following strategies are still productive in the Tallfellow language to create new words out of existing ones. Others have existed in Tallfellow's history, for instance, the wi- prefix for creating verbs from other word types in Hobbitzin, which is responsible for words such as widofo, wirunge, wiglors, etc. Some of these are more regular than others; for instance - im is often corrupted in some way by the ending of the verb to which it is attached.

Noun, person/thing who does (agentive): -dil (from dilund)

Noun, person/thing that has verb done to it: -dwo (from dilwund)

Noun, general concept of performing verb action (also used for a participle adjective): -im (from im)

Noun, specific instance of verb action: -wir (from wiri)

Noun, the result of performing a verb action or thing created by it: -(n)ul (from nul)

Noun, diminutive form of another noun: -émi (from emi)

Noun, negated form of another noun: -go (from Hobbitzin ky)

Noun, general class represented by another root as in English -ness, -itude: -leni (sometimes -mend) (from Hobbitzin classifiers, i + len/met)

Noun, group of multiple copies of another noun: -(lb)wa (from libwar)

Noun, place where verb action is performed or noun is made use of: ba(m/n)(g)- (from bagin)

Adjective, having received verb action: mo(n)- (from mon)

Adjective, currently receiving verb action: dem- (from de mon)

Adjective, likely to perform/receive or otherwise related to verb action: -(u)r (from Hobbitzin ru)

Adjective, negated form of another adjective: -go (from Hobbitzin ky)

Adjective, pertaining to or related to a noun: (usually the same as the noun)

Adjective, resembling a noun: -(mb)an (from namban)

Adjective, smelling or tasting like a noun: -(s/t/p)ri (from Hobbitzin er hipiu)

Verb, to make into (noun or adjective), to compel/force to (verb): al(f)- (from Hobbitzin aewpi)

Verb, to use (noun) in preparing/creating (often cooking-related): -lóm (from Hobbitzin ly

wirawmah)

Verb, to behave like (noun): hi(r)- (from Hobbitzin hie)

Verb, to do (verb) again or returning to the original state: ra(nd)- (from rando)

Verb, to do something that appears like (verb) but is not: hi(r)- (from Hobbitzin hie)

Verb, to eat or go about one's day in a manner characterized by the adjective: -

(m/mb/nd/ng)o (from mawu)

Adverb, done in manner described by adjective: -har (from Hobbitzin hai)

Adverb, at the time/place described by noun: (locative case)

Adverb, from/after the time/place described by noun: (ablative case)

Adverb, toward/until the time/place described by noun: (allative case)

# Metaphors

## Introduction

Metaphors in Tallfellow are quite similar to those in English, but there are a few regions where English-speaker intuition is not very helpful when understanding the way that Tallfellow speakers think about the world. Following the same basic format as in "Metaphors We Live By", some of the more unfamiliar halfling metaphors are given below, with (eventually) some examples of how these are used in practice.

#### Time is Food

Halflings tend to use similar language when describing food and time, quite unlike in English. Most obviously, time is traditionally measured in terms of meals in halfling society, i.e. mədəəə "tomorrow" or "breakfast". But the metaphor can go much further than that, relating periods of time to meals, preparation and planning to cooking and baking, the taste of food to the satisfaction or enjoyment of a period of time, being tired with being full, etc.

### Control is Down

While halflings generally apply the same "up is good" metaphor used by English speakers, they diverge on the subject of control, power (except physical strength), and the like. Halflings are used to using their small size and agility to get the better of larger folk, and as a result, the direction down is related to having control or power in a situation. This is the fundamental reason that  $\emptyset$  "small" can also mean "clever", because a small creature has access to clever tactics utilizing its size. Similarly, language used in English relating power to up/down directions (overpower, underwhelming, upper hand, on top, etc.) tends to be reversed in Tallfellow.

# Cooperation is Health

In English one talks about 'winning" arguments, attacking other people's positions, etc., but hobind culture tends to focus less on the victor of a particular discussion and more on whether or not the underlying problem is remedied and everyone can kiss and make up, so to speak. As a result, rather than using war-related metaphors, halflings tend to use metaphors related to illness when discussing verbal arguments. This is not to say that no war-related metaphors are ever used - for instance, & OOO can also mean "to argue with" - but it is more common to speak of "curing" disagreements, resentful ehobind being "sick", and the like.

In general, hobind culture tends to relate social togetherness, cooperation, and friendship with physical health in a way that is not done in English. Often, these are accomplished by simply using %% com instead of %% with language more typically used for physical ailments. So one may say & new common socially used for physical ailments. So one may say & new common socially, and which come socially used for physical ailments. So one may say & new common socially, and which come socially. One may use find a social group and for losing favor with a social group and for some mean to ostracize someone socially. And so on...

## Conversation is Work

Hobind culture tends to use similar language for chatting or conversing as it does for working on a project. Thus, one thinks about making progress on, accomplishing, etc. conversations. The verb  $\mathcal{AOP}$  can be used to describe either working at one's job or having a discussion.

# Fat is Strong, Thin is Weak

Halflings are at their healthiest when they are quite fat, and biologically will continue to function well at very high levels of obesity (if it can be called such for a halfling). As a result, being fat has only positive connotations in hobind society, and thinness is either neutral or associated with sickness, frailty, and poor health. Calling someone "fat" is not an insult in halfling culture, but calling someone "thin" can be, especially if one uses the word  $\emptyset M \emptyset N$  which has more negative connotations.

